

APPROBATION.

BY Order of the Lord Chancellor, I have perused a Manuscript, intitled, The HISTORY of Prince TITI; and do not find any Thing therein to prevent its being printed. Paris, Nov. 25. 1735.

DE BEAUCHAMPS.

PARIS:

Printed (with the King's Approbation and Royal Privilege) for the Widow PISSOT, at the Golden Cross, on Conti's-Quay, 1736.





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Histoire du Prince TITI, A. R.

HISTORY

Prince TITI,

Royal Allegory.

Translated by a LADY.

Qui CAPIT Ille FACIT.



LONDON:
Printed for E. Curll, at Pope's Head, in
Rose-Street, Covent-Garden, 1736. Pr. 38.





PREFACE.

AS this Performance to appear without a Preface, it would scarce carry with it the Air of a Book. We must therefore needs write one: But what are we to say? Shall we animadvert to the Reader, that he will find in it as much Pleasure as Profit? He will believe nothing at all of the Matter, either on the Bookseller's, or on the Author's Word. Shall we, contrariwise, make our Excuse, that the Work answers not our ardent Desire to please the Public, and ask Pardon before-A 3

PREFACE.

before-hand for the Disgust it may chance to give our Readers? No; the Public ought always to thank every Author, who is willing to oblige and entertain them, even when he has not succeeded in his Attempt: And if a Book proves disagreeable, the Readers should be angry only with themselves. Why do they read it? A Book unread gives no Distaste. One Thing indeed is true: which is, the shorter a Preface is, the better; and, for that very Reason, ours shall be no longer.





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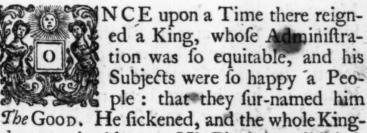
HISTORY

OF

Prince TITI.

воок 1.

Containing this Prince's Life, from his Birth to the War declared against the King of Forteserre.



dom was in Alarm. His Physicians did their utmost; but notwithstanding he had the ablest

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in his Realm, yet they could not effect his Cure: So this good King died. He had but one Son, then twenty-three Years old, which Prince's Name was GINGUET. His Father would very gladly have difinherited him; for GINGUET was haughty, intractable and covetous: But that Country's Laws made the Crown Hereditary, and no Will or Testament could cause any Alteration: So GINGUET rightfully and legally ascended the Throne on his Father's Demise.

Soon after his Accession, he dispatched away Embassies to every Court, to notify the Loss he had sustained, together with the Benefit accruing to him therefrom. He withal gave his Ambaffadors express Orders studiously to observe all the Princesses they got Sight of, and to inform him of their Features, Make, &c. but especially of their Dispositions. He received fundry Informations; nay, even Pictures in Miniature of fome Princesses wonderfully pretty: But Beauty made not on him any Impression. He would have one of a Character fuiting him; and, from among all the Princeffes, of whom his Ambassadors wrote him Accounts, he made Choice of TRIPASSE, by Reason of her having been remarked for fo good a Manager, that she made up but one Suit of Cloaths in a Year, and even that one she would get so neatly refurbished, that S

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that it would fometimes last her eighteen Months, nay, full two Years: That she foun marvelloufly well; and, when she had amassed a large Quantity of Thread, she made a Lottery of it, and the Nobility and Gentry, of both Sexes, to please her, very readily bought up her Tickets; esteeming themselves honoured if they could wear Shirts and Shifts of her Highness's Spinning. The Produce of this Lottery brought her in a very confiderable Revenue, fince every Pound of Thread was, this Way, worth to her four thousand Florins; which Profit occasioned Princess TRIPASSE to take fuch extreme Delight in this industrious Employment, that she would, all the Summer long, rife to it at Break of Day; and, during Winter, would fpin in her Bed, in order to be warm at her Work without having a fuperfluous Fire lighted. It was moreover added, that she was Miftress of infinite Wit, was well versed in all the Sciences, because, while she was spinning, fome female Attendant constantly read to her out of a good Book; and this with fuch Severity, that she drove three Gentlewomen into a Confumption purely by Dint of keeping them too close to their Reading.

GINGUET, charmed with her Character, fent away an Ambassador Extraordinary to demand her in Marriage, and his Negociation had the desired Success; this Prin-

cess left the King her Father's Court, with Coffers full of Gold and Silver, which Treasure was her own Hoard; a Portmanteau, contained was all her wearing Apparel, her Distass, and a Cat which she greatly loved. All the Courtiers were glad of her Departure, and the Trades-Folk still abundantly more so, by Reason that the Example she set others was to them highly prejudicial. In short, none regretted her, yet all told her, they rejoiced to see her going to

become a great Queen.

The Nuptial Solemnities were not long retarded after her Arrival at GINGUET's Pa-No fooner was she made a Bride. than she so strenuously applied herself to gain the Ascendant over the Heart of her Royal Confort, that presently King GINGUET saw nothing at all with any other Eyes but those of Queen TRIPASSE. That Avarice, which was in both alike predominant, instantly made appear there was between them a very great Sympathy. Besides TRI-PASSE, tho' she had far greater Abilities than his Majesty, came not a Whit short of him in Pride and Vanity, only she had the Address to conceal her Projects much more artfully: This was the Service she reaped from her great Stock of Wit.

Nine Months after her Nuptials she was delivered of a Prince, who was named TITI, on account of his pretty Looks. He

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was perpetually smiling or cooing, and was withal so mild and quiet, that he never cried, nay did not so much as whimper; so fond and loving, that he would be stretching out his little Arms to every Body. His Birth occasioned much Joy, but particularly to those who were near this young Prince, because, Infant as he was, they discovered in his Phisiognomy a thousand Tokens which prognosticated to him a large Share of suture Felicity.

His Birth, however, made their Majeflies apprehensive of a too great Fruitfulness of Invention, they finding that he had been full early in coming. The Queen had several other Children; but they all died in their

Non-age, except her last Son.

Mean While TITI increased in Wit and Prettiness. They gave him a Sort of Preceptor, who was also called his Governor: This was done to save the Expence of appointing him one in due Form. They caused Masters, from the City, to attend occasionally, and teach him what went beyond the Capacity of this pretended Governor. All this cost little, by Reason that they had Hopes given them of suture Preferment, which put her Majesty to no Charge. This highly pleased TITI'S Masters. It must likewise be owned, that, if they reaped no very great Profit, they yet had very

much Honour, and but little Trouble; it fufficed if they only fet this amiable Prince in the Road, his excellent Genius naturally made him act as became him. His Comprenhension was so deep, that it generally anticipated his Masters in what they wanted he should learn: And with all this, he had fuch a fweet Temper, was fo docile, and fo perfectly attentive, that he would liften to whatever was faid to him, even fuch Things as he had not the least Occasion to be instructed in, thro' Fear, lest if he shewed that he knew them already, he might err, or rob his Tutors of the Satisfaction of believing, that he was indebted to them for the great Progress he made.

When he was farther advanced in Years, he succeeded full as well in all his other more robust Exercises: But when, for his Health and on other Considerations, they obliged him to go a Hunting, he scarcely took Pleasure in the Recreation, except barely that of Riding; and some little in remarking what Stratagems the irrational Animals used: He had none at all in seeing them killed, and saved as many of them as he could; so great a Repugnance had he to divert himself with the Harm of any Creature whatever.

He had completed his eighteenth Year, but his Family, as yet, confifted only of his pretended Governor, a Page, a Valet de Chambre, and two Lacquies from

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his Majesty's own Band of Footmen. to Money, he had, in a Manner, as little Knowledge, even of his own Country Coin, as others have of Medals: Neither the King nor the Queen would fuffer him to have the fingering of a Penny, by Reason they had remarked him to be good-natured, compaffionate and liberal, never laying up what little had been given to him. He ought nevertheless to have enjoyed the Income of fuch Lands as were his own proper Appenage, which, as presumptive Heir to the Crown, would have daily brought him in at least 20,000 Pennies: But neither his Father nor Mother would confent that he should have any Houshold, themselves receiving his Revenue, and did therewith confiderably swell their Hoards. Prince TITI did not hereat express the least Chagrin or Discontent, but was seen always laughing, and appeared very well fatisfied. This Tranquillity of TITI's was not, by the King and Queen, interpreted as the Effect of his Submission to their Pleasure, but they took it for a Proof of his Contempt of Money: And what irritated them the more against him was, that they looked on this Difinterestedness of his as a tacit Reproach to their own Avarice, and as a Prefage of his quandering away their Wealth, when themelves should be no more. This gave their Maesties a Concern which occasioned them, more than B

than once, even to shed Tears; and accordingly, they hated TITI as much as they affected his young Brother; because this their Cadet, from his very Cradle, had shewed fo strong a Propension to hoarding, that being but five or fix Years old, he denied himself the Enjoyment of such Knicknacks as were given him, and would fcramble for and smuss those of other Children, his Playfellows; yet was he fo very careful and faving of his own, that he let his Fruit and Sweatmeats spoil and grow mouldy rather than he would eat them. GINGUET and TRIPASSE were therewith fo charmed, that they would catch him up in their Arms with Transport, would hug tenderly, and commend him, confidering this Child to be one who was to turn-out the Hero of his whole Family.

As Prince TITI went one Day a hunting, the Querry, or Riding-Master, who galloped on before him, violently beat down a poor ancient Women into a very miry Place. In vain the Prince halloo'd out to him, that he should stop and come back; for, whether that Blunderer did, or did not hear him, he did not even look back. Mean while his Highness had dismounted, in all that Mire, to assist the poor Woman, as did likewise his Page, who followed him close at the Heels; but neither of them had taken any Care to secure their Horses. The Prince and Page, almost Knee-deep in Mud, used

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used their best Endeavours to raise the old Woman, which yet was no eafy Matter, because she had no Use of one of her Legs, which, she apprehended, was put out of Joint. This Woman was heavy and unweildy, and they wanted to get her up gently, not to put her to more Pain. After feveral Trials, with great Caution, they finally dragged her out of that dirty Place, and lifted her some few Paces from thence to a dry Spot of Ground, between two Trees, where they feated her, and then defired fhe would examine if her Leg was really diflocated. On a strict Scrutiny, the whole Damage appeared to be only a violent Sprain, and was indeed excessively painful to this poor Woman, yet no Part of the Limb was either broken or disjointed. Having there left her a little While, that she might come to herself, they offered to help her home, she having told them that her Habitation was not far distant. She therefore taking hold on his Highness by one Arm, she resting her other Hand on the Page's Shoulder, they all three marched in this Manner, a Snail's Pace, towards the Edge of the Forest. Being arrived there, the poor Woman found herfelf so feeble, that they were necessitated to make a Stop, tho' they were then scarce a Stone's Throw from the old Woman's House, or rather Hovel. His Highness there reiterated the Excuses which he had before made her, B 2

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for the brutal Heedlesness of his Riding-Mafter, to whom, however, he gave not that Title, because he desired not to make himself known. He afterwards asked the good Woman, if she would not have him fend to fetch Some-body from her House, which she shewed them: She answered. " That no one lived there but herfelf." Hereupon his Highness began to be uneasy, on Account of that poor Soul's not being in a Condition to be left alone. "We must "then, faid he, go feek Some-body for you " in the neighbouring Hamlet." " There

" is no Manner of Necessity for it, Sir, re-

" plied she, for I want nothing else but to " keep my felf still for some little Time."

" For that very Reason, answered this good

" Prince, it is that you stand in Need of " fome Person to reach or fetch what you

" may have Occasion for." The old Woman then making a fresh Effort, they at length got to her Cottage, the Door whereof

she unlocked with a wooden Key.

This miserable Hovel was more than half in Ruins on the Ground: There was however a Partition, which divided it into a Couple of little Rooms, or rather two small Grottoes. The good Woman, having fat herfelf down on a narrow Bank raised up of dried Mud, which there ferved for a Seat, intreated the Prince to fit by her; when, praying the Page to draw out a little Table, and fet e

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fet it before his Highness, she also desired the Page to take out of a certain Hole in the Wall, which she pointed to, three small Baskets, in one of which were Filberts, in another Walnuts, and in the third Medlars. These she layed down on the little Table, and begged the Prince and Page to eat some. His Highness then ordered the Page only to take a Grasp out of each Basket, and to go search in the next Village for some Woman to come and take Care of their good old Land-This she opposed: But the Page, who regarded nothing but his Master's Command, ran to put it in Execution. In this Interim TITI, out of Complaifance for the old Woman, took a few of her Filberts; but, on tafting them, he found them so good, fo very good, that he put in his Hand again and again, and the more he cracked and eat, the more excellent he thought them. He did not taite either the Walnuts or Medlars, as not imagining they could be fo good as the others; but however, on his kind Hoftess's pressing him to try those also, he had the Good-nature to gratify her likewife in that Request, and was no less surprised at their exquisite Flavour, than at the delicious Goodness of her Filberts. Never had he feasted so much to his Satisfaction.

His Page came back accompanied by two Women, of whom the Younger, who was the other's Daughter, tho' she might herself have

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very well been a Grandmother, came to look after TITI's Hostes. It had been agreed, that she should have a Penny per Day, and the Page repeated their Bargain in her Presence, that there might not be any After-Disputes. Titi then said that, in case she gave the good Woman Content, she should instead of one Penny have two, and even fomewhat over and above. this Woman faid to him; "Will you not " be pleased, my good Gentleman, to pay " me down fome finall Matter in Hand, by " Way of Earnest? Excuse me; I have " not the Honour to know you." His Highness then found himself not a little imbaraffed, and was really much vexed; for he had not a Penny about him. "I have " no Money, faid he. And you, (ad-" ded he, speaking to the Page) have you " not any." "You know very well, an-" fwered the Page, that Folks carry none " with them when they ride a hunting: "I have no more but four Pennies and a " Half; here they be." These the Prince took, and gave them to the Woman, affuring her, " That she needed only discharge " her Duty carefully, and that he would in-" fallibly fend her more on the Morrow." These few Half-Pennies were however the poor Page's whole Stock, his ultimate Refource, and wherewith he had a View of recruiting himself at Lansquenet. TITI

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Titi then found himself in a fresh Im-The Hunting-Rendezvous was at a confiderable Diftance; he knew not what was become of his Horses; he feared they were run quite away, which if so might bring him a great Deal of Noise and Anger from the King and Queen: For the Queen interfered in all his Concerns, and more especially when he was to be rebuked. Refolved on walking it to the Rendezvous, he rose up, after having affured the old Woman, that she should hear from him next Day, and withal thanked her very kindly for her excellent Filberts. But this good Woman, returning him also on her Side Abundance of Thanks, would not, by any Means, fuffer him to go out 'till he had put into his Pockets the Remainder of her Filberts, Walnuts and Medlars, tho' he had eaten fo many, and fo had his Page too, that he was quite ashamed to carry any away.

His Highness, as he and his Page was footing it along, could not forbear expressing his Uneasiness, not only for their strayed Horses, but also on Account of their Cloaths, which were all bedaubed with Mire; tho what most of all perplexed him was to think, how he might contrive to get Money next Day to send the old Woman, to whom he would likewise send a Doctor and a Surgeon.

"With Regard to our Horses, answered the Page, they have doubtless run after

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"that of the Querry, wherefore I would not have you be in Pain about them: "What concerns our Cloaths, as they are only Hunting-Suits, and the Mud sticking upon them is a fandy Dirt, it will rub out easily and not stain; I will take that "Care upon myself: As to procuring a little Money, I am of Opinion that, in case your Highness asks the Queen for any, and she refuses you, e'en ask his Majesty himself for some. As neither of them ever give your Highness any, their Masigstess will not surely deny you a small sum, to repair a Mischief whereof their

" own Domestic is the Author. I must

" e'en do it," replied the Prince fighing. As they were thus discoursing, and seriously ruminating on all these Matters, lo they beheld haftening towards them the before-mentioned Querry. That blundering Fellow had blundered on to the very Rendezvous, and had not all that While taken Notice that the Prince's Horses followed him without their Riders; but then, perceiving it, he turned Head, all in a Fright, and rode back in Search of them, holding the fame Road. TITI chid him heartily, tho' indeed he durst not do it in fuch Terms as the Brute deferved: Nay that noble-spirited Prince would undoubtedly have even chastised the Scoundrel very feverely, had he been Master of his own Actions.

Actions. However, his Highness, being

remounted, foon got to the Company.

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The Querry, having been informed of what had happened in the late Adventure, was fo far from being ashamed of his heedless, or rather malicious Action (for there was certainly Malice in it) that he told it to many, as a gallant Exploit he had performed, and withal painted out what the Prince did as a Piece of Folly and Nonsense; insomuch that the Company had fcarce entered GINGUET's Palace before this Adventure was divulged every where, and became a Joke among the Courtiers, who well knew, that it was making their Court to talk flightingly of TITI, or at least not to speak in his Praise: So that, tho' at the same Time they could not but, in their Hearts, admire at and approve his Humanity and Good-nature, they however exercised their whole Stock of Wit to turn the Matter into Ridicule.

The Moment his Highness appeared before their Majesties, they themselves were the first to attack him with a Volley of Rallery upon the Subject; nor was he spared even by his little Brother. Titi's Page was no longer called by any other Name than Old Woman's Page, a Nick-name which he kept a long Time, and which at first vexed him very much, but which he afterwards looked on as his greatest Honour, as will appear in the Same Indiana.

pear in the Sequel.

III-

Ill-grounded Jests always turn to the Advantage and Honour of those they are made upon. It happened not fo in the Retort made by this Page to a certain Privy-Counfellor, who, notwithstanding his advanced Age and dignified Rank, gallantifed all the young Girls he came near, yet not in that polite agreeable Manner, wherein a pleasant Turn of Irony renders a little Foolery fufferable, nay, not altogether misbecoming in Persons of Gravity; but on the contrary, with all the nauseous Insipidness attending a withered Face, when its Eyes affect to roul tenderly, and cast amorous Glances. This ogling Statesman, in a numerous Affembly, called TITI's Page by his new Title, Old Woman's Page, who instantly returned him this Repartee: I had much rather be the Old Women's PAGE than the Young Women's NINNY. This fmart Retort set all present into a great Fit of Laughter, which put our antiquated Gallant horribly out of Countenance, and angered him at his very Heart, for the Name was likewise left intailed upon him; and it is still the Appellation whereby he is diftinguished by those who draw the Genealogy of his Family. To return,

Prince TITI went, next Morning, to the Queen's Apartment, earlier than usual, and defired he might speak with her alone. Being introduced, she said to him: "What

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brings you hither thus early to-day?" I come, Madam, answered he, to pay you my Respects, and to beg a small Fa-" vour of your Majesty." "What!" replied the, knitting her Brows, and looking fourly at the Word Favour, "It is, Madam, continued TITI, to defire you will please to order me a little Money: I have a very great Occasion for it: Your Ma-" jesty knows I never have a Penny." What is it you have to do with it? faid " the Queen: Are you not fed, cloathed, " lodged and waited on? What is it you " can want more?" " Nothing at all for " myself, Madam, returned his Highness; " but there are some Cases wherein, however, I would willingly have the Dispofal of now and then a Trifle. " "O! Cases, you say, Sir, do you not? replied the Queen: Well, and pray what may be your present Case, that you stand in such mighty Need of Money?" "I intreat your 66 Majesty, said TITI, to excuse my not ac-66 quainting you with it." " No, answered she, I will be acquainted with it, and 66 without that 'you shall not have a Doit." Since then you will needs know it, faid the Prince, it is, that I have promifed Money to a Nurse I sent for to tend the " poor old Woman; crippled by one of " the King's Querries; and that it does not " fuit me to promise without performing." " And

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And why then do you promise? answered she. And pray, of what Service is this old Woman to you, for you to take fuch great Care of her? What Concern can it be of yours, whether she lives or dies? Old Women are of a very great "Importance to a State, are they not?" " I imagined, Madam, replied TITI, that I " was born a Prince for no other End than to do Good to People, especially to such " as are in Necessity." "Fine Ideas tru-" ly! faid the Queen; go, Sir, go; these " Maxims are good to read in Books. " Learn once for all, that Princes are not " made for People, but People are made " for Princes. You are like to make a " dainty King indeed. March along, pray " Sir, about your Business; and rest assured,

"that you shall not have so much as a

" fingle Penny."

This Language of the Queen's grieved TITI to the very Soul, it shocking him abundantly more than her refusing him the Money he had sued for. He withdrew to his Apartment, scarce venturing to believe his Mother could possibly be capable of such unnatural Hardness of Heart. He sighed at it, and said to himself, that he had rather not be a Prince, than be treated with so much Inhumanity. He said to L'EVEILLE (for that was the Name of his Page) "That he "was quite out of his Wits, because the "Queen"

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" Queen had peremptorily refused to let " him have any Money at all; and that if he " went to ask the King for fome, he plainly " forefaw he should not get any neither: " And withal, his going to him would on-" Jy still the more incense his Mother." L'EVEILLE exclaimed vehemently against the Injustice of both their Majesties, against their Niggardliness, and the wretched Situation wherein they held his Highness, whose rightful Income they thought fit to keep to themselves. Titi commanded him to be filent on that Subject, and to study only: fome Expedient how to procure a Crown or The Page went strait away to his Father, who was a good Gentleman, but low in the World, and over-charged with as large Family. He had no more in the House than five Crowns; but being told the Occasion Prince TITI had for Money, he fent him four of them, and ordered his Son to affure him, he would fooner dispose of a pretty big Silver Cup he had, than fuffer his Highness to want.

L'EVEILLE returned very joyful to the Prince. On entering his Chamber, after looking around to see if the Coast was clear, he leaped about, and cut I know not how many Capers, to express his Gladness, and then gave Titithe four Crowns. The Prince was in a perfect Extasy, and immediately ordered L'EVEILLE to run for a

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Doctor and Surgeon, and conduct them freedily to the good Woman; to give a Thirty Penny Piece to the Nurse who looked after her, to manage the Remainder for other Necessaries, and to recompense the Doctor and Surgeon. This Order L'EVEILLE executed with a Punctuality worthy rather of a grown Man bred to Business, than of a Strippling, brought up a Page. He found the old Woman much better: Nevertheless the Doctor, who had studied Physic at Paris, ordered her two Bleedings, a Purge and fome Clyfters; and the Surgeon was immediately for applying Cataplasms to her Leg. But the good Woman remitted all these Operations to the Morrow, not to tell them flatly, that she designed not to have any Thing at all done to her. As they were just on their Return, a Hen gave Notice by her cackling that she had been laying. Hereupon the old Woman faid to L'EVEILLE; The Gentleman, who was here Yester-

the Gentleman, who was here Yesterday with you, (for she had not been told

that he was Prince TITI, and she seign-

Gentleman, I fay, was pleased with my

Filberts, Walnuts and Medlars. I beg

Hen has just now layed; for I can af-

fure you he will find it abundantly preferable to any of those Things he ta-

" fted here: Tell him, I defire that he

"would be pleased to eat it." With that she sent to setch the Egg, bound it up in some green Leaves, and delivered it to the Page, strictly charging him to be very careful he did not break it.

Then they all took Leave of the good Woman. The Doctor and Surgeon went away to their respective Homes, or whither else they thought proper. As for L'EVEILLE, he returned to acquaint Prince TITI with what had passed, and withal gave him the Egg. "Truly, said the Prince, taking it, "I quite forgot to eat either the Walnuts

or Medlars, which I put in my Pockets,

" when I was coming away from that good "Woman's Yesterday; they are still in my

" Riding-Coat. Go L'EVEILLE, get this

" Egg boiled for me; let it not be taken
out of your Sight, fince it is to prove fo

" excellent; and when it is ready bring it hither: That Egg, with my Medlars,

"Walnuts, and the few Filberts I left, shall

" be my Supper."

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L'EVEILLE hasted to do as he had been ordered, and inthe mean Time his Highness went
to setch out of his Riding-Coat Pockets the
Medlars, Walnuts and Filberts, all which
he set down upon the Side-board, in order
to eat them after his Egg. L'EVEILLE returned, together with one of the King's two
Footmen, to act as Butler, and serve up to
the Prince. The Cloath being spread, Tite
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took up the Egg in order to make the requisite Overture at one of its Ends, for the Sippets which his Butler was preparing at the Side-board. Finding he could not readily crack it, he struck harder; when after several Strokes, a Bit of the Shell at length flew off with a Sort of a Noise, and discovered within fomething fo fparkling, that the Prince's Eyes were dazzled with its Luster. L'EVEILLE and the Butler drew near to look at it. ter this first Surprise, TITI picked away the Remainder of the Egg-shell, and then faw a Diamond fo exceedingly bright, that its Equal was never beheld. It glittered like a Star, was of the finest Water in the whole World, and exceeded in Size what is any where to be met with of the Kind.

Prince TITI was not able to recover from his Aftonishment: He knew not what he should either do or think. While he was ruminating on this Miracle (and L'EVEILLE with the Butler stood admiring the Diamond, which the Prince had given them to look apon) he reached a Filbert, which he took between his Teeth to crack. But Heavens! how great was his Amazement, on finding the Kernel of this Filbert to be likewise a Diamond! They all three fnatch at the rest, cracked them, and found as many Diamonds as Filberts, and all of them full as perfect, in their Kind, as was the great one in its Kind. Next they examined the Walnuts, and Medlars,

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hars, the Contents of all which appeared to be admirable fine Brilliants: Some were that up in the Walnut-shells, others covered with the Skins of the Medlars.

The Lacquey who had acted as Butler, transported with Joy and Astonishment, quitted the Chamber of Prince TITI (bufied as well as his Page with reflecting on all these Wonders) and ran up and down to publish so surprising a Novelty. He went even to the King and Queen, to whom he related it in a Rapture. Their Majesties immediately started up from their Seats, and run with unufal Speed to the Apartment of his Highness, whom they surprised sitting at a Table fuperbly over-spread with more Wealth than the whole Universe contains. Her Majesty immediately seized the great Diamond, examined and re-examined it, turning it round and round again, confidering every Side of it, and feemed to wish she could swallow that inestimable Gem, as the Egg whereof it bore the Form and Shape. Having also obliged the King to examine and admire it, fhe (with Transports which induced her to skip and caper in a Manner little fuiting with Majesty) carried it about to fuch Courtiers as had followed them thither.

Thence she came back again to consider the other Diamonds, and her Joy carried her so far as to embrace Prince Tite, and to make the King embrace him likewise. How-

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ever, taking up by the four Corners the Table-Cloath, whereon lay spread this precious Fruit, she lugged it all away to her own Chamber; telling his Highness, that she would talk with him the next Morning.

King GINGUET and Queen TRIPASSE, having reached their Apartment, difmissed their Train of Courtiers, and instantly sent to call some of the exprertest Jewellers. The Rumour of so extraordinary a Novelty had already got all over the City, and a numerous Posse of Jewellers, strangely surprised, were arrived at the Royal Palace, in Hopes of getting a Sight of the wonderful Diamonds. And the more they considered those Gems, they the more admired their amazing Beauty.

Their Majesties were not able to sleep for Joy; they talked the whole Night of nothing but this Adventure, and finally concluded, that the old Woman, for whom Prince TITI had shewed so much Concern, must infallibly be some very potent FAIRY, since none but a FAIRY was possibly capable of making such magnificent Presents. "For this Reason, urged Queen TRIPASSE,

we ought necessarily to visit her to-mor-

" row, and carry her all the Court-Physicians and Surgeons, affuring her withal,

"that she may freely dispose of whatever

" is within our Power."

embrace him likewise. How-

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This her Counfel was very well approved by his Majesty; and at Day-break he issued out Orders, that all his finest Coaches should be prepared; that every one of his Doctors and Surgeons should get themselves in a Readiness to follow him; and that a formal Invitation should be made to all the Court-Grandees, to be at the Palace Gate, with their most pompous Equipages, just as he rose from Table. Only Prince TITI was not invited, nor had he the least Notice fent him of this Affair. Their Majesties would not take him with them, because they defired not that he should continue in the FAIRY's Favour: But, early that Morning, the Queen fent him two Golden Ginguets (which are the Gold Coin of that Country, each worth fomewhat more than four Crowns) fealed up in afmall Pacquet, together with a very gentile Compliment, affuring him, "That, pro-" vided he husbanded well that Money, he " should find her always disposed to plea-" fure him."

His Highness had the Discretion not to break open the Pacquet before the Officer, who had brought it him; neither did he afterwards mention a Syllable concerning his Mother's Present, out of pure Respect to her: He contented himself with going out, a little while after, together with the said Officer, personally to carry her his Answer and humble Thanks for her Benevolence; and in Effect.

Effect, he addressed her with as many Tokens of Submission, and grateful Acknowledgment, as if she had vouchsafed him

some very great and fignal Favour.

Queen TRIPASSE, notwithstanding her imperious Character and Disposition, durst not say a Word to him of his Diamonds: Neither did TITI open his Mouth on that Head, but contrariwise went away when he heard a certain Lady going to speak of them. Two young Noblemen, whom the Prince particularly affected, were desired to take him out with them a hunting, to a Quarter quite different from where their Majesties were going. They did so: And immediately after the King and Queen had dined (which they did in private at a little Table) they all set out in order to visit the good old Woman.

During King GINGUET'S Reign, his Court had never appeared so brilliant. All the Officers of his Houshold, who could procure Horses from the Royal Stables, were mounted; while others of them borrowed from their Acquaintance: For King GINGUET'S Stables were so very indifferently surnished, that Princess BLANCHEBRUNE, his Majesty's First-cousin, who had proposed to make this short Trip on Horse-back, could not have gratished her Desire, had not the Prime Minister lent her Highness one of

his Led-horfes.

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There was one Coach crouded full with Phyficians, which immediately followed his Majesty; a second crammed with Apothecaries, and a third as full of Surgeons. They all arrived at the old Woman's Cottage, where immediately her Majesty set Foot to Ground, the King also hastened to alight from his Coath, and the whole Train of Courtiers furrounded that Hovel, Hat under Arm, with fingular Decorum. TRIPASSE herself would needs go and knock at the Door. "Tac Tac." "Who is there?" cried a Female Voice. "It is the Queen " (replied her Majesty) Open, Good Wo-" man, Open." The Woman did fo. "How " does the good Dame of this House?" cried TRIPASSE entering. " Very well, " Madam, (returned she who had let her in) " fhe is gone into the Forest." " How! " faid the Queen, What abroad? Yes, " Madam." " And pray which Way is " fhe gone?" " That Way; " replied the other, pointing.

Their Majesties then again hastily took to their Coach, and hurried away towards the Part they had been shewed. They ordered the Courtiers to search all round the Forest: But search they might long enough; the old Woman was not any where to be

met with.

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As Evening drew near, TRIPASSE drove back again to the Cottage, followed by all

the Company, to see whether she was returned home: But there was not the least Tidings of her. Thereupon this illustrious Company struck into the great Road leading to the Palace, having taken a fruitless Jaunt, but otherwise so agreeable a Ramble, that all, who undertook it with Views not like those of their Majesties, reaped therefrom abundance of Pleasure.

When the King and Queen were retired into their Apartment, they began to fhew their Diffatisfaction at this their unfuccefful Expedition. It had moreover actually put them to some Expence. They had been forced to hire those Coaches wherein went the Band of Doctors, Apothecaries and Surgeons, beside certain other Disbursements: But they fought to chear up their Spirits by looking over their Diamonds, and with fresh Surprise wondered both at their Beauty and their Abundance. They believed themselves the most opulent Potentates on Earth; and this not without Reason: For they were possessed of wherewithal to have purchased the whole Globe, had there been any who could have fold it to them. Nevertheless, even this afforded them a new Subject of Discontent.

"We have committed a great Fault,
"faid TRIPASSE to GINGUET, in not
"asking the Woman, who looks after the
"FAIRY's Cottage, for some of that good

" Dame's

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Dame's Filberts, Walnuts and Medlars; we should also have asked, if she had any Eggs: We might, perhaps, have reaped a better Harvest of Diamonds than we have got already."

"On my Conscience, Madam, replied the King, you are in the Right; we are guilty of a great Over-sight. What could we be thinking on? continued he

" (clapping his Forehead with the Palm of his Hand) it is possible one can commit so egregious a Blunder? We might, possi-

" bly, have met with Bushels of Diamonds, if finer even than those we have in our

" Possession."

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od e's "What, faid her Majesty, is to be done then?" However, Madam, answered GINGUET, the Fault is all yours; Why did not you think of it? Very pretty, in Truth! retorted TRIPASSE; Why

" could not you yourself think of it? "Was not you there as well as I." Yes, "faid his Majesty; but I did not go in-

" to the House: You alone went in; and that ought to have made you remember

"the Medlars and other Things." It was your own Fault that you did not go in as I did, answered she; What hindered

"you? The Passage was free." No, re"turned GINGUET surlily; It was not free:

"You stopped it quite up with your bulky "Carcase, and your Basket." You have

much

much Reason to talk indeed (answered " she, somewhat moved) If I am bulky, "You are lean enough: You do not stand " in fuch mighty Need of a wide Paffage. " But, what fignify all these Disputes? (con-"tinued she) We need only return thither " to-morrow. There is no Necessity for " our taking with us all that Tribe of Doc-" tors, &c. as we did this Afternoon; and " fo we shall fave their Coach-Hire: And " the reft will stand us in little or nothing."

This last Argument of hers somewhat calmed GINGUET, a Prince who very eafily put himself into a Heat, but who was not so easily cooled again: Insomuch that, tho' he assumed a softer Tone, in the Approbation he gave of this Piece of Advice, he however retained a gruff Air; and thus

they fullenly went to Bed.

Their Majesties, accordingly as they had projected, next Day took with them in their Coach the little Prince, TITI's younger Brother, together with Princess BLANCHE-BRUNE; and, attended by their whole Court, returned to make the old Woman a Visit. As Prince TITI, by what had passed the Day before, plainly perceived, that his Company was not defired in this Party of Pleafure, he did not offer himself to make one among the rest; neither had he any Invitation. They have questing it hadgost not ! and your Balker," You have

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Being at their Journey's End, they found the good old Woman fitting on her own Door's Threshold, picking a few Pot-Herbs. The King and Queen got down from their Coach, followed by the young Prince and Princess BLANCHEBRUNE, with the whole Train of Courtiers; respectfully accosting her with very low Reverences. The good Woman instantly rose up, likewise making her Reverences, to the Right, to the Left, and all round every where, not uttering a Word without dropping a Curt'fy. The Queen' made her several fine and prolix Compliments, as she knew exceedingly well how to do. The old Woman expressed her Surprise; made the best Answers she could; and intreated their Majesties, the little Prince, and Princess BLANCHEBRUNE, would vouchfafe towalk into her Cottage; whose Infide her Majefty shewed a Sort of Curiosity to examine: But it was too fmall to admit any other Perfons but themselves.

When Queen TRIPASSE had looked all over the two little Rooms, which were formed by a Partition, she seated herself on the Mud-Bank, where his Majesty, the young Prince and Princess Blanchebrune, sat down also. Her Majesty would needs have the old Woman sit by her, and to that Purpose commanded her young Son to stand up, in order to make Place for her: But this good Woman begged the Queen would be pleased

pleased to excuse her, and sat on the Threshold, with her Back turned to the Company without, so that she sat just facing their

Majesties.

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They both of them asked her Variety of Questions, touching her Age, her Parentage, the Place of her Birth, Manner of Life, and the like. They withal inquired of her, if The had ever been married; and on her anfwering, that she had not, the Queen strained her Compliments so far as to fay to the old Woman, " That she was yet young enough to think on altering her Condition; that she did not shew her Age at all, but was still fresh and comely; and that People less youthful than she were marry-" ing daily:" Which talk feemed fo ridiculous to the little Prince, that he could not hold from laughing at it; and the good Woman likewise fell a laughing at the Propofal, with a visible Air of Contempt. Then, her Majesty, not knowing what

farther Discourse to enter upon, began all on a sudden to talk of Walnuts, Filberts and

Medlars, defiring to have fome.

"I durst not, Madam, replied the old Woman, assume such a Liberty as to proffer
your Majesty any; but since you vouchfase me the Permission, there are all I
have in those two Holes near you; I
will do myself the Honour to set them before you immediately."

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"No, no; faid the Queen (nimbly turning about to take them herself) as they are in these Cup-boards, I can get at them mighty well, without giving you the Trouble.

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Mean while the old Woman placed before their Majesties her little Table, spreading over it a clean Napkin, and fet thereon a Couple of Earthen-Ware Dishes, in one of which were poured out all the Medlars, and in the other this good Woman's whole Store of Walnuts and Filberts. GINGUET and TRIPASSE fell to very greedily, and, upon tasting each Sort, found them no Way different from other Walnuts, Filberts, and Medlars, which they had eaten before: Nay fome of them were rotten and good for nothing at all, and they found Maggots in feveral of the Filberts. His Majesty gave some to the Prince and Princess, who did not find them a Jot more extraordinary: So that not very many of them were eaten.

However TRIPASSE then defired the old Woman to get up with her into the Coach, having, she said, something to say to her in particular. The good Woman obeyed: And while his Majesty went to air himself, and stretch his Limbs at some small Distance from the Cottage, and where he was waited on by his Courtiers, one by one, her Majesty, with the old Woman, were advancing very leisurely towards the Forest.

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Queen TRIPASSE, displaying her whole Stock of Eloquence, gave the good Woman to understand, " That she knew her to be " a FAIRY-Lady, ay and a very great one too: That she came to implore her " Friendship and Protection, and to assure " her, that both the King and herfelf, were " fully refolved not to omit any Endea-" vours to merit her Favour." In her whole Harangue she used the strongest Expressions

imaginable.

In Return to all this, the old Woman positively maintained, "That her Majesty was pleased to joke with her; and that " The was furprifed to find fo great a Queen thus making Choice of a poor old Woman " for the Subject of her Rallery." In vain TRIPASSE infifted on the Proof of her wonderful Diamonds: The good Woman fill perfifted in her first Negative, affuring her Majesty, " That she gave Way to a mere "Illusion; that the Courtiers, and even the Jewellers themselves, were all deceived, s and that their Eyes must needs be inchanted; and to conclude, that she had not given to any Mortal breathing, other Medlars, other Walnuts, nor other Filberts, than fuch as she lately had the " Honour to set before their Majesties." Whatever Queen TRIPASSE could possibly urge in Confirmation of what she advanced, the old Woman still constantly protested, cc That Ousen

"That it was all a Mistake; and that, fooner or later, it would affuredly be made

" manifest, that she had presented the Prince

" with only fome Medlars, Walnuts, Fil-

" berts, and a new-layed Egg."

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The Queen having exhaufted all her Rhetoric, which she fancied none was able to refift, was at length of Opinion, that this. supposed FAIRY was no other than really a wretched old Woman. She thereupon commanded her Coachman to drive back, in order to take in the King, whom they found about fifty Paces from the Cottage, together with the Prince and Princess. The poor Woman was then told to get out of the Coach; and her Majesty, with chagrined Looks, faid to her, "Well, God blefs you, " good Woman;" without feconding her Adieu even with a Nod. The King, who on her Majesty's Approach, instantly perceived her Discontent, did not even look upon the old Woman; nor did any one else take much Notice of her, except the little Prince, who thrust his Head out at the Coach Window, and laughing faid; "Old "Woman, do not you think of altering your Condition?"

TRIPASSE then informed GINGUET of what Discourse had passed; and he agreed with her in concluding, that this Woman was no FAIRY. However, being returned to the Palace, their first Care was to look

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at their Diamonds, which they found to be as perfect and beautiful as Heart could wish. They a long while discoursed concerning fuch a wonderful and aftonishing Event. GINGUET, who piqued himself with being a Philosopher, was for discovering the natural Causes of this strange Transmutation. He had the Satisfaction of laying forth all his Physics and Metaphysics, but not that of convincing her Majesty, who however made Shew of believing him in some Measure. Little Wits cannot endure Contradiction. To what GINGUET had advanced touching the Nuts and Medlars, TRIPASSE objected the Egg: And this induced his Majesty to send away Princess BLANCHEBRUNE, next Morning, to defire the old Woman to fend him a fresh Egg of the very Hen's which layed that she sent to Prince TITI, and to wrap it up in the same Sort of Leaves. This Hen began to cackle just as her Highness reached the Cottage. The Egg was fetched in, carefully bound in fuch Leaves as the other, and BLANCHEBRUNE brought it fafe to the King. His Majesty caused it to be immediately boiled by the fame Man, in the very same Sort of Water, and with a just Degree of Fire, like what had been used in boiling Prince TITI's Egg. GINGUET would needs be perfonally present at this Piece of Cookery, and he afterwards brought the boiled Egg himself to the Queen, in order

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der to have it opened before her; which being done, they found it to be a fine fresh. Egg, and no other. That did not, however, prevent GINGUET from resuming his Philosophical Lecture, and TRIPASSE e'en let him say just what he pleased: She being far more satisfied with the Possession of such a considerable Quantity of beautiful Diamonds, than anxious to know the natural Cause of their Production.

Prince TITI, that he ought to go his own felf and visit the good Woman. But that excellent Prince, thro' Fear of making the King and Queen suspect that he was carrying on any particular Intelligence with this Woman, or that she bore him a greater Affection than she did to their Majesties, contented himself with deputing him, his said Page, to her, with a Compliment in his Name, on her Recovery, and to impart to her the Adventure of the Diamonds: And moreover to assure her; "That he would take "some convenient Time to certify to her

"his extraordinary Acknowledgments:
"But that if the had the Secret of effecting

" fuch prodigious Wonders, he should be

" infinitely more obliged to her, if she would procure him the Favour of the

"King his Father, and the Queen his Mo-

" ther, than if she made him the most mag-

" nificent Presents in Nature."

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On the Page's Arrival at that old Wo. man's Cottage, he found her curling and powdering her Hair, and patching her Face. He was thereat highly furprised, and could scarce refrain from bursting into a loud Laughter. However he did not; but on the contrary, delivered the Prince's Meffage to her, with the utmost Seriousness and Sagacity. The old Woman expressed a singular Satisfaction, faying, "That Prince TITI " acted very prudently, in not coming thi-That he might absolutely depend " on whatever good Offices lay in her Pow-" er to render his Royal Highness; but " that fhe was not any how able to alter " their Majesties Sentiments, because the " working a Change in ill-difposed Hearts " was a Prodigy which surpassed her Capacity. As to what concerns thy felf, " my dear L'EVEILLE (continued she) per-" fevere conftantly in thy good Dispositi-" on; I will take a particular Care of thee, " and hope I shall find Means to make thee "happy: But thou must make me three " Promises. First, to do whatsoever I shall " enjoin thee. Secondly; to acquaint me "with whatfoever I shall require of thee. "Thirdly; never to cease thy faithful At-" tachment to Prince TITI.

"This latter, replied L'EVEILLE, I can
promise you very readily; but I cannot
promise you the two others: For, in
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"case any one should have intrusted me with a Secret, I ought not to discover it to any Person breathing, no not even to yourself." "Thou art right, my dear Friend, answered the old Woman; neither shouldst thou obey me, if I command thee to do any unjust Action: But, these excepted, dost thou promise me all the others?" "Yes, returned he, from the very Bottom of my Heart; nay, I swear it to you, and you may absolutely depend on me."

"Well then, said the old Woman, let us fee a little how thou wilt perform. Here, take this Pouch, which has some fine Flower in it, with a Puff, and come

" powder me nicely." L'EVEILLE powdered her with marvellous Dexterity, and adjusted her Hair extremely well. Now, added she, open you old Chest, and take

"thence a Pair of Silk Stockings, with a
"Pair of Thread ones, and come put

"them on for me, instead of these old ones I now wear." L'EVEILLE was again all Obedience; yet muttered between

his Teeth, "Now I am indeed the Old Wo-"man's Page." She then stretched him out a long spindle-Shank, from whence he drew off the coarse darned Stocking; which done, she bid him kis her Foot; which he did,

as likewise her other Foot, without being ordered: And this highly pleased the old Woman.

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Woman. Then she made him put on her embroidered Shoes; and then neither her Legs appeared such lean feeble Shanks, nor her Feet so long and craggy: Nay, looking upwards, he found her transformed into a youthful Lady, in a most magnificent Dress, and withal so ravishingly pretty, that the rich Diamonds which adorned her, were still less brilliant than her Beauty. The mean Cottage they were in, appeared no longer such, but a fine Dressing-Room, all shining with Gold, and hung with noble Glasses, and exquisite Paintings.

The FAIRY (for such she actually was) having a little While diverted herself with L'EVEILLE'S Surprise, at length stretching out her Arms, drew him to her, as she sat, saying, "Come and embrace the old Wo" man." The Page in a Transport beyond Expression, took of her a Kiss exceeding Honey in Sweetness; when rising, he appeared as much enamored as consused.

"We are not here upon the Story of Love, faid the FAIRY; I defire no"thing but Friendship; but it must be a Friendship of the tenderest and most

" perfect Nature. Remember thy Pro-

" mises; I shall not be forgetful of mine.
"I am a FAIRY; my Name is DIA-

" MANTINA. I have no Notion of fenfual Love, but only of Constancy in

Friendship. Inform not the Prince who

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I am, nor acquaint him with what has here befallen thee. If thou dost tell him, I will not do thee any Harm; but I shall never do thee any Good. And now liften to me: In thy Return hence, thou wilt find in the Road a green Purse, embroidered with Flowers, as also a Silver one, embroidered with Gold. Take up the former; but leave the other there, without touching it. Carry that thou takeft up to thy Father, and tell him, that it is inflead of those four Crowns which he fent to Prince TITI, and withal, that, provided he " employed what he found in the faid Purse " no otherwise than so, or to the re-estab-" lishing his Family, its Treasure should " never be exhausted: But that he must not " mention a Word of the Matter; for if he " did, he would lose it irrecoverably. And " as for thy felf (added the FATRY) what " wouldft thou have? I defign thee a Gift; " fo make thy Demand freely. "Since you have the Goodness, replied

"L'EVEILLE, to be so careful of me, I " leave the Whole to yourfelf, most excel-

" lent Lady; you better know than I do "what is convenient for me." "No; an-

" fwered DIAMANTINA, I will have thee " chuse what Thing thou most desirest."

"You please to have it so, returned the Page, " and I must necessarily obey. I defire "then, Madam, the Power of rendering

" my felf, whenfoever I will, invifible."
" It is granted thee, faid the FAIRY; thou

" haft only to wish for Invisibility. Adieu,

" added she, I am going to pass this Night

"five and twenty hundred Leagues from hence." When, that very Instant, four or five Zephyrs carried up the FAIRY thro' the Cieling, which remained quite open till L'EVEILLE had lost Sight of her; and then

that stately Chamber became what it was

before, a wretched Hovel.

The Page, who was equally feized with Admiration and Aftonishment, fancied his very Heart foared away with the good Lady DIAMANTINA. "Would to Heaven, cried "he, I was a Zepbyr! I would never, whi-"therfoever she went, quit this adorable " FAIRY!" But that being a mere Impossibility, he took his Way towards the Palace, looking about him on every Side for the two Purses whereof DIAMANTINA had spoken. In Effect, he met with them, both lying near each other: But, punctually faithful to the FAIRY's Injunction, he took only the green one, without being even in the least tempted to meddle with the other. Never was known a Page fo very discreet.

He carried the green Purse to his Father, telling him to a Tittle all the FAIRY had given him in Charge; neither more nor less. The Father, being a wise prudent Man, tho' he

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his Affair, would not at all interrogate his Son about the Matter, to avoid making him guilty of some pernicious Indiscretion; and only ordered him, to return his humble. Thanks to the Person who had bestowed on his numerous Family so noble a Donative. Having filled his Pocket with the Gold, which he found in the Purse, he shut it; and mmediately went out to discharge certain. Debts which had given him great Uneasiness, because unable to do it before: Necessity very often making Persons looked on a dishonest Shufflers, notwithstanding their Principles and Inclinations are entirely just and honourable.

L'EVEILLE would not leave his Father's. House, without making Trial of the Gift of nvisibility, which he had received from the FAIRY. Going therefore into the Parlour vhere his Sifters were, he played them diers Tricks, which first surprised and then t them a quarreling, taxing each other. Sa-o sfied with these Experiments, he repaired Prince Titi, giving him to understand, That the good old Woman had received his Highnes's gracious Message, with the highest Tokens of Acknowledgment: That she heartily wished herself able to procure him their Majesties good Graces, whereof he was fo very deferving; but that it was out of her Power:

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That she should think herself but too happy, could she become serviceable to him in any Degree: That, as to the rest, in any Degree: White High substitution in the standard of the Prince. What Reply would your High-iness have me make you? answered In Everille: Can I tell that, except she herself tells it? If she is such a one, you know those Ladies are not pleased when People are over-curious." But what fays she, continued Titi, concerning these Diamonds?" She makes a Jest of the

"infift on the Verity of this Miracle: For if it was she who wrought it, she knows the Affair too well to need me to persuade her into it; and if she did not, she might

" whole Story, said the Page: Nor did I

" perhaps take me for a Romancer."

At this Juncture, the Court had Notice that King FORTESERRE (a potent Neighbour of King GINGUET's) was fending an extraordinary Ambassy to GINGUET, about certain Matters of great Importance, which equally concerned both Crowns. Tho' GINGUET was extremely covetous, he failed not being also extremely proud. He thought of making Preparations in order to give his Court an Air of Grandure and Magnificence. He caused Horses to be bought up, that, in Hunting.

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Hunting-Parties, which would be unavoidable, the Ambassadors might not see how very meanly the Royal Stables were furnished. He got his old Coaches new-gilded; his Palace scoured very clean, and white-washed all over, and hung and spread with noble Tapestry, which was in Use during the King his Father's Reign, but had, ever fince the Death of that good Prince, been locked up very carefully. He also caused his Houshold Servants to be new cloathed; which he could not possibly avoid, it being then full three Years fince they had their last Liveries. But his best Contrivance of all, and whereon he most of all depended, was to be frequently faying, " That the greatest Plea-" fure any one could do him, was to shew " Respect to King FORTESERRE'S Ambas-" fadors, to do them Honour, and to give

"them a grand Idea both of the Wealth and Magnificence of his People."

The mean-spiritedness of Courtiers, always ambitious of pleasuring Princes, even those whom they despise, together with the Vanity every one has to exceed, or at least to equal another, filled them all, with great Emulation, to set about making pompous Dresses, and glittering Equipages; thus labouring either to impoverish themselves, or ruin the Trades-People and Artificers. They were forced to send for Taylors and Embroiderers from many neighbouring Places.

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Her Majesty had her Wedding-Suit, which the had never worn but twice, new done And ravished with the Thoughts of this fine Occasion of making Parade of all her marvellous Diamonds, she caused to be made for his Majesty a fine Robe of Crimfon Velvet, lined throughout with white Coney-Skins, except only its Borders, round which she got tacked on Slips of Ermin, which the had cut out of a very old Mantle: But this Robe, with the Suit belonging to it, simple as they were in themselves, were worth more Money than King FORTE-SERRE's whole Dominions, which flattered the Vanity of GINGUET and TRIPASSE. beyond all Expression: For the Buttons on this Suit were those Diamonds which they had found under the Medlar-Skins, and were exactly of the fame Shape and Size. Never was feen a Suit of Cloaths fo plain and yet fo magnificent, as being of fuch ineftimable Value. As his Majesty's best Hat had been little used, it was sent to the Hatter, who made it look like new. The Queen caused to be put thereon a large white Plumage, and, instead of a Button, that great Diamond which the Prince had found in the Egg; which rendered this Hat of more Value than all the Crowns in the Universe. The Diamonds found in TITI's Filberts served as Buttons to the Waistcoat. Over

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Over and above all this, King GINGUET, hat he might make a Shew of his whole Pomp and Splendor, caused the Throne whereon he was to give the Ambaffadors Audience, to be raised a Step higher, and at his Feet there was placed a little Stool, on which his younger Son should be feated. The Oueen his Mother had got made up for him, out of a long-worn Velvet Petticoat of hers, a fmart Coat, which feemed bran-new, fo nicely had this Taylor played his Part, and managed the Materials. On this Coat she had sewed, as Buttons, the Diamonds which had been taken off the Walnut-Shells; infomuch, that, with the additional Decorations of some thin Slips of Ermin, which peeped out, the little Prince appeared as pompoufly dreffed as his Majefty.

Not that this was all the Shew. As there were more Diamonds than had been used on these two Suits, with the Remainder her Majesty covered quite over a Stomacher, which was so excessively resplendent, that it seemed to be a Piece of Sun, if that Expression may be used.

These Preparations took up above sour Month's Time. At length News came, that the Ambassy was arrived in Ginguet's Territory: And as their Majesties were resolved that Prince Titi should not appear, because they had not made him sine, as they had done his little Brother, they sent him to a Royal Seat, about twenty Leagues distant, under Pretence "That, he being there, the E 3 "Ambassa."

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"Ambaffadors would not fail repairing thither to pay him their Compliments:

And that they were also willing these Ambassadors should have a View of that

Seat, which was really very fine and

delightful."

GINGUET fent several Grandees to meet the Ambassadors, and also caused their Expences to be defrayed, even from the Frontiers to his Capital, tho' at the Cost of those Places thro' which they passed. The Day of their Audience being come, they went out of the City, in order to reenter it, followed by a prodigious Train of Coaches, wherewith they traverfed most of the Streets, to make themselves seen by the Inhabitants, who admired even certain Sham-Coaches made of Pastboard, gilded or filvered, which glittered in this grand Cavalcade. No Sight whatever had ever amaffed fuch a vast Concourse of People. The Court was numerous and fplendid, even to Excess. Those of the City had imitated the Courtiers, in order to shew their Riches, and mingled promiscuously among them. Galleries had been erected all round the Hall of Audience, with a particular Tribunal for her Majesty, who thought thence to dazzle the Eyes of that Affembly with her glorious Stomacher. GIN-GUET feated himself on his Throne, and the young Prince at his Feet, when the AmbafAmbassadors entered the Hall thro' a

Door which stood just opposite.

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One of them was a Man somewhat in Years, tall and majestic, with a grave but haughty Afpect. His Collegue was younger, but of a Mein and Stature no Way inferior. They were followed and attended by a good Number of young Gentlemen of Rank and Figure, extremely capable of giving very high Ideas of their Nation. As their Excellencies approached the King, in order to make him their Harangue, there arose in the Hall a strange Sort of Murmur, proceeding from the People observing how odly his Majesty and the young Prince were then dreffed. The Diamonds, which ferved on the King's Cloaths instead of Buttons, were re-transformed into actual Medlars and Filberts, as those on the little Prince's Coat were become mere Walnuts; and the rich great Diamond on GINGUET'S Hat, no other than a boiled Egg. As to TRIPASSE's glaring Stomacher, it confifted only of a strange Mixture of Medlars, Filberts and Walnuts.

The elder Ambassador, who was to have been Spokesman, was firmly persuaded, that GINGUET and TRIPASSE had thus unaccountably dressed up themselves, and their Son, merely in Derision to his Master; and having turned his Eyes around the Assembly, and beheld in every Coun-

Countenance somewhat extraordinary, thro' their Surprise and Endeavours to refrain from Laughter, he, with a grave Accent, spake as follows.

"Sir, We came hither to give Affu-"rances of the Friendship of our Royal

"Mafter, who imagined you worthy of it; and to propose to you an Alliance

"which would have been no less honour-

" able than advantageous: But you shall

" fpeedily learn, by the Vengeance which his Majesty will take for the Insult you

" offer him, in the Persons of his Am-

" bassadors, That he is no King of

" Open-A-s."

Having pronounced this with a refolute Air, and very audible Voice, he, without making the least Reverence or Inclination to GINGUET, turned his Back and went out, accompanied by the second Ambassador, his Collegue, and followed by all their Train. They returned to the Palace where they had been lodged only for their Papers, which having taken, they immediately took the Road towards their own Country, leaving Orders with their Domestics instantly to follow them with their whole Equipage.

GINGUET remained quite stupissed at this Adventure; and TRIPASSE, with all her Wit and Penetration, knew not either what to say or think. All the Courtiers

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aughed at it, from the Bottom of their Hearts: They were infinitely glad to fee heir furly Sovereign's Haughtiness humbled: But his Ministers, who were no Strangers o the Character of that Prince, whose Ambassadors thus thought themselves inulted, readily forefaw, that this Matter night be attended with very pernicious Conequences. FORTESERRE was a potent Moarch, noble and generous, yet haughty nd vindictive, one who loved the meanest of his Subjects all one as a Father loves his Children. He had made War upon a certain Prince his Neighbour, and had actully taken a Province from him, merely because a Soldier of his had lost his Whiskers as he passed thro' this Prince's Teritories. What direful Effects were then to be dreaded from fuch a gross Affront done to his Ambassadors, or indeed rather to his own Person?

The Council's first Deliberation was, to send to their Excellencies the Ambassadors, to desire of them, "That they would first be pleased to hear what might be urged, before they passed a Judgment contrary to King Ginguer's Interest;" and to tell them, "That the Prime Minister would wait on them in Person, in order to acquaint them with the whole Affair; "But they were already at a considerable Distance; which put

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put the Council into a fresh Embarrass. In vain Couriers were fent after them; for

Indignation had given them Wings.

GINGUET came to the Resolution of write ing a Letter, with his own Hand, to King FORTESERRE. He gave him to understand in the strongest Terms, "How far he was " from those Sentiments wherewith his " Ambassadors charged him, in order to " justify their Return: He complained

" that they would not even hear his Re-" ply, and urged, that it was certainly

" fome strange Enchantment, the Caul

" whereof he knew not, which had trans

" formed his Diamonds, the which he had

" put on his Cloaths with the fole View " of doing Honour to his Ambassadors."

All the Members of GINGUET'S Council had employed their Wits feveral Days in measuring and settling the Expressions of this Letter. It was committed to the Care of a Brother of GINGUET's Prime Minister. This Brother of his was a mere Dolt. He had, thro' the Minister's Credit and Interest, been employed in feveral Negociations; but in all his Undertakings, he only joined to his natural Rusticity and Doltishness, that infolent Arrogance which great Employs always give to Persons of little Merit. He much affected Sneering, and to be paffing what he thought witty Jokes; tho' all these were no better than gross impudent Tefts,

Dif-

ofts, which People took at his Hands on count of the Posts he was in, and which nded only to render him still more despible. Nevertheless this Fellow was pitched n, because he desired it, and his Brother rould have it so.

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ent es, This Brother, the Minister, was omnipoent at Court. He wonderfully well knew ow to bring Money into GINGUET'S Cofers. This Prince, who prefered Gain to Honour, suffered himself to be thus brought ander by his Minister, whom otherwise he lid not love.

The new Ambassador set out, with bold Assurances, that instantly on his appearing in King Forteserre's Court, all Cause of Uneasiness should vanish. His Brother took upon himself to get him immediately sollowed by a pompous Equipage. He was as good as his Word: But this grand Equipage did not make quite three Days Journey.

GINGUET'S Ambassador was scarce arrived at King FORTESERRE'S Capital, when a Serjeant of the Guards came, in that Prince's Name, to tell him, "That he" needed not to be at the Trouble of pul-

" ling off his Boots; for, if he did not forthwith return the same Way he came,

" he should infallibly be reconducted to

"the Frontiers in a Hogshead full of rotten Eggs and Medlars." He was for making Remonstrances, and entering into Discourses: But the Serjeant cut him short, saying, I know nothing at all, Sir, of

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"what you are talking: I only know, that when his Majesty gives Orders, he will

be obeyed; and that, if you are here

" Half an Hour hence, I will affuredly

" cram you into the Hogshead."

His faid Excellency durst not stand the Trial, as plainly feeing the Matter to be no Jest, but instantly departed, having tendered King GINGUET'S Letter to the Serjeant, who would not take it. As he purfued his Way, full of melancholy Reflections on his piriful Ambaffy, he however called to Mind, that it absolutely behoved him to get his Mafter's Letter delivered to King FORTESERRE; and therefore fent it to that Prince's Chief Minister, inclosed in one from himself to that Minister, wherein he used the best Arguments he could muster up, in order to appeale this violent Storm, whereof he already began to feel the Effects: He withal notified to him, that he would wait his Answer at a certain Frontier Place, which he named.

He expected that this Answer would include a kind Invitation to return; for he doubted not but what himself had written, would have a better Effect even than King GINGUET'S own Letter: But he deceived himself with that vain Hope. The only Answer he had was a blank Cover, which inclosed

broke. It had in Effect been read at King FORTESERRE'S Council-board, himself being present; and when they came to the Article of GINGUET'S Diamonds, which, he said, had been turned into Medlars, &c. by Enchantment, they all cried out, "What "Extravagance is here! What a wretched "Story! This is only sit to amuse Chil-"dren: A fresh Insult!" And thereupon they concluded on sending back the Letter, open as it was, without any other Reply.

"And why, cried some of the Council, should Prince TITI be absent in
the Country, at a Time when no-body

" thinks of leaving the Town?! (for it

" was Winter.) Had King GINGUET de-

" figned to do such extraordinary Ho" nours to your Majesty's Ambassadors

" ought he not to have had near him his pre-" fumptive Heir, to honour their Reception,

" rather than a Child, of ten Years of

" Age, with Walnuts and Filberts on his

" Cloaths, instead of Buttons? Doubtless,

" Prince TITI, either would not be pre-

" fent at this Infult, or was purposely fent

" out of the Way, to conceal it from

" him."

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GINGUET'S Ambassador, the heartily vexed at the unworthy Treatment he met with, had nevertheless no other Recourse but to return to his Master's Court. Little did he dream of the strange Misfortune which was to happen to him in this Ambassy, which he had so eagerly follicited; fo true it is, that those Things which we most passionately desire, frequently prove most to our Detriment. He had twelve Days Tourney to make back again, from the Frontier, before he could reach his Home, and each Day his Nose grew an Inch in Length. He scarce took any Notice of it the first Day; and even on the fecond he flattered himself, that it might be only a Cold: But from thence forwards, this quotidian Increase of Nose drove him to fuch Despair, that he would gladly have hanged himself, had he been courageous enough.

On his Arrival at Court, no-body knew him again: For a squat Nose grown to be a Foot long, makes a considerable Change in a Man's Face. The malicious Courtiers laughed in their Hearts, even while they were condoling him. As for his Adversaries, they openly jeered him: And from hence arose that Proverbial Saying, He has a Nose a Foot long, speaking of one who has not succeeded in a Thing

of which he has boafted.

Mean While, the Court evidently faw, that they must prepare for a War; and accordingly the necessary Orders were is-

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fued: Tho' they went about it with no finall Repugnance and Uneafiness; and the more, as they looked on their Ambassador's Growth of Nose as a bad Omen.

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While all this was transacting, Prince TITI continued in the Country: But his Page had obtained Leave to be present at the Ambassador's Reception, and informed his Highness of what passed at their Audience. Titi heard it with Sorrow, and forbad L'EVEILLE ever to laugh at it in his Presence. This good Prince was also greatly concerned, when he heard of the Lengthening of the Ambassador's Nose, and of his unfuccesful Negociation. He forefaw all the Calamities of a War, which was inevitable. The filial Respect he bore his Father, together with his zealous Attachment to the Country's Welfare, made him forget all the Injuries he had received.

End of the First Book.



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BOOK II.

Actions, from the Declaration of War with King Forteserre, to his Flight from Court.



HILE the Court of King GING GUET were busied in making the requisite Preparations for War, and were not a little puzzled how to effect it, he not be-

ing a Prince easily prevailed on to withdraw a Penny out of his Coffers, Notice came, that a Province, bordering on King FORTESERRE'S Territory, intended to revolt. It was concluded, that the whole Court should repair thither, that the Sovereign's Presence might calm that Sedition. Then was Prince TITI sent for out of the Country. GINGUET and TRIPASSE looked on him with a very indifferent Eye, deeming him the sole Cause of all those Troubles and Commotions; and her Majesty, in particular, F 3 heartily.

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heartily regretted the two Golden Ginguets which the had fent him the Morning after her having carried away his Diamonds, in the Manner as has been related.

The Court set out, and in a short Time arrived on the Frontier, preceded and sollowed by a sew Troops drawn from such Garisons as lay nearest the Road. Ginguer's Presence had the desired Effect. This Province was appointed for the general Rendezvous of the whole Army, when assembled. Ginguer would not be the first who began Hostilities; and King Forteserre, before he commenced the War, would make sure of those Potentates against whom he wanted to have entered into Alliance with Ginguer. Thus they both had Time to take their respective Measures.

Then it was that L'EVEILLE diverted himself in giving Specimens of his new Art. As he could not abide the young Prince, Titi's Cadet, he frequently went invisible to play unlucky Pranks with him. Sometimes he got behind his Chair, as he was dining in public at the King's Table, and as he was about to put into his Mouth a Spoonful of Soop, he would jog his Elbow, and make him spill it on the Table-Cloth; and did the like to him several Times as he was drinking: And this at length made their Majesties so angry, that

they would never suffer him to sit at Table

with them when they eat in public.

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Once, when a certain Town of that Province, had presented to the Queen a fine large Cup, of Rock-Crystal, with its Cover of the fame, having thereon a Groupe of Cupids admirably well cut, the young Prince, like other Children on like Occasions, wanted to handle this Rarity; and accordingly begged his Mother's Permission. Her Majefty had the Complaifance to comply with his Request, and gave it him into his Hands; but scarce had he touched it, when L'EVEILLE pushed him, and, slap, the fine Cup was all in Shatters upon the Floor. This Bout, indeed, her Majesty's Paffion got the Upper-hand of her mater. nal Tenderness. She caused the poor young Prince to be whipped 'till the Blood came, and forbad him to come into her Presence for a whole Month. By this Instance it is plain, that Avarice had, in this Princess, the Predominancy over all other Sentiments.

But L'EVEILLE did not confine to these petty Pranks alone the Gift of Invisibility which had been bestowed on him, but made excellent good Use of it. He would slide into the King's Chamber, when their Majesties were all alone laying their Heads close together, or with their Ministers in Consultation; and, listening to their Discourses,

courses, repeated all to Prince TITI, without however telling his Highness by what Means he came by fuch good Intelligence, He also went to the Ministers Houses, glided into the best Companies, and learned the Subjects of all their Conversations: But, with a malicious Unluckiness, not pardonable in any other than a Page, whenever he there met with any great Talker, who vainly affected to use florid Sentences, or one who fatigued his Company with a prolix Discourse, or such as maintained their Argument with Warmth, he would give fuch a Person a Fillup on the Tip of his Nose, which would stop the Haranguer quite short, and excite Laughter in all the others to behold his Movements, and the Surprise he was put into by this invisible Fillup.

Very frequently, when he beheld any Persons he suspected in a Coach, earnest in Talk, he ran by it listening if he could pick out any Thing worth knowing. If he saw any such Person's writing, he looked over their Shoulder, and read what they wrote; and would also look sharp for the Answers to such Letters, and often take them away out of the Closets of those to whom they were directed. In short, he made himself acquainted with every Affair of Moment, either in Politics or Gallantry; nothing of what he wanted to know could

escape his Knowledge.

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In this Manner he informed Prince TITI of fuch as were really in his Interest, and of those who only feigned themselves to be so: He found four Noblemen truly attached to his Highness: A Proof that there was still some Store of Virtue in King GINGUET'S Court. Which is the Court wherein a Prince can affure himself of four faithful Servants! Miferable Princes stand in the utmost Need of fuch Eveilles as this of Prince TITI: For he was himself fincerely faithful to him; he never abused the Confidence his Master reposed in him, in differving some, or favouring others; nor betrayed him under the Cloak of being zealous for his Interest. On this Account it was, as well as for his natural good-Nature, that he had merited the Gift of Invisibility.

But what highly grieved Prince TITI was, to see every where what he had been told by L'EVEILLE; viz. That neither the King, the Queen, nor the Ministers, had one Person by whom they were truly beloved. Those who expressed most Zeal and Attachment for them, were no other than vain, deceitful, selfish Counterfeits, with such rancoured Hearts, and Souls so detestably black, that they would not be gained even by reposing in them the utmost Considence, nor by loading them with daily Benefactions. L'EVEILLE wrote a

Journal

Journal of all the Discoveries he made; but as it is penned in a Cypher not legible by any but himself, we may in this Point say of him, That he gave his said

Journal also a Kind of Invisibility.

GINGUET caused the Fortifications he wat making, in order to fecure that Frontier, to be pushed on without any Intermission, Prince TITI, defirous of Instruction, was hourly either with the Engineers, or among the Workmen, asking both these and those numberless Questions. As he was for diving to the Bottom of Things, he entered into the minutest Particulars, and would not defift 'till he perfectly comprehended the Matter in Question. One Day he went to view a Piece of Land, where they defigned to fortify a certain Post, for a Communication between two Places, and he advanced thence towards a small Eminence, close to which ran gliding along a pretty confiderable Rivulet, and all the other Land beyond it lay very low. TITI judged that, by altering the Course of that Stream, the Water might eafily be made to overflow the faid low Ground, which, as it was a fat Soil, would by that Means become a miry Swamp, and confequently impaffable.

The better to discover the Situation of that Quarter, he rode up to a little House, standing on the Summit of that Eminence. There he found a well-looking Man and

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Woman, whom he most courteously desird not to be any Way uneasy, and only
o give him Leave to take a Tour about
their Inclosure. This being as civilly granted, his Highness dismounted, to avoid doing any Mischief. Having thoroughly examined all he wanted, and concluded that
it might be made a very advantageous
Post, he returned in order to remount his
Horse: But as the Day was sultry, and he
was withal somewhat heated with walking,
he found himself faintish, and intreated those
good People, who were at their Door, that
they would be so kind as to give him a
Draught of Water.

The good Man (who had been told, by a Footman, that he was the Prince) anfwered him thus. "I beg your High-" ness's Leave to refuse you Water, 'till " you have done me the Honour and Fa-" vour to accept a Glass of my Cherry-" Brandy: It would be endangering your " Life for you now to drink cold Water." TITI accepted it with Pleasure: And the good Man and his Wife defired he would step into the House, while they rinced the Glasses. He thanked them: But as they pressed him to do them that Honour, he to pleasure them entered, tho' he could rather have stayed without. He there found a most charmingly neat Parlour; and had the Curiofity to go into another, which was

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still more fo. This Neatness excited in him a Desire to see the Upper-Rooms, whence he believed he might take a yet better View of the Station he had been examining; and therefore asked Permission of the good Folks: They told him, "His

" Highness was Master."

TITI ascended the Stair-Case, and went into a Chamber, where he found a Girl, or rather a young Goddess, busily employed in taking a Draught of the circumjacent Country. He was furprised, or to fay better, feized with Aftonishment at the Charms of this young Beauty. A strange Emotion, fuch as he had never known 'till then, deprived him of Speech for some Moments. He made her as respectful a Reverence as if she had been Empress of the Universe, and was retiring, with many Excuses for his disturbing her, when the good Dame, coming up with Glasses, fresh Water and Cherry-Brandy, made him go in again to drink. TITI re-entered in as much Confusion as he had been in at coming out. He quite forgot he was thirsty: Nor did he at all recollect, that he was come up there in order to examine the neighbouring Country. They fet him a Chair by the Window. He looked out at the Country, but faw none of it. He drank, but knew not whether it was Cherry-Brandy, or fair Water. He turned his Eyes towards in

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owards the young Damsel, but durst not eep them there a Moment: However, aking Courage, he at length drew near the Table, to look on what she was drawing.

This Damsel's Surprise and Emotion, ame not a Whit short of Prince TITI's: But her innocent Youth, and the Retirenent she lived in, might very well exuse this Emotion. She shewed the Prince er Drawing, and pointed to each Part ut at the Windows; and tho' almost all he had done was wrong, yet TITI cried o every Thing Extremely well! Excellent! vithout knowing what was shewed him. He drank a Glass of Water, presented him by the Mistress of the House; for which he thanked the Daughter; for this young Charmer was those good Peoples only Child. she was in her fourteenth Year, and they named her BIBI - BOUCHI. It would be needless to enter on a Detail of her being he most perfect of Nature's Works. Pofibly there are People in the World who will not believe it; nevertheless, nothing s more certain. It would likewise be to no Purpose, to undertake a true Description of her; there not being any Terms capable of expressing, either the Perfection of her Features, the Exquisiteness of her Complexion, the delicate Symmetry of her Make, the wonderful Sweetness of her Looks, the Charms of her Smiles, her modest

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modest Air, the ravishing Accent of her Voice, or, in short, the Graces and Beauties of her whole Person. Nor, indeed, did any Painter ever succeed in drawing the Picture of Bibi; nor could any Poet ever make a Copy of Verses worthy of her.

Prince TITI took Leave, in order to meditate on her at his Leisure. Scarce had he thanked the good Folks, and got on Horseback, but he spurred away, to get far from a House which he was very unwilling to quit; but it was only in order wholly to abandon himself to the indelible Impressions which he had there received. L'EVEILLE, who had followed him thither, would have taken the Liberty to entertain his Highness with some pleasant Discourses, according to his Custom: But the Prince bid him leave him alone a little to his own Thoughts, and follow him only at a certain Distance.

Titi had never loved. He found himfelf to be a quite different Person; but a Person divinely happy, tho' under a Kind of uneasy and tumultuous Agitation. To relate what he revolved in his Mind, would be as difficult as to draw Bibi's Picture. He was fully determined on returning thither on the Morrow; and, to make sure of some plausible Pretext to do it, he went to the Head-Engineer, and made him conclude er

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onclude on chusing the said Eminence where Bibi's House was, for the projected Post of Communication: This Place the Engineer knew already. Titi accordingly got him to go with him next Morning, to re-view the Ground, and take the last Resolution; which when done, he insisted, that he should leave the Execution of it to himself; to which the other readily enough agreed: And Titi was very joyful that, under the Pretext of applying to what regarded the Art of War, he might assure himself of a Means of seeing every Day his beloved Bibi.

In the Morning then he repaired thither with the Engineer, where they took all their Measures, drew out a Plan, and resolved to begin the Work as soon as they could procure his Majesty's Approbation. The Engineer could not but admire the great Genius and Capacity of his Highness, in all the Reasons and Arguments he heard him use, in Relation to the better ordering this Affair. A Person animated by Love, becomes thereby more clear-sighted and adroit. The Engineer knew not from whence Titi had acquired all this Light and Knowledge.

His Highness had at that Time no other Uneasiness, but what arose from his Apprehensions of a Delay. He durst not himself press the King to have this Project put

in immediate Execution: But he used such pressing Instances with the Engineer to get it approved at Court, and begun forthwith, that he promised him, he would not fail speaking of it to the Prime-Minister, that very Evening: And, in Effect, the Matter was actually concluded on in three Days, and on the fourth begun, under TITI's Direction.

During those five Days he had seen BIBI only once; but had not ceased thinking on her even a Moment. The Pretext he took to get a Sight of her, was to go thither with the Plan of these new Fortifications in his Hand, telling the good Man, "That "they were to set about it very speedily; but that he should not thereby suffer

" any Manner of Prejudice."

"How can that possibly be, My Lord? cried he. "The least can befal is, I must be obliged to quit my Habitation. He "who is to command in this Fort, will, undoubtedly, want to posses himself of my House: And besides, if that should not be the Case, it standing here alone, as it does, and to be invironed with Solidiers, I should not be at all willing to "leave there my Wife and Daughter."

"I have foreseen all this, said the Prince, and will take Care of it. The Fortifications (continued he, shewing him the Plan) are at the Foot of this Eminence:

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" Behind this great Bastion is to be a Lodg-" ment for the Officers; and all along " here are to be the Soldiers Barracks. This " Piece of Ground I shall annex to yours, " and shall incompass your whole Inclo-" fure with a good Wall; and will more-" over front your House with a large Court-" yard: Infomuch that you will be better " and more fecure than ever you was. And, " if, in order to encourage the Work by " my Presence, I shall be obliged occasi-" onally to pass the Night here, I will either " build me a Hut, or set up a Tent, for " my Accommodation."

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> " No, My Prince, replied this good " Man (pierced to the Quick with Ad-" miration and Acknowledgment for fuch " extraordinary Bounty) I would absolute-" ly put Fire to my House, should I see " your Highness offer to set up a Tent " or Hut, in this Neighbourhood, for your " own Lodging. My whole Habitation.

> " is intirely at your Service. I can very " easily contrive a Lodging in my Barn " for me and my fmall Family: But I

> " positively assure your Highness, that I " will burn my House down to the Ground

" if you do not make Use of it."

The good Woman also joined her Compliments, or rather Inftances, to what her Husband had been saying. BIBI's Heart wished, that his Highness would accept the Offer,

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Offer, and already tasted a Pleasure in those Wishes. As for TITI, he was so charmed, even to the Bottom of his very Soul, that he was scarcely able to contain this Excess of Joy. He thanked them; saying, "That, in Quality of their Friend, and no otherwise, he would accept of a Room in their House; provided they did not put themselves to any Manner of

" Inconveniency."

Soon after the first Hand was layed to these new Fortifications, Prince TITI made his Advantage of this kind Offer. He would make Use of only two Rooms; one for himself, where he would also make his Page lye, and another for his Valet: The rest of his Domestics were lodged in a Village not far diftant. He withal had a Tent placed near the Workmen, whither fuch as had any Business with him resorted, to receive his Orders: But he would not permit any one to come to him at his new Lodging; the Centinels posted at the Avenues not fuffering any to pass, except his two Servants, or fuch as wanted to speak with the Master of the House.

Passion, he took not one Step whereby his Love could be discovered. Certain Glances, which now and then escaped him, but always with Fear, could only make BIBI imagine, that the Prince had a Tenderness

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for her: And he likewise sometimes fancied he beheld in the Eyes of Bibi something more than mere Indisserence. This Idea inchanted him; but he durst not abandon himself to it intirely. He would most gladly have discoursed with her alone; but that was a downright Impossibility: Bibi never quitted her Mother. Once, indeed, when he found them both in the Garden, he gave Bibi a Squeeze by the Hand, in delivering her somewhat she had let fall, and, by the tenderest Look imaginable, gave her to understand how ardently he did burn for her, with the most perfect Love in the World.

Being one Day at Court, Princes BLANCHE-BRUNE gave him two Oranges of a most extraordinary Size. These he brought to his dear BIBI, and had, as he gave them to her, the Address to slide into her Hand a Scrap of Paper, whereon he had written the following Verses.

Should BIBI wish for the Hesperian Fruit,

From me the Dragons would but guard in vain:
The Loves would all assist in my Pursuit;

Show me the Way, and bring me back again.

BIBI took Care not to confound this Paper with that wherein the two fair Oranges were wrapped up: She concealed it very adroitly, and foon after withdrew to perufe

gallant than tender, and read them over and over several Times; tho' she perfectly comprehended them at the first Reading. She was quite inchanted with them; and, being gone to Bed, she repeated them to herself, I know not how often, before she

fell afleep.

One Scruple, however, diffurbed the Pleafure which she tasted from TITI's Gallantry. It was, that, among the Maxims of Conduct, which her good Parents were very frequently giving her, they principally infifted on the following; viz. That Men love young Girls only to ruin them, and make them miserable. Yet, that a Maiden ought not to be petulant, and unmannerly: That, in a polite, pleasant Manner, she may bear what Fooleries are said to ber, treating the Whole as a mere Fest. But that, when any one would perfuade her, that he is really in Love with her, She must not fail to acquaint ber Father and Mother. That, if a Man offered ber a Letter, or Billet, she should never receive it; but in case he got one delivered to her by any other Means whatsoever, she ought to carry it immediately to those Persons who had the Care of her Conduct.

"Now (faid she to herself) my Father and Mother most certainly know the "World better than I do: And surely

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" these Instructions must be good, fince " they have fo often repeated them. I am " in the Wrong not to have shewed them " these Verses." However she determined on repairing that Fault in the Morning; nor did she fail.

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" I humbly beg Pardon (faid she to her " Parents) for not acquainting you, last " Night, with a Thing which I ought to " have told you then. The Prince, in giv-" ing me those two Oranges, put into my " Hand a little Piece of Paper, with some " Verses written on it. Here it is," added she, laying down the Paper. The Father

took it up, read the Verses, and said: " How dost thou like them, Daughter?" " I think them pretty enough," answered "What meanest thou by pretty " enough? (continued her Father;) they are " charming. His Highness is a fine gallant "Gentleman, and thou oughtest to think " thy felf infinitely obliged to him, for com-" posing Verses on a Girl of so mean a Degree as thou art." " That is true, faid B1-BI; he is extremely good and obliging." " He is a Prince of a most excellent Disposition (added the good Man) " and I believe he loves thee a little, my " dear BIBI; dost not thou believe so too? " Yes, I do believe it, indeed, replied Bi-" B1: He puts on fuch a kind Sort of Air

" when he looks at me; fo sweet, and fo

good-humoured." " Ay, I have thought fo fome Time (continued her Father;) I observed I know not what about his Eyes: I must needs own, he is a charming Prince: Doft not thou think him fo, as " well as I?" "Yes, my dear Father; returned she; he is all over charming." " But, my good Girl; added he, doft not " thou also love him a little Bit? Come " tell us the Truth: I dare lay a Wager, " that thou dost love him, almost as well as he loves thee. " At this, the poor Girl blushed, and hung down her Head,. "Thou doft not answer me, Girl, faid he; what, is there then any " Harm in loving?" "O, as to Harm, re-" plied BIBI, I did not mean any: May Hea-" ven preserve me from any such Thought." But thou dost love him then, my dear " Girl? Dost thou love him dearly?" "Yes, faid fhe, I do love him a great

"Deal." "Thou takest then a Pleasure in looking at him? (continued the good Man:) "What wilt thou do when these

" new Fortifications are finished, and we fhall, perhaps, never see him any more?"

"O, I can venture to lay any Thing, that we shall see him again sometimes;" replied she. "How knowest thou that? said the Father: Has the Prince told thee

" fo?" "No, faid she; he has never " spoken with me by myself; but I can

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however fee very plainly, that he will " now and then return hither to fee us." I would, with all my Heart, thou wert a " Boy, answered her Father; I would beg " him to take thee with him when he goes " to the Army." " And I would do it " with all my Soul, faid BIBI." " But dost thou call to Mind (continued " the good Man) that his Highness is the " King's eldest Son, who will one Day be "King himself, and that thou art only the " Daughter of a poor Commoner? And " even wert thou Daughter to the greatest " Nobleman in the Land, thou could'st ne-" ver hope to be his Wife; and a virtuous " Maiden ought not to love any Man but " him she is to marry." " Alas! my " dear Father, replied BIBI; I think no-" thing at all about that. I would rather " die than do any Thing to vex either you " or my dear Mother. I love the Prince, " without knowing why. I love him, be-" cause he seems to be so mild, so gene-" rous, and so very good natured; and be-" cause he looks on me with so much Kind-

" fome Kindness for me: But since I ought not to love him, I will not love him any more. I very well know, that he is a

" nefs, I cannot believe but that he has

" great Prince, and that has always given me a Pain; I had much rather he was

" only a private Person."

"Thou art intirely in the Right, my dear Child, returned the Father; but thou wilt find it a very difficult Task to cease loving him; for he is truly amiable. "Wilt thou promise to tell me when thou dost no longer love him?" "Yes, said Bibi, I do promise you. I believe I "shall always love him a little, but I will not love him as I do now; and I will tell "you when I begin to love him less." "Without fibbing?" said he. "Yes, "without fibbing a Bit, replied Bibi: "Why should I tell you a Fib." Her Father them embraced her, and began to talk of other Matters.

It is easy to perceive, that BIBI loved the Prince with a Love as tender as it was innocent and natural. But as a Love, at first very innocent, does too often produce most pernicious Consequences, and Opportunities fail not to render it criminal, the Father could not avoid being uneasy, had it been only on BIBI's own Account. The Prince's Prudence and virtuous Disposition in some Measure re-assured him: Nevertheless he knew that, as a little Spark of Fire might cause a great Conslagration, his surest Way was, to prevent the Mischief.

This good Man had formerly been in the World, and was of no mean Extraction. The Perfidies he met with in it, and which were actually his Ruin, had induced him to

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tire from it. The Wife he married was of his own Family, and to her appertained the neat little Mansion wherein they dwelled. A Maid Servant and a Carter were all his Domestics. He himself assisted both in manuring his Land and cultivating his little Garden, paffing his Life happily in Innocence, with his Wife and Daughter, for whose Sake alone he could have defired a greater Affluence of Fortune; and they had good Sense enough to be contented with their Situation: Neither were they sensible of any other Pain, but that which they believed the Master of their House underwent, while he cultivated their Ground in cold or wet Weather. They did their utmost to recompense him at his Return home, by their Careffes, accompanied by a thousand endearing little Cares. In order to preserve themfelves from that tiresome Sort of Uneafiness. whence arises Ill-humour even when we are with those we most love, they would divert themselves at Cards, Draughts, Reading, &c. Otherwise, in Winter, near a good Fire, and in Summer under the cool Shade of some fine spreading Tree, the good Man would now and then entertain them with Tales of Fairies, without either Rhime or Reason, as we say, yet which would amuse them as much as if his Topics had been the Origins of the greatest Empires, or Systems

of Philosophy, and which oftentimes are not a Tittle truer than those Fairy-Tales.

This good Man's Name was Abor. He was apprehensive lest the new Passion, which his dear Bibi had conceived, should change, or put out of Order her Ideas, and, by making her desirous of a different Kind of Life, render her unhappy in that wherein she had thitherto lived so contentedly.

He therefore determined on fending her to pass some Time with a She-Relation of theirs, living in a Town about ten Leagues diftant; and accordingly spake of it to his Wife, who was also sensible of the Necessity there was for their coming to fuch a Refolution: But not to irritate a Paffion which they wanted to eradicate, and destroy, they were of Opinion, that BIBI should not know, or even suspect the Design of this Journey: And, in order to prevent it, ABOR wrote to this Cousin, that she should send to invite his Wife and Daughter to come and flay with her a little While; and that she afterwards should know the Reason. This Relation of theirs was a Widow, who had no others in the House with her but her three Maiden Daughters, busied at Home in gaining a Livelihood for her and themselves by their daily Labour: So that there BIBI could have no Examples but good ones.

That Afternoon, TITI, having visited the Works, returned and entered his Land-

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lady's Chamber, as usual. He thought he remarked some Change in BIBI's Countenance. She did not lift up her Eyes to look in his Face, no not even when she rose to make him a Reverence; and, presently after his coming in she went away, and shut herself up in her Room. Next Day she anticipated the Prince's Return, and retired before. He saw her not all the Day long, which gave him inexpressible Pain. Instead of going to his Bed, he went to walk in the Garden. L'EVEILLE sollowed him thither. TITI spake not to him; but that saithful Page broke the Silence which he thought tiresome.

" My Prince, faid he, your Highness is " very thoughtful: Will you please to own " the Truth, in case I guess it rightly? You " conceal from me the Cause of your " Thoughtfulness, of which I fancy my felf " not ignorant; and I may, perhaps, ferve " you in this, as effectually as I do in ac-" quainting you with what is transacted or " deliberated at Court. Your Highness is " enamoured of the charming BIBI : You " have not feen her to-day; and you are " obliged to be at Court to-morrow. You " will go away without having a Sight of " her; and this is what afflicts you." " Me!" faid the Prince. " Yes, your " Highness;" replied the Page. " It is " a good While fince I perceived your Af-

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"fection for her; that you dearly love her, and will do so as long as you live. I perceived it from the very Moment you first beheld her: And I daily observe, while I am telling you what I have discovered of most Moment, that, instead of giving Ear to my Discourse, your whole Mind is taken up with her only. Nay, I will tell your Highness more yet: She is at least as much in Love with you, as you

are with her. "

Ah! what dost thou tell me, L'Eve
"Ah! what dost thou tell me, L'Eve
"Her Eyes have taught it me, replied he;

"one needs only look at her when you

are present. Her Eyes, I say, her Co
lour, the Tone of her Voice, are all

Love and Emotion. But confide in me,

let me alone to do as I know how, and I

will speedily bring you Tidings: For I

shall come to the Knowledge of whatever

she does, as I know all the King does,

whenever I please."

would be unnecessary here to repeat. He gave him to understand, in a hundred disserent Manners, that BIBI was superlatively preserable to all the Princesses in the Universe; and nothing on Earth was so beautiful, nothing so perfect. He would have wasted the whole Night in Repetitions of the same Things, had not L'EVEILLE put him

in Mind, "That all these Matters were "fuch undoubted Truths, that there was

" not the least Necessity for his repeating

" them; whereas there was a real Necessity

" they should go to Bed.

TITI departed next Morning without feeing his beloved BIBI. What occasioned his revisiting the Court, was a grand Festivity, which that Province would needs be at the Expence and Trouble of, thereby to esface such ill Impressions as had been received touching its Loyalty. This Festival was of a whole Weeks Continuance, in which Space of Time were to be seen Tiltings, Bull-sighting, and still more bloody Combats of Gladiators, besides Balls, Operas, Comedies; and, in short, whatsoever Extravagancies a deprayed Taste could invent or devise to divert such as still themselves Rational Beings.

All this Pageantry TITI beheld with a killing Disrelish. "Is not, cried he, a "fingle Glance of BIBI's abundantly pre"ferable to all those pompous Extrava"gancies!" At length he returned to her, with a Joy equal to the Regret which he had undergone, on Account of his being separated from her. He brought her a very pretty Box, which had been given him by Princess Blanchebrune, together with a Cage to hold a Bird, which he had in the

faid little Box.

When BIBI heard he was come, the blushed, turned pale, and would have run to lock herfelf up in her Chamber: But that would have been too much taken Notice of; wherefore her Mother hindered that, and ordered her to behave as usual. The poor Girl was in fuch a violent Agitation, that it gave her a terrible Pain in the Stomach; yet durst she not complain. Prince found her so altered, that he asked if the had not been fick. He presented to her the Cage, together with the Box, wherein he told her was a Bird, which was to be put into that Cage; but that BIRI must carry it into her Chamber, to take out the Bird, lest, if she opened the Box in that Room where they were, it should fly away, the Door and Windows being all open.

BIBI, who feared there was some Mistery in all this, and being willing to avoid giving her Father and Mother any Suspicion, and prevent the Prince's executing any Design he might have, said, They needed only shut the Windows and Door of the Room they were in, for a Moment: And, notwithstanding TITI winked at her, and did all he could to persuade her, that she might do it with more Sasety in her own Chamber, she would not be prevailed on.

The Windows and Door were therefore made fast, and she opened the Box (which

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was of Tortoise-Shell, with a Silver Rim, &c. of very neat Workmanship) and found there a Linnet, the Feathers of whose Wings were tied, two and two, with narrow Flame-coloured Ribbons. It had about its Neck a Slip of Paper neatly folded, and saftened, in Nature of a Collar, with a Knot of the same coloured Ribbon.

"this Manner, cried BIBI, to bid me have a Care of the Bird's flying away? There is not much Danger of the poor little Creature's making his Escape; you have tied his Wings too fast for that: But let us see what he has got in this Bit of Paper." Upon this she took off the Paper Collar, giving it her Father to read. TITI laughed; but it was only from the Lips outward. He would have been very glad the Father had not seen this Paper: It was designed for BIBI only. However, her Father unfolding it, read as follows.

Delightful Source of tender Love!

You've fix'd my Heart for ever true:

I have no Wings to fly from you.

Who sees you once can never rove.

"This fame Linner, faid ABOR, is a very gallant Spark methinks: But he feems not to know, that my Girl nei-

When BIBI heard he was come, the blushed, turned pale, and would have run to lock herfelf up in her Chamber : But that would have been too much taken Notice of; wherefore her Mother hindered that, and ordered her to behave as usual. The poor Girl was in fuch a violent Agitation, that it gave her a terrible Pain in the Stomach; yet durst she not complain. The Prince found her so altered, that he asked if hie had not been fick. He presented to her the Cage, together with the Box, wherein he told her was a Bird, which was to be put into that Cage; but that Bir must carry it into her Chamber, to take out the Bird, left, if she opened the Box in that Room where they were, it should fly away, the Door and Windows being all open.

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was of Tortoise-Shell, with a Silver Rim, &c. of very neat Workmanship) and found there a Linnet, the Feathers of whose Wings were tied, two and two, with narrow Flame-coloured Ribbons. It had about its Neck a Slip of Paper neatly solded, and sastened, in Nature of a Collar, with a Knot of the same coloured Ribbon.

"this Manner, cried BIBI, to bid me have a Care of the Bird's flying away? There is not much Danger of the poor little Creature's making his Escape; you have tied his Wings too fast for that: But let us see what he has got in this Bit of Paper." Upon this she took off the Paper Collar, giving it her Father to read. TITI laughed; but it was only from the Lips outward. He would have been very glad the Father had not seen this Paper: It was designed for Bibi only. However, her Father unfolding it, read as follows.

Delightful Source of tender Love!

You've fix'd my Heart for ever true:

I have no Wings to fly from you.

Who sees you once can never rove.

"This fame Linner, faid Abor, is a very gallant Spark methinks: But he feems not to know, that my Girl nei-

ther does, nor ought to undeftand any of these fine Gallantries. My good Prince (continued he, addressing himself to TITI) the Court - Linnets have too much Wit and Politeness for poor Country-Lasses." " We have at Court, replied TITI, fome " few sensible Birds, who prefer the real "Charms of the Country, beyond all others: And as for this Linnet, I have given him mighty good Assurances, that "he will pass his Time very agreeably " with BIBI; and he has also promised "me, that if he finds himself beloved by " her, he will never fly away: But it is " his Part to make the first Advances, " and BIBI's to tell him whether she will " love him or no. If you love him dear-" ly (pursued he, addressing BIBI) be as " fured, that you may let him fly about " the Fields, without being afraid of ever " lofing him; for he will follow you into " the Garden, and wherever else you go." "Was that fo, answered BIBI, I should " love him at my very Heart. But it will " be better for me not to fix my Mind " upon him; for, if I should happen to " be deprived of him, it would grieve ". me too much. Give me Leave, I beg " your Highness, to loosen his Wings, and " fet him at Liberty."

When BIBI had spoken these last Words, she took her Scissars, and cut all the little

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Knots which fastened the Linnet's Wings; and when she had cut them all, she opened her Hand to let him sly. The Bird feeling he was free, shook himself a little on Br-Br's Hand; and then slew to the Top of his Cage, where he stood some short Space adjusting his Plumes with his Bill; which done, he went in to seek for Food and Water: But not sinding any in the Cage, he came out again, and slew upon Bibi's Shoulder, crying Tui, Tui, as if to tell her of his Wants.

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"You see, said the Prince to her, that he loves you already, tho you will not love him." I! answered Bibi (taking the Bird and kissing it) I am going to love him, even to Folly." She then put it in the Cage, gave it Water, filled the different little Troughs with proper Seeds, went into the Garden for Pimpernel, &c. to cover the Cage, and took it away to her Chamber.

Titi then went out to look how the Works proceeded, or indeed to walk off his Chagrin. He very readily comprehended the Meaning of Abor's Words. "The old "Man, faid he to himself, has dived into "my Sentiments towards his Daughter." With what audacious Face can I appear

" before him? What will the Man not ima-

"gine? How will he regret his having "pressed me to lodge with him! The Re-

" fpect he bears me will not permit him to bid me quit his House: But ought I to

" can I bear the discontented Looks of a

"Man who, very possibly, suspects me of a

"Defign to infinuate my felf into his Daughter's Affection, in order to decoy her

" away ? "

He was in a terrible Conflict within himself. whether he should leave ABOR's House directly, or discover to him the Purity of his Affection for BIBI: For fuch was this excellent Prince's Disposition, that he would not have disquieted his meanest Groom. He believed nothing more unworthy of a Prince, than the abusing his Superiority of Degree, by doing what he durst not attempt, was he only a private Person: In his Eyes nothing was baser or more cowardly. But he would certainly have undergone a still severer Conflict of Mind, had he known that BIBI and her Mother were invited to pass some Time at their Relation's, and that, the first Opportunity, ABOR was to conduct them this This careful Father had, in Effect, received the Letter of Invitation which he wrote for, and waited only Prince TITI's next Journey to Court, in order to convey BIBI and her Mother to the House of their faid Cousin. Accordingly, three Days after, TITI departed, taking one Road, and was

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no fooner gone than ABOR, with his Wife and Daughter, took another quite different.

BIBI had received from her Father and Mother great Commendations for her Behaviour with Relation to the Box and Cage; and they had careffed her after that still more and more every Day: Yet all this prevented not her being very sensible, that they were carrying her away to this Relation's purely to remove her from the Sight of Prince TITI: She looked on it as her Duty to obey without repining; nevertheless her Sorrow at this Removal appeared very visible in her Countenance, whether she would or no. This grieved her Father extremely, tho' he seemed not to have observed it.

At her Departure from home, she had asked Leave to take her Linnet with her; which Request Abor durst not resuse; but contented himself with telling her, "That, "if she would leave it, he himself would "take all possible Care of it; and that he "was asraid the Jolting of the Coach might "hurt that poor little Bird." However Bibi earnestly begged, that she and her Bird might not be parted: So she set the Cage in her Lap, and had much ado to refrain from Tears. In fine, they all got safe to their Journey's End, and Abor returned to his Home as safely.

TITI was still three Days absent. But, ye Gods! Is there any describing the Sentiments of this Prince's Soul, when, at his Return from Court, he no longer found his dear BIBI? Never was Griefequal to his. That little House, which he had deemed far preferable to the most magnificent Palace upon Earth, was now in his Eyes no other than a frightful Defart. He withdrew to his Chamber, threw himself into a Chair, got up again, flung himself upon the Bed, and a Moment after called to have his Horses saddled, that he might go back again: But then presently reflecting, that this would be only making a great Noise to no Manner of Purpose, he gave a Counter-Order, and went on Foot into the Fields, where he fatigued himself very much with walking, and whence he returned not before Bed-Time.

Being in Bed, he discoursed with L'EvE-ILLE of his Vexation at BIBI's Absence, and asked him, if he could not give any Tidings of her: For ABOR, who readily supposed, that this Removal of his Daughter would be disagreeable to his Highness, had avoided feeing him. But L'EVEILLE had been talking with the good Man's Servants, who had informed him where BIBI was, and even told him, "That they believed it was " on the Prince's Account, they had carri-" ed her away." He then repeated to his Highness all their Discourse; and withal af-

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fured him that, within three Days, he should know the whole Manner how BIBI passed her Time.

Man and Maid Servants should know the Cause of BIBI's being removed out of the House. This Prince was ignorant, that, how close and circumspect soever Masters and Mistresses are in other Respects, they are not careful enough with Regard to their Domestics, who pry into every Thing, and that nothing escapes their Knowledge. A single Word dropped before them, and which the Speaker fancied they did not hear or regard; nay even a simple Sign, will let them into Secrets which were thought to be

perfectly well concealed.

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L'EVEILLE told his Highness, that he must be pleased to grant him a three Days Absence, and that, when that Time was expired, he would bring him certain Tidings of BIBI: He thereupon lest him to his Rest. But this Prince notwithstanding he was very much tired, the Disquiet of his Mind overcame his bodily Weariness. He could not shut his Eyes all the Night long; only towards Morning he fell into a very restless Sort of Slumber, and waked with a cruel Fever upon him. About Noon his Valet came in, without being called, and was not a little afflicted, as well as surprised, at finding him in that Condition. He ran to know of Abor

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where he might get a Doctor, till he could have one of the King's Phylicians fent for from Court. A BOR thereupon, in a terrible Emotion, entered the Prince's Chamber.

The good Man was apprehensive that his Daughter BIBI'S Removal might have brought on his Highness this Fever; and he bore the Prince such Affection, that he could not avoid reproaching himself for having occasioned his Indisposition. TITI gave him the Good-morrow, and then said, he desired to be left alone: But Abor could not bear the Thoughts of leaving him so.

"Does not your Highness please, said "he, that a Physician be sent for?" No,

" replied the Prince, I absolutely forbid it; and require nothing at all, but only to be

fufficient Presence of Mind to send away his Valet, under Presence of fetching him fresh Water from a Fountain at some small Distance, at the Foot of a rising Ground, he went on thus. "ABOR; you may setch

back your Wife and Daughter: I shall go hence in a very few Hours, and trouble

- " your House no more."

Why does your Highness say this to me? returned ABOR. Do you believe

that I have carried them away upon your

"Account?" "Yes, I do believe fo;

faid TITI, with a Tone of some Resentment, and you dare not, to my Face, aver

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" aver the Contrary." ABOR stood quite confused; and, falling on his Knees, close by the Prince's Bed-side, said; "Permit " me, my Prince, to tell you, that besides " the Respect I owe your Highness, I love " you too well to diffemble with you. I " have no more than one Child; and she " abundantly contributes towards the Sweet-" ness of Life which I enjoy in this Soli-" tude. She is young and wholly unexpe-" rienced. You are obliging to her, you " make her Prefents, and compose pretty " Verses on her; and there needs not half " that to turn the Brain of a Girl of her " Age, and, spite of the wide Distance be-"tween your Highness and her, to excite "Thoughts to which she is yet a Stranger, " and which would not fail of making the " Child, her Mother, and my self compleat-" ly miserable. For this Reason, Sir, I " have removed her; I own I did; and " could I do otherwise?" " No; faid the Prince: However you " must give me a Hearing. I am now " twenty-one Years old, continued he, and " never was in Love. I had a Sight of " your Daughter; and, the very Moment " I set Eyes on her, I am not able to de-" scribe the Impression she made on me; " fo unutterably is my Affection: And ever " fince that Instant, I have centered the " whole Felicity of my Life only in study-I 24 ing

ing how to please her, and make her love me. I perfectly well know, that I " am fo unfortunate as to be born a Prince. " and that, as fuch, I am a Slave to a vain "Grandure. I could heartily wish my felf " only a private Person, or else at least that " I was a King, to place your Daughter on " a Throne: But I am neither the one nor " the other. Nevertheless, these are the "Refolutions which I have taken. First, " That I will not be wanting in the Duty " and Submission which I owe to the King " my Father, by espousing your Daughter, even supposing she did really love me. Secondly, That I never will marry any but her if I ever come to be my own Mafter. It behoves me not to disobey my Father, by entering into any Engagements against his Pleasure : But I withal cannot believe, that his Power extends to the disposing of me in such Manner as " may make my whole Life miferable. As to the reft, I protest to you, on the Faith of a Prince, and which is more, on the Word of an honest Man, that the * Affection I bear your Daughter has not if the least Spark of what may give you Displeasure, or be unworthy of that * virtuous Maiden. I love her without having a Thought but of the Pleasure I take in loving her. I farther avow, that I never will defire of her ought that can in the 66 least " least offend you, and that my Intention " is to make her Queen, if you consent

" that she loves me faithfully, at the Ha-

" zard of becoming fuch."

ABOR'S Mind was agitated with fo many different Ideas, that he knew not what Anfwer he should return. To very little Purpose he remonstrated to the Prince his own elevated Rank, with the Lowness of that of his Daughter, the Inconstancy of the Passions, the Disgusts, Regrets and dismal Consequences; all this had not the least Effect on TITI.

The good Man next laid before him the Dangers, into which two youthful Persons, who tenderly affected each other, might eafily fall, spite of all their Resolutions and their Prudence. He painted out the Snares and the Misfortunes attending Love; nay even prefumed to go fo far as to fet forth, how unworthy that Passion was of a Prince. who ought not to have in View any other Objects than Grandure, Glory and Renown. Nothing of this could divert TITI from what he had determined.

"I have told you my whole Mind, " faid he to ABOR; consider whether you

" dare rely on the Promises I make you:

"But I beg I may have no more Ar-"guments." "Should both I and my
Daughter be exposed to the greatest

"Miferies, replied the good Man, I will

or not fail in my Respect for your Princely Person, nor diminish the Considence "I have reposed in your Virtue. Little " Defire have I that my Daughter should afcend a Throne: The Way which leads to it terrifies me more than the Honour of having her there can tempt me. There is no Life, Sir, really happy, but that which I lead here, in Ignorance, Tran-" quillity and Innocence. Would to Hea-" ven that you could enjoy it with my "Daughter, and that your and her Hands "were to close my Eyes. Indeed you would be happier if, being the Sovereign Monarch of a mighty Empire, you employed your whole Power folely for the Advantage and Felicity of your People, and should make Virtue your Object, and your first Recompence. My Daughter does love you, Sir, pursued he; and on that very Confideration we removed her. Have a Regard to her "Youth and her Innocence: Favour her Tenderness. Let your own Virtue render "her worthy of you; and, in case you change your Sentiments towards her, which I fincerely wish for your High-" ness's Sake, leave her me, I beseech you, " in a Condition, that I may not languish under a torturing Despair for having been the Cause of her Ruin. The first Turn your Highness makes to the Court, I

" will fetch her home with her Mother.

"Depart yourfelf with fuch Prudence, that

" the King may not discover a Secret,

" which would prove to your great De-" triment, and be my utter Destruction,

" if it ever came to his Knowledge."

" Ah! Dear ABOR! My dear Father! " cried TITI, throwing his Arms round " the good Man's Neck; you render me

" my Health, you restore me to Life!

" I will guide myfelf wholly by your

" Counsel: I will obey you as your Child:

" I will love BIBI as the Person who is

" to be my Wife, and will live with her

" no otherwise than if she was my own

" Sifter. Of all this I give you my faith-

" ful Promise."

This Conversation effectually restored Titi to his Health, and even made him feel a certain Gaiety at Heart, which he had never known before. L'EVEILLE returned on the third Day, towards Evening, and informed his Highness, "That BIBI " was fo indisposed, that she kept to her " Bed, conftantly accompanied by her Lin-" net, whose Cage she hung within her " Reach; that she would frequently take " it in her Hand, put it in her Bosom, " kifs it, and fometimes shed Tears while " fhe was looking on it." TITI was at this Recital transported with a Joy full of Tenderness, yet mingled with a Disquiet wherewherewith his Heart was forely oppressed. He departed on the Morrow, in order to pay his Devoirs to their Majesties. Three Days after he returned; when he had the infinite Satisfaction to find his dear BIBI, whom her Father had setched home again.

ABOR had acquainted his Wife with the whole Transaction; and they jointly had informed BIBI of the Prince's Sentiments for her, and withal instructed her in the unalterable Rule she must follow, in order to render herfelf more and more worthy of his TITI, at his entering Love and Esteem. the Room where all three were together, ran in a Transport of Joy, to embrace the Mother and Father, which done, he threw himfelf about BIBI's Neck, and next her Knees. It is impossible to describe the Emotions and Situation of this most amiable young Damfel; she had not Power to open her Lips: Nor could the Prince utter a Word, but " How happy am I, my dear BIBI, " How happy am I!"

From that Day forwards they lived and conversed with a Freedom which made them taste a thousand sweet Moments. They were suffered to walk out together all alone. Titi went to Bibi's Chamber to see her draw. They drew for each other quaint Devises, and whereof the Words were no less ingenious, than the Figures were agreeable. Titi could not help admiring also

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the Wit of his lovely BIBI. They frequently reforted to a pretty little Bower, called The Service-Tree Arbour, at the farther End of the Garden, where, concealed from Sight, they mutually gave and received numberless Kisses, always innocent. TITI, who beheld in BIBI a Sort of ravifhing Divinity which he adored at his very Soul, fometimes cast himself at her Feet, and embraced her Knees a long While, fpite of her, who could not bear feeing him in that Posture. BIBI, on her Side, who forgot not that her Lover was a great Prince, constantly accompanied all her Careffes with the Respect due to his Princely Dignity; and this was the only Subject of Complaint five gave TITI. She always stiled him Highness, or at least My dear Prince: One Day, on her using the Word Highness to him, he threw his Arm round her Neck, faying, "Why do you treat " me thus cruelly, my dearest BIBI? Am " I a Prince for you? It is you are my " Princess, my Queen: I would always call " you Your Majesty, was not that Stile " more respectful than tender. Never give " me any other Title than your Dear "TITI; and fay just now to me, My " dear Titi; I love thee with all my " Heart." BIBI would not. " Nay, " faid he, I politively will not let you go " 'till you fay it." There

There passed between them a little Scuffle of Instancings and Refusings. But at length the Prince having faid fomewhat earnestly; " I will have you fay fo: It is a Favour " I ask of you, and shall really be angry " if it be denied me." BIBI, whom the Prince still held straitly embraced, slided her Cheek close by the Side of TITI's, as if to hide herfelf, and lowering her Voice, as if she was afraid he should hear her, tho' it was he who injoined her to speak, she softly uttered, My dear TITI, I love thee with all my Heart; which she had no fooner faid, but she blushed extremely, as if she had committed a Crime, and the Prince then looked on with Eyes sparkling for Joy, and repayed her Compliance with a thousand rapturous Kisses.

Thus did our amiable Pair of youthful Lovers pass away their Moments most deliciously. Mean While the Fortifications were compleated, the Prince Titi had not been over and above pressing in the Affair. He must now relinquish Abor's Abode, that Palace of Love, in order to take up his Residence in that of the cruel and tumultuous Passions, the only Inhabitants whereof are Avarice, Ambition, Persidy and Arisice, where Envy, concealed under a fawning Outside, is always busied in spreading about the Poison of Calumny, and where none commend even Virtue her-

felf,

felf, but only in order to work her Ruin and Destruction.

This new Fortress was named after the Prince, being called Fort-Titi. His Highness, having given his final Orders, set out on his Return to Court. ABOR and his Wife, who loved him as their own Son, beheld his Departure with the utmost Reluctance; but there is no expressing the Affliction of the Prince and his BIBI: Yet was this fo cruel a Separation necesfary. TITI returned thither as frequently as possible, in order to mollify it, and we may also say, to renew it. Winter arrived; and with it certain Intelligence, that King FORTESERRE would infallibly enter King-GINGUET'S Territory early in the Spring: Whereupon nothing was thought on, but how to put Matters in the best Posture to give him a good Reception.

However, Prince TITI's Care for what concerned the approaching War did not, any Way, interrupt that which he owed to Love. Spite of his Hurry of Business, the Seafon's Rigour, or Badness of the Roads, he very often went to see his dear BIBI: Nor did any Obstacle prevent him from continuing that his Assiduity, but a Fit of Illness wherewith both their Majesties were

feized.

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One Evening after GINGUET and TRI-PASSE had won a great Deal at Lansquenet, and and had thut themselves up in private, to count their Winnings, a Twelve-Penny Piece of Silver chanced to fall off the Table, and both at once stooping to recover it, their Foreheads encountered with fuch Violence, that the King's had one great Bump, and the Queen's another. This, among common People, would have been nothing at all: A Piece of brown Paper well foaked in Vinegar, and applied to the Lumps, would have been a certain and speedy Remedy: But, for a King and Queen, Surgeons and Doctors must be set to Work. Thro' Respect to Royal Majesty, those Gentlemen durst not. treat the Matter as a Trifle, but had a formal Confultation. The Surgeons applied to each of their Majesties Bumps, respectively, Vulneraries feethed in Red Wine, and caufed them also to drak of their Infusions, to prevent, faid they, evil Confequences and After-Claps. As for the Phylicians, they prescribed immediate Bleeding, which the Surgeons likewise judged to be extremely convenient and requifite. Both these and those told their Majesties, that they must not either eat any Supper, speak, or apply themfelves to any one Thing. In fine, they being blooded, and their Heads well bound up, they were put gently into Bed; and by Means of all these Operations, they could not get a Wink of Sleep, and in the Morning they were found very feverish, and with Bumps

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Bumps much bigger than before. Those Contusions, heated by the Vulneraries, or Cataplasms, spread the more, and gave the Surgeons Occasion to augment the Hurt. The Doctors still kept the King and Queen from eating any Thing, faid they, not to nourish their Fever; without dreaming that, possibly, their last Night's Abstinence had contributed towards their Ailing. They tied them up to thin Broths; which Regimen, together with a Pair of Clysters, wherewith they regaled each of their Majesties, were to effect a complete Cure. However the quite contrary happened. GINGUET and TRI-PASSE became fick in good Earnest, especially his Majesty. On this Occasion it was that Prince TITI, always more exact in every Branch of his Duty than can well be expressed, would not out their Majesties a Moment. However both GINGUET and TRIPASSE repayed his dutiful Behaviour with a Coldness which would have made any other but he less assiduous. It gave him not a little Pain, nevertheles he did not therefore flacken in his Duty. He often fent L'EVEILLE to fee BIBI, but went not himself.

From the Moment GINGUET'S Illness feemed dangerous, Prince TITI, if he had been thirherto neglected, found his Court begin to increase, while the King's Apartment became almost a Desart. His High-

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ness could not help expressing some Indignation at this unworthy Procedure of the Sycophantical Courtiers. He told them, "Their

"Politics were very defective; that he hopdefective; that he hopdefective defective; that he hop-

" Father's Life; but that, if they were of

Opinion that his Majesty would not fur-

" vive long, they should at least deceive him while he was alive. Affure your

" felves, that I want none of your Friend-

" fhip at fo high a Price."

These Words of TITI's occasioned the prudentest of them to continue waiting on the King in his Apartment, as before; tho's they ceased not their Assiduites towards his Highness. Whensoever L'EVEILLE appeared, they ranged themselves in Order, to let him pass, as if he had been a State-Minister: They well knew him to be in the Prince's Favour, and they men were mighty careful never once to stille him Old Women's Page. It was pleasant enough to see how he strutted by them, what stately Airs he put on, and affected to make himself a Person of Importance amidst the base Crew of Sycophant Grandees, even the most exalted.

At length GINGUET escaped the Hands of Death and his Doctors. Immediately on his Recovery, TITI hasted away to see his BIBI, and withal to inform ABOR of the Courtiers Unworthiness. Inexpressible was BIBI's Joy at seeing her dear Prince

again.

again. "Why can I not keep you always here, cried she: Alas! I had far rather lose a Diadem, was I Mistress of one, than be a Month without the Sight of you." "And why can I not be eternally here? said he, I shall be far happier in attending on my dearest Bibi, than
I should be in having Adoration paid me

" by the whole Universe."

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Mean While the Opening of the Campaign approached, and TITI would gladly have furnished ABOR with a Sum of Money, to set that good Man's Affais in a somewhat better Posture than they were: But how was this to be effected? L'EVEILLE penetrated into the Prince's Chagrin, and applied a timely Remedy. He assured him, "That his Father was then in a Condition to supply his High as with what Money he wanted: That his good Fortune had now placed him above his former New cessity, and that his Highness needed only "write to him."

Titi ordered him to do it: And L'EveILLE's Father fent four thousand Golden
Ginguets to the Prince, who was extremely
surprised at finding his Page's Father able to
remit so considerable a Sum, and to assure
him withal, "That he would supply him
"with still more on the first Order. But his
Joy was yet greater than his Surprise, at the
Thoughts of being now in a Capacity of
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fending his BIBI a Sum not unworthy to be given by a Prince. He retained one thoufand of the Ginguets, and fent away to her the remaining three thousand; not that the Remittance was made to herfelf, but to ABOR. When this good Man received them, he seemed not a Whit more joyful, than if the Present had been a Bushel of Lentils, or other fuch common Grain. " What means his Highness! faid he to L'EVEILLE, " who brought him the Money. Doubt-" less he sends this Gold for me to lay " up for him; otherwise he only remits to " me a Subject of Trouble and Disquiet: " For Wealth is the Source of all Evils. All " I can do, added he, is to distribute these " Ginguets among fuch as want Necessaries; " as for my felf, who have all I really want, " Heaven preferve me from defiring to have " more. "

If Abor's Difinterestedness was worthy Admiration, Titi's Generosity was no less so. This Prince, who never saw a Penny at his Command, should have been naturally tempted to keep for himself some Part of so large a Sum. Nevertheless, those thousand Ginguets which he had taken out from the Whole, were all employed in Liberalities to such as had worked at the building of Fort-Titi. He produced for L'Evelle the Command of a Company in a new-raised Regiment, which he had the Satisfaction of seeing put into the said

faid Fort: And this furnished him with a Pretext for frequently sending L'EVEILLE thither; for he nevertheless still retained him near his Person, in Quality of Aid-de-Camp.

With Regard to ABOR, having been obliged to receive the three thousand Ginguets, he kept back only a thousand, as a Reserve against the Uncertainty of Events, and caused two thousand to be conveyed to that Widow-Kinswoman of his, at whose House Bibi and her Mother had been entertained. He was sensible that three Maiden Daughters of a Widow, who was necessitous, and who were forced to get a Livelihood at their Fingers Ends, lay exposed to many Dangers, from which a little Money might deliver them.

When King GINGUET made Choice of the Generals who were to command his Army, diverse Courtiers would have persuaded Prince TITI to sollicit for the Charge of Generalissimo: But this Prince constantly replied, "That his Majesty very well knew how he should proceed; and that a Man

"how he should proceed; and that a Man "must learn his Trade before he thinks on

" passing Master: Adding, that it would be "stealing away the Laurels due to deserv-

" ing Officers, to pretend to enjoy or pos" fess it without having learned to win those

" Honours. "

The Campaign opened with the Siege of a very strong Place, which King FORTE-

SERRE had caused to be invested, before all King GINGUET'S Forces were affembled. FORTESERRE commanded there in Person. GINGUET would needs do the like; and even was feemingly not without Difficulty diffuaded from heading his Army. great Fit of Sickness feom which he was lately reftored, TRIPASSE'S Tears, his Fear of lofing his Treasures if he should lose his Life, finally prevailed over his Ardour for Battle. Tirr ferved in the Army as a Voluntier, nor had he a better Equipage than if he had really been no other. This to any other Prince would have been a fignal Mortification: But as for this young Hero, he faid, "That he had even more than he " needed: That Finery and Splendor was " proper for Balls only: That a Prince " ought not to fet Examples of Luxury and " Effeminacy in Camps, where none ought to think of any Thing but hardening themselves to Labour.

Before his Departure for the Army, he went to pass a whole Day with his beloved BIBI; and with ABOR, whom he no longer stilled otherwise than Father. A few Hours before the Time when these two tender Lovers were necessarily to separate, they agreed to retire into the Service-Bower, at the Bottom of the Garden, there to take Leave of each other in particular. But how excessive was their Surprise, on entering that their

their usual Retreat, to find there a decrepid old Woman, whom TITI immediately knew to be the same good Woman he had been with at her Cottage!

" What brings you hither, good Woman?" faid he to her: And how got you in?"

" It matters not, returned she, how I got

" hither: I am come on your Account, and to do you Service. Listen to me,

" TITI, added the old Woman; The

"Respect you express for your Parents,

" fpite of the small Affection they bear or

" flew you: Your Love to BIBI, which

" always continues pure and innocent, not-" withstanding its Ardency, and Youth's

"Impetuofity; the Justice which you render

" to her Virtue and her Charms, spite of

" her so disproportionate Rank and For-

" tune; the Choice you have made of her

" to be one Day your Confort; with the

" fincere Attachment which I know the has

" to your Person, independent of that Crown

" which you may give her; and in short,

" the Goodness of your Disposition, and the

"Innocence of BIRI, do concur to engage

" me to love you both equally. I am Di-

" AMANTINA, the FAIRY; and I will be-

" flow on you a Gift: Ask of me what

" you defire."

Having uttered these last Words, the young Lovers no longer saw before them a disagreeable old Woman, but a Lady

in a most pompous Attire, and more beautiful than can well be imagined. "What " shall we ask? said TITI, transported with Excess of Gratitude. You know, "Great Lady, better than we do, what is convenient for us: Please to tell us " what we shall ask of you." " No, re-" plied DIAMANTINA, you must chuse " for yourselves." "What will you have, "BIBI? faid the Prince, looking on her with Joy." What you judge properest, " my dear Prince, answered BIBI: Speak; " I like what you like." TITI having continued infifting, and BIBI still returning the fame Answer; the Prince finally faid to her; " In case I leave the Choice " to you, what is it you will chuse? I " infift on your telling me this Moment." " Since you lay on me this Injunction, " faid BIBI, if I was to wish for any "Thing, it should be, that, whenever I " pleased, I might turn myself into a little "Bird, and fly now and then to look at " you in the Camp; for it will be a very " great Affliction for me not to see you any more, and I shall be terribly un-" eafy to know what happens to you:" "Why then grant this, if you please, Ma-" dam ;" faid TITI to the FAIRY.

"Well but, faid DIAMANTINA, do
"you rightly consider the Hazards to
"which you will be exposed? Can either

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" of you, as a little Bird, fly hence to the " Camp, or from thence hither, without " being very liable to be catched, and " devoured by fome Bird of Prey? What " then will become of the Surviver of you " two?" Titi and Bibi hereat were both in the utmost Alarm. Brer would then fain have begged, that her beloved Prince might be invulnerable: But she was not at Liberty to ask any Boon but for herfelf alone. She', however, intreated Titi to demand it for himself. "You " forget yourself, my dear BIBI; replied "the Prince. Would you have me ask " for a Privilege, which when obtained, " I should have no Use nor Occasion for " Manhood or Valour? Should I be wor-" thy of you, my Dear, if you might have " Cause to suspect, that I was courageous " only because I had nothing to fear? It " is better to die, my dearest BIBI, than " to possess Privileges which oppose the " Exercise of Virtue. Would you your " felf alk, that it might be impossible for " you to be unfaithful to me? I would " not ask it for you, even if I might ob-" tain it, tho' that is the Thing which I " most of all desire." The Case is not " altogether parallel, my dear Prince, faid " BIBI: But we are not here, at present, to " dispute. I am certainly in the Wrong, " as you are pleased to disapprove what "I urged. Nevertheless, how excessive, " alas! will be my Uncafiness, fince it

" will be equal with the Greatness of my

" affectionate Tenderness?" " Hear me; cried the FAIRY; I grant " you the Demand you first made; but I "grant it you in a more extensive De-"gree. You may, both of you, when "you think fit, become not only a Bird, " but likewise any other Creature: You " have only to wish it, and the Metamor-

" phosis shall be effected. I have only to

" put you in Mind, that you will be subject " to all those Inconveniences to which are

" exposed the Animals whose Forms you

" assume. If you let yourselves be caught, " and you are either chained, or other-

" wife confined, you cannot then re-trans-

form yourselves while you are under

"fuch Confinement. If you receive any

"Hurt, so that Blood issues from your

"Wounds, you cannot ever again become "what you were before; any more than

" you can if you devour any living Crea-

sture, when you shall have turned your

" felves into Birds, or Beafts of Prey.

" Lastly, if you reveal to any Person " breathing, except to L'EVEILLE, the

" Secret of the Gift I make you, you

" will be deprived of it for ever."

These Conditions did not a Whit terrify our Lovers. They accepted, with a thousand thousand Demonstrations of Acknowledgment, the Gift of transforming themselves, bestowed on them by DIAMANTINA. After which, that kind FAIRY embraced them both, and suddenly disappeared.

them both, and fuddenly disappeared. " How exquifitely happy am I! cried " BIBI. I will never quit you more, my " dear Prince: I am going to turn my-" felf into a Man, follow you every where, " and fight by your Side." " Take great " Care, my dear B 1 B 1, answered the " Prince, how you offer at any fuch Thing: " Our two Lives are but one Life, my " Jewel; let us expose only half. What " Alarms, what racking Anxieties would " you occasion me! Your aiming at my " Prefervation, any fuch Way, would be " the true Means to work my Destruction." He then obliged her to promife him, never to attempt exposing herself in that Manner.

At length (after having however mightily congratulated each other on this happy and invaluable Privilege, with abundance of Discourse on the various Uses they might make of it occasionally) the Time came when they must part. Titi most tenderly embraced his dear Bibi, and went in also to take Leave of the good Folks, lovingly embracing Abor and his Wife, who gave him innumerable Blessings, their Eyes being drowned in Tears; who, when they

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had feen him take Horse, went and shut themselves up with BIBI, to give a free Vent to their Sorrow.

When Prince TITI had taken his Leave of their Majesties, and of Princess BLANCHE-BRUNE (whom he dearly loved, and was by her as dearly beloved) and after having received the Compliments of his young Brother, and of all the Court, he went to join GINGUET's Army. The Generals gave him a Reception no Way fuiting the Son and Heir apparent of their Sovereign, but rather such as they might have given to a Voluntier who came to learn under them the Art of Warfare. Never did the Unworthiness of Courtiers appear more conspicuously, than with Regard to this Prince. They could not help having for him a real Esteem; but, as he was not in any Credit, they contented themselves with esteeming him, but valued him so little, as not to think him worth much of their Notice: Nay, they were of Opinion, that, as he was neither haughty nor unquiet, he possibly had not any very great Share of Bravery:

The Place, which King FORTESERRE held besieged, was so closely pressed, that there was a Necessity of resolving, either to give it up, or to attack the Enemies in their Lines; for FORTESERRE had fortised the Camp which covered the Besiegers.

King

FOR-

King GINGUET iffued Orders, that they should be attacked. This was done, and with Success. The Lines were forced, and FORTESERRE was conftrained to raise the Siege and retire, having loft all his Ammunition and Provisions, with the best Part of his Artillery. But it was univerfally allowed, that this good Success was wholly owing to the Valour and Intrepidity of Prince TITI; he being the first Man who durst venture to leap into the Intrenchments: And when there, he forced those behind it to fall back precipitately on their own Troops, among whom they caused great Confusion. GINGUET's Generals, in the Accounts they fent him of the Action, could not but do the Prince some Part of the Honour due to him: But indeed, how could they possibly have avoided it? This was transacted in the Face of his whole Army, and even at the very Instant, when his Forces were repulfed, with confiderable Loss, from diverse Quarters.

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GINGUET'S victorious Army pursued his flying Enemy: But the intervening Darkness, which had enabled these latter to gain Ground considerably, enabled them withal to possess themselves of so advantageous a Post, that it would not have been prudent to offer at attacking them there; and it was therefore concluded to wait 'till Scarcity of Forage should oblige King

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FORTESERRE to remove. This Prince, who did not mispend a Moment, having got together the scattered Troops, and even considerably augmented his Army with fresh Forces from other Parts, began to think himself in a Condition to take his

Revenge.

Having by some sew Decampments, wherein he seigned a great Willingness to avoid engaging, drawn GINGUET'S Army into a spacious Plain, and believing he should there sind his Advantage, as being superior in Cavalry, he was seen unexpectedly advancing, in good Order, and a resolute Countenance, to offer Battle to those who imagined he shed before them. Tho' this was somewhat of a Surprise to GINGUET'S Forces, it did not however intimidate them; who, encouraged by the preceding Victory, went courageously enough to meet their approaching Enemies.

Both Armies stood confronting each other, when a Cavalier, from the adverse Party, very proudly mounted and accoutered, advanced upon a Half-Gallop, and defied the bravest of Ginguet's Wariors to a single Combat. Several gallant Voluntiers offered themselves: But Prince Titi prevented them. He would himself do this bold Adventurer the Honour of experiencing the Force of his Arm. The two Armies were all Attention. King Forteser research

doubted not in the least of their Champion's Triumph. He was a Warior highly renowned for his Valour, his Strength and his Skill. Nevertheless TITI, warding off his Enemy's furious Stroke, gave him in Return fuch a Back-Stroke, with his keen Sabre, across the Reins, that he fell just

expiring on his Saddle-Bow.

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GINGUET'S Army gave a loud and joyous Shout; and looked on this Prelude as a certain Omen of Victory: But they had yet another: This was, that the Moment Titi advanced towards his Adversary, a large Eagle was feen flying over his Head all along to the very Place of the Combat, remaining there all the While, fluttering about round and round in great Agitation, and at length following him back again to the Army, where the Soldiers shewed it to each other, as it hovered over the Prince's Head, as did that Eagle which was feen fo attending ALEXANDER at the Battle of Arbelles.

However, these Presages did not frighten the Partifans of King FORTESERRE. If the Soldiers of that Party had really been difmayed, they needed only to have looked at the Countenance and Deportment of their Prince, in whom Refolution, Valour, Confidence and Alacrity, all shined in a Manner capable of reanimating the most dispi-

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rited Poltrons.

The two Hosts approached to within Musket-Shot, without firing. King For-TESERRE, then giving Order to charge, attacked in Person, at the Head of a sew Squadrons, and with such impetuous Fury, that he trampled down whomsoever durst intervene to oppose him. All gave Way, and this Battle would have certainly been won by his Center, had the Infantry pursued the Way to Victory with the same Rapidity as it had been opened to them by

the Cavalry.

But Prince TITI, observing that King FORTESERRE had penetrated even to the Body of Reserve, picking up the dispersed Squadrons, had the Courage to place himfelf in the Middle of two Fires, in order to prevent King FORTESERRE's Infantry from advancing to support him. He at first fultained a terrible Firing. His Firmness gave GINGUET'S Generals Opportunity to bring up fome Battalions, and cause their Cavalry to make other Movements, fpite of that of the Enemies, which extended itself in order to flank GINGUET's. Hereupon Titi, at the Head of those Squadrons he had first picked up, and such as joined him afterwards, faced about to go in Quest of King FORTESERRE, who, like a furious Torrent, was rouling impetuously from the Center towards the Right of King GINGUET'S Army. Its Left had already 301 1

already given Way, the Right alone standing firm; and a compleat Victory depended solely on the routing of that Wing.

Titi came up with the King's Squadrons, just when he was at the Point of forcing some Regiments of his Father's Infantry, which opposed his Passage. Both Armies were in great Disorder. Ginguet's was shut up on every Side by Forteserre's:

Without very prodigious Efforts of redoubled Valour, it was humanly impossible.

to prevent its total Defeat.

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" Let us go on, my Friends, cried TITI " to those about him: Let us conquer or "die: Decide the Affair this Moment." With these Words, he fell most furiously on the hindermost of those Squadrons which were following King FORTESERRE, and, after fome Disputes, drove them in upon their Van, wherein went the King himself. This Prince then defifted from his Attempt on those Regiments of Foot, in order to defend himself against the impetuous Vehemency of TITI's Attacks. His Highness, without allowing his Peoples Ardour Leifure to cool, threw himself upon FORTE-SERRE'S Left, where he put into Diforder two of his Squadrons, after killing abundance of them. The King flew thither ; and, after having been in the Midst of two Fires, he found himself obliged to: fustain being flanked by the Enemies In-L 3 fantry ..

fantry. He then wheeled about towards his Right, in order to get Room, and to cause TITI's Cavalry to range along before their Infantry, whereby those Regiments must either become useless, or must make some Movements, whereof he hoped to make his Advantage. Prince TITI perceived his Defign, and prevented it effectually. As he well forefaw, that Victory depended wholly on a fure Blow, he thought of nothing fo much as feeking out the King himself. He had three Horses killed under him, in his different Attempts to penetrate, that he might personally encounter that Prince, who was all the While doing his best to draw off TITI a Distance from his Infantry.

At length, his Highness was got so near to King FORTESERRE, that they knew each other. "Come on, my Friends; cried "TITI to his Followers, the Victory is "our own. Here we have the King." With those Words he slew towards Forteserre, who was also rushing to meet him, which was done between the Squadrons, which had on both Sides advanced, and mingled, these to defend their King, those to affist their Prince, Son of their So-

vereign.

TITI, having killed FORTESERRE'S Horse, together with two Officers, who advanced to rescue that Monarch, who lay un-

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der his flain Steed, inftantly dismounted to difingage him; which done, he made him his Prisoner, faying to him; " I blufh, " Sir, at my Success, and intreat your Ma-" jesty to pardon me the Advantage which " is given me by Fortune." The King, quite in Despair, and big with inward Rage, answered only thus: " Excuse me, Prince, " if in my prefent State of Desperation, I " do not bestow on your Valour the Praises " it deferves, and if I return you not fuit-" able Thanks for the Life you give me by " fparing it. " For, notwithstanding For-TESERRE'S Fury, he had very well observed, that TITI would not fire at him when he fhot his Horfe.

His Highness then courteously conducted the Royal Prisoner into the Center of Ginguet's Infantry, to whose Guard he left him. King Ginguet's Generals then desired Forteserre to order his People to cease fighting; but that Prince resused to comply with their Request: He slattered himself, that they might perhaps obtain the Victory, and set him at Liberty. "My "Missortune, said he to them, is peculiar to my Person, and ought not any Way to obstruct the Glory of my Country: "Let me perish, so she does but triumph."

Mean While Titi with his Cavalry purfued the Enemies flying Squadrons, even till those Fugitives joined a great Body of Forces, amidst which it had been unpardonable Rashness in him to have attempted farther. His Highness then returned, to put himself at the Head of those brave Men who had contributed towards his making fo glorious a Prize, and would have left L'EVEILLE with King FORTESERRE, to attend his Majesty, and take Care that he wanted none of that Respect which was due to his Royal Person: But L'EVEILLE replied frankly; "That, for this Time, he must absolutely " disobey his Highness, even was he to be pu-" nished for it: Since he was determined not " to leave him before the Battle was over." Nor indeed had this generous Youth once quitted him, during the whole Affair; and had actually twice faved his Life, by ward-

ing off Blows made directly at him.

This gallant Prince, observing the Way to be clear, was of Opinion that, to make surer of the Captive King's Person, he ought forthwith to be conducted to the nearest Town. He therefore drew out a Detachment of Cavalry, for his Convoy, having sirst sent to acquaint his Father's Generals. He went himself at the Head of this Detachment, to request Forteserre's Consent to his immediate Removal from the Field of Battle. That Prince was in Despair at this Proposition. He perceived that certain Battalions of his Troops were advancing hastily to attack those whereby he was incompassed:

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But the Requests of his Conqueror were Orders which he must necessarily follow.

By such Movements as were then made, the two Armies were again reduced to their sirst Order. All the Infantry of both Parties reassembled in their respective Centers, which gave a fresh Advantage to that of GINGUET. But FORTESERRE'S Cavalry were somewhat disheartened, and his Generals were for giving them a little Respite to recover their Spirits, in order then to attack their Adversaries with redoubled Fury: But the Deseat of their Infantry allowed them no Opportunity to put in Execution this Design.

The News of King FORTESERRE'S Capture, which was foon spread thro' both Armies, animated the one and discouraged the other; infomuch that there was between them only one Encounter more, which was indeed a fmart one. Prince TITI again highly diflinguished himself by fundry incredible Feats of Prowefs. His Sabre (which, with the innumerable Strokes it had both given and received, was become a perfect Saw) broke short off in the Body of a Colonel, who wanted to dispatch this brave Prince at one Blow with his Half-Pike. His Highness thereupon fnatched up a Halbard, and flew with fuch vigorous Ardour amidst the Enemies, that he at once drove the faid Halbard quite thro' a Captain and a Soldier, who who was close behind him, and over-turned a third with those two Bodies so spitted together. He fell down himself also at the fame Instant; but rose again without Hurt, or even Danger; for the Battalion which he had so broken into, had already full Employment with his Followers, whom his noble Example had invigorated. L'EVEILLE, who fought by his Side, supplied him with another Sabre. The adverse Battalion was foon trampled down, and hacked all in Pie-Prince TITI groaned at fo horrible a Slaughter: But there is a Necessity for Mens defending themselves against those who make War upon them unjustly; and, in Reality, King FORTESERRE had on his Side only a fallacious Appearance of Justice.

Prince Titi's great Ardour having once more hurried him, with only a finall Troop of Voluntiers, into the Thickest of a numerous Band of Enemies, who stood their Ground rather thro' Despair than Courage; and while he was busied in parrying, to the Right and Left, fuch desperate Blows as every one endeavoured to make at him, with the utmost Eagerness, and was chastising the boldest of them, a certain Soldier, fully bent on this brave Prince's Destruction, advanced to a convenient Spot, and was taking his Aim in order to shoot, and would infallibly have dispatched him, if (at the very Instant when he would have fired) the Eagle, which continued continued still hovering over the Prince, had not swooped down swifter than a Flash of Lightning, upon the Fellow, and, with one Stroke of its Talons, put out both that Wretch's Eyes, and tore away more than half his Face. This Stroke was TITI's Preservation, and the Ruin of those his Enemies who had surrounded him. A panic Terror seized them, they threw down their Arms, betook themselves a precipitate Flight, and were all made Prisoners.

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This was the last Action of that terrible Day. The adverse Army thought only of retreating; King GINGUET's Generals thought only of possessing the Field of Battle; and Prince TITI thought only of vifiting every Part of it, to get fuch as were hurt removed to some Place where they might have proper Affiftance: Friends or Enemies, all were alike the Objects of his Care; or to fay better, he was the Friend of all those whom he found to be unfortunate. The Pains he took to fuccour them is beyond all Expression; nor did he return to his Tent till the Night was far advanced. His Cloaths were pierced thro' in a thousand Places, and all flashed to Tatters: But he had himself received only three flight Wounds, whereof the most dangerous was on the Right Shoulder, where, by extreme good Luck, a Ball had only taken off the Skin, whereas had it ftruck struck a little lower, or more on either Side,

it would have proved mortal.

He however spake not a Word of it, that he might not be interrupted too long when in his Tent; he thinking the Time tedious till he might be left alone, to see his dear BIBI. He made no Manner of Doubt but that she was the Eagle, which had been observed slying and hovering over his Head during the whole Engagement, and firmly believed her to be already in his Pavillion, concealed under the Similitude of some other Creature, whose Form she would quit and run to his Arms, in her own proper Shape, the Moment he should be alone.

He was not mistaken. BIBI, the Eagle all Day, that she might not lose Sight of her dear Prince, became a Cricket at Night, to hide herself in his Tent. Perceiving him at length quite alone, she again became BIBI; and, throwing her Arms about his Neck, shed Tears of Joy to see him escaped from the many Dangers he had run thro'. What did she not fay to him, concerning what she had suffered during the whole Action! What Alarms, what Dreads, what Frights, and what violent Agitations! And what did he not also say to her, touching the fingular Pleasure he should take in confecrating to her a Life which she had preferved, by difabling the Fellow who was on the Point of shooting him! BIBI

was transported at TITI's acquired Glory. TITI was inchanted with the Tenderness and Courage of his charming BIBI; deeming it a singular Happiness that he was indebted to her for his Life. They would gladly not have parted, tho' both were in great Want of Repose. But Day-break, which began to appear, caused BIBI to quit the Camp, in the Similitude of a small Lizard, when, re-assuming that of the Eagle, she returned to her Father's House. TITI, after having had his Wounds washed with what was proper, put himself to Bed, where the Satisfaction for having seen his BIBI, together with the preceeding Day's Fatigue, soon threw him into a found Sleep.

After this, BIBI came to see her dear Prince very frequently. To avoid all Risques, she generally came by Night, under the Form of a Bat, or other Night-Bird, 'till near the Camp, which she entered as a Lizard to traverse it with more Safety to the Prince's Tent; and when she saw him without Company, she re-assumed her natural Shape. When she came by Day, she soared out of all Reach in her Eagle's Form, and then lighted on the Prince's Tent like a Gnat, or some other such little Fly.

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GINGUET received the News of his Army's Success, and of King FORTESERRE'S Capture, with all the Joy and Satisfaction any one may imagine. He by this Means

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found himself Master of the Conditions of a Peace. To the Person who brought him Tidings of this Victory, he gave his own Picture, inriched with Grenats, and a Regiment of Dragoons: This Gentleman was the Son of one of his Generals. Her Majesty likewise presented him with hers, adorned with counterfeit Stones of all Sorts and Colours, almost as beautiful as real Jewels. He would have begrudged his Labour and Diligence, had he counted these Presents at their intrinsic Value: But he judged of them quite otherwise; the Pictures of Kings and Queens, given by themselves, being Presents of infinite Value: Then, he had withal a Regiment.

Next Day after the Battle, Prince TITI had a very numerous Court. GINGUET'S Generals repaired thither to load his Highness with as many Praises, as they had shewed him Marks of Indifference on the Day of his first Arrival. They also did him Justice to the King; but the Soldiers did it much better, by the Songs which

they made to his Honour.

Nothing more, worth Notice, passed during the whole Remainder of that Campaign, which lasted near five Months longer; for this Battle was fought on the fourth of June. Yet Prince Titi, notwithstanding this long Time of Inaction, the Ardency of his Love, and his Power of transforming himself, would not quit the Camp, even a single Day,

Day, to make a Visit to his dear BIBI: Nor did he leave the Army 'till such Time

as it was put into Winter Quarters.

He was then received at Court with furprising Demonstrations of Joy. Even their Majesties themselves could not help bestowing Praises on him. He forced them to esteem him; nay, they would likewise have loved him, had they remarked in him the least Propension to Frugality and Oeconomy; fo they miscalled Niggardliness and Avarice. Vices change their Names with those Persons who delight in them. GINGUET and TRIPASSE did not dream, that Avarice would have destroyed the Prince's most conspicuous Virtues, and have sullied all the rest: For Avarice is so mean a Vice, that it renders despicable those who are otherwise endowed with great and noble Qualities. And hence it was, that GINGUET and TRIPASSE, after having loaded Prince TITI with Praises in public, they severely reprimanded him in private, on Account of certain Sums of Money which he borrowed, after the Battle, and distributed among the Prisoners, and such as were wounded indiscriminately, without regarding Party. - In Effect, it had actually been this excellent Prince's chief Care, after the Action, to comfort and supply the Wants of all who needed Affistance; and L'EVEILLE had affured him, that his Father would furnish M 2 what-

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whatever Sums were requifite to repay what

Monies had been taken up by Loan.

Mean While, that Mildness, that Goodnature, that Submission exempt from the least Murmuring, which this Prince had constantly shewed to the Pleasure, nay, to the Injustice of his Parents towards himself, and moreover his Affability and Attention even to the meanest Persons; all these, I say, which at first made him pass only for good humoured, and at length for a Prince not very considerable, were now by the Courtiers set in, a quite different Point of Light. They considered, That a Prince, who joined to the laudable Qualities of a virtuous private Man, all the exalted Qualifications of a Hero, must infallibly prove a very great King, when his Turn came to fway a Scepter. That Valour and Benevolence, founded on Justice, are the Characteristics of perfect Heroism; and that both these Qualities shined very eminently in Prince TITI. His Virtues constrained them to attach themfelves to him, and they rendered him that Homage, which Policy had, hitherto, induced them to pay only to GINGUET. The King and Queen took Notice of it, and more particularly the Prime Minister, who more feared the Prince's Virtues, than he cared for the Inconstancy of Courtiers.

We may very well suppose, that the Poets were not forgetful of their Phabus.

Prince

Prince TITI was half fmothered with Heaps of Odes, Sonnets, Dedications, Royal Songs, Balads, Rondeaux, Virelays, Rondelays, Triolets, Epigrams, and even Acrostics. Of these he received such Inundations, that he was obliged to postpone the Perusal of them 'till Night, when he went to Bed; and his Method in this was very good, for it never failed to procure him a speedy and

found Nap.

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His Highness asked GINGUET Leave tomake a Visit to King FORTESERRE, whom they kept confined in a certain Citadel. It was granted him, and he made Use of it, tho' less frequently than he could have liked; for he found in that Prince so many noble Qualities, that he highly revered him, and was infinitely delighted with his Conversation, which he found replete with valuable Instructions. Nor was FORTESERRE less charmed with TITI. He conceived for him fuch high Esteem, that he determined on giving him his only Daughter, and on engaging the States of his Realm to acknowledge him for his Successor, On the bare Recital made him by TITI of the Adventure of the Diamonds, he believed the whole Affair, without requiring farther Proof; and no longer thought of any Thing but of demanding a Pacification.

Had Tiri been Master, he would undoubtedly have dismissed King FORTESERRE, without without having any other Thought but of deserving his Friendship, and of doing him all possible Honour. But GINGUET was absolutely for exacting from him immediate Reimbursement of the whole War's Expence, together with a most exorbitant Ransom.

Whenever Prince TITI had a few Hours to himself, he slew away to his beloved BIBI: For, to make the best of his Time, he always assumed the Form of a Bird of Prey, tho' he was far from having the Nature of one. He had also the Satisfaction of passing a few Days at that beloved Mansion, without going thither under a borrowed Form; having obtained GINGUET'S Permission to visit the Fort which bore his Name.

It is not possible to describe the Joy of those good People, Abor and his Wise, when they saw their beloved Titi: They revered him as their Sovereign, and they affected him as their Child. Nor is it less impossible to express the Sweetness of that Pleasure which this Prince tasted, in finding himself with his dear Bibi, under the rural Roof of those honest Folks, whom he really loved, as if he had been, both by Birth and Nature, their own Son. He there no longer saw that Insincerity, that Constraint, that childish Vanity, which reign in Courts; those Intrigues, Factions, Hatreds and

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and Animolities about Things, which in Reality are of no more Value than those Gewgaws for which little Children frequently quarrel, and sometimes fall together by the Ears.

BIBI took it one Day into her Head to make Trial of the Prince's Fidelity. After having composed on him a Rondeau, in the Service-Bower, whither she often retired when she had a Mind to meditate, she withdrew, in order to write it out, into TITI's Room, which she always took as her own when he was not at her Father's House. When she had written it out fair, fhe resolved on going to present it him, at Court, under the Form of the prettieft Girl in the World. For this Purpose, she wished to be so: And, to have the Pleasure of seeing how the prettiest Girl in the World looked, she went to her great Looking-Glass; but she found herfelf still the same, and not a Whit altered. Then she made a new Wish, and even faid aloud; O good Lady DIAMANTINA! most illustrious FAIRY! Since you bave deaf-. ed to vouchsafe me the Gift of becoming whatever Creature I will, let me be, I beg you, the prettiest Girl in the World. Fruitless was her Request; for she changed not in any one Point from what she was.

She then was of Opinion, that perhaps the Gift of Transformation did not extend

whether it was so or not, she wished herself the prettiest Hump-backed Girl in the whole Universe; and she instantly sound herself without the least Alteration of Face, but with a great Hump behind, and another before. Hereupon she suspected the Meaning of this to be, that she herself was the prettiest Girl in the World: But there was, she thought, so much Vanity in entertaining such a Notion, that she durst not continue in it a Moment.

As the Colour of Bibi's Hair was brown, her next Wish was, that she might become the most beautiful fair Damsel upon Earth: When immediately her Locks became quite fair, her Brows and Eye-lashes appearing somewhat darker; but otherwise so entirely the same, that any one might readily

know her.

Upon this, she wished herself the second Beauty in the World, and then she beheld in her Countenance such a considerable Alteration, that it sufficed to make her be taken for another Person. She then resolved on going, under this Form, to the Queen's Apartment, there to wait 'till she saw the Prince, and to present him, as he passed, the Verses which she had made upon him. This Design of hers she actually put in Execution. The Verses which she gave him were as follows, viz.

TO PRINCE TITI. RONDEAU.

Who wou'd have thought it, that a Venus Face Shou'd have the Courage and the Arm of Mars?

By Turns the Circle, and the Camp shou'd grace,

Lovely at Court, and dreadful in the Wars?

Who wou'd have thought it?

Toil with Experience build a Warior's Fame;
Whole Years he toils before he gets a Name:
But Titi, from Above, our Guardian sent,
Commences Hero from his first Attempt.

Who wou'd have thought it?

He clove the Chine of a tremendous Fee;

His Steel thousands sent to the Shades below:

And the sierce King, who durst our Realm invade,

Our Prince, with his own Hand, a Pris'ner made.

The Captive su'd for Peace, by Pray'r he sought it;

And now by large Concessions he has bought it.

Who wou'd have thought it?

When TITI received these Verses, he could not but admire the Charms of that Beauty who presented them, tho' considerably inserior to those of his BIBI. He thanked her in the most courteous and obliging Manner imaginable. However, the

Courtiers found her fo charming, that they protested never to have seen any so beautiful. All who had passed by her, came back again to have a full View of her. They made a Ring round her; and the prime Grandees of the Court made Attempts to enter into a Conversation with this unknown Charmer, whose Wit in anfwering them they no less admired than they did her Beauty. They spake of her to TRIPASSE with fuch high Commenda. tions, that her Majeity ordered she should be called in: But, when she had given TITI the Verses, she disappeared, notwithstanding those Crouds by whom she was attended.

A Week after this, she came early one Morning into the Prince's Anti-Chamber, to wait his going out, in order to present him with fome other Verses; as she told a Waiter, who asked, what she wanted. A Valet de Chambre reported this to the Prince, who bid him order the Waiter, that he should give her Admittance to him so soon as any two Persons presented themselves to come in with her. This Order was punctually executed. Two Noblemen, who would needs be at the Prince's Levee, foon arrived. They were extremely furprifed at feeing fo young and fo beautiful a Damfel there all alone, and could not help faying, "That Prince TITI was not over and " above " above gallant, to fuffer such a pretty "Lass to wait in his Anti-Chamber, and " at such a Time in the Morning." They had much rather have stayed there with her, than have gone in to his Highness; but the Order was followed.

TITI received her very politely, took the Verses which she tendered him, read them over in her Prefence, and, after having returned her abundance of Thanks, and intreated her not to expose him any more to the dangerous Pleasure of seeing, himfelf praifed with fuch Excess of Wit and Politeness. "You are too fair, Madam, " continued he, for one to avoid interest-" ing onesfelf in what may regard you. "Give me also Leave to tell you, that " you are too much fo, for you thus to " expose yourself, alone and at your Age, " in a Place fo dangerous as this is. Is " there any Thing, Madam, I can do for " you, to testify my Acknowledgment? To this she answered, "That the Height " of her Ambition extended no farther than " to merit the Honour of his Protection: " That she was ignorant of the Dangers " of the Court; nor had she any Thought " of being Ship-wrecked there: But that,

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" charmed with his Highness's Virtues,
" she only had a Mind to do them Ho-

" mage by the few Verses which she had

" composed." All this she uttered in a fost

fost pretty Tone, and very modest, but which, joined with certain Movements of the Eyes, was not however quite exempt from a little Strain of Coquetry, and a

Defire of pleasing the Prince.

His Highness thereupon (after having learned from his fair Visitant, "That her " usual Abode was with her Father in the " Country, at a small-Place named Service; "that she was her Parents only Child, " and had but a sender Fortune,") ordered L'EVEILLE to be called; and, taking him afide, afked, " If he had not any Money " he could lend him?" Yes, Sir, re-" plied L'EVEILLE; I have a hundred "Ginguets in this Purse; and a Bill to " take up more whenever I have Occasi-" on: Please to take them." TITI took the Purse, intreated the Damsel to accept of it, promised to furnish her with a like Sum yearly; but added, "That she must re-"turn home to her Father's House; and " that, if she married any honest Man, " he should take a singular Pleasure in " contributing towards bettering her For-" tune." He then ordered L'EVEILLE to conduct her to the Place where she lodged.

Making a low Reverence, in order to be going, she was detained a few Moments by certain amorous Jokes passed upon her by those two Noblemen who came in with her, whose Mouths she had set a watering,

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and whom she repartee'd with abundance of Wit and Smartness. On her taking Leave of his Highness, she gave him a Look so very tender, that he could not but take Notice of it. Being got into the Anti-Chamber, the emptied her Purfe of the hundred Golden Ginguets, which she divided between the Waiter and Valet de Chambre by whom the had been introduced. L'EVETELE beheld this with Aftonishment; and, as he made Way before her thro' as Croud of People, who had thronged thither to fee her come out of the Palace, he suddenly loft Sight of her; and all he had to fay of her, when he came back to Tiri, was to acquaint him with the Manner how the had thought proper to dispose of his hundred Ginguets.

This Adventure took up the Court's Attention for several Days. Some admired his Highness's Sagacity; while others were of Opinion, that so much Sagacity very ill suited his Years: For he was otherwise so universally esteemed, that none durst any longer speak of him but with Respect. Terri was himself so amazed at the Procedure of this young Beauty, that he needs would dispatch away a Messenger to Service (which he took to be a Country Village, or small Town) purposely to learn what was become of her: But no such Place as this Service was to be met with in any Map. In vain were all

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all the most diligent Enquiries; no Mortal knew any such Place. The Prince was intreated to shew the Copy of Verses which that mysterious Damsel had presented him: He contented himself with answering, "That "they were the finest of all he had yet received." Being persuaded that he should be teized about them, his Modesty made

him burn the Paper.

However, this Precaution was quite fruitless. Bib', who had foreseen it, drew up a particular Account of the whole Affair, which she sent to the Author of the Mercure-Galant. Therein was amply illustrated the admirable Retention of Prince TITI, who, not to expose the Reputation of that lovely Unknown, would not fuffer her being admitted into his Chamber alone. Encomiums were also given to his Liberality (which particular Article greatly difgusted GINGUET and TRIPASSE) and the aid Author concluded with the Verses, which TITI's Modesty had concealed from the Curiofity of the whole Court. They here follow; viz.

To PRINCE TITI.

Toung PRINCE, who conquer'st KINGS!

Envy, by thy great Deeds, is forc'd to own

Thy first Essay old Heroes has out-done:

Bless'd Peace thy Vist'ry brings.

Go on; the yielding WORLD will happy be, And deem it Triumph to submit to THEE.

TITI, who had not seen BIBI for several Days, and not knowing what might be the Occasion of it, set out for ABOR'S House. BIBI received him with a Sort of Air less gay and contented than usual. She seigned to have heard of the Adventure of his Fair Unknown, and to be jealous of him on that Account. Right Woman-like, she would needs give herself the Pleasure of making him a little uneasy, and oblige him to a thousand Renewals of the tenderest Protestations.

Having thus given him a few Moments Alarm, she led him out into the Service-Bower, tho' the Season and Weather were not over and above proper or inviting; and there, after having made him swear to love her eternally, she wagered with him, That he durst not tell the Fair Unknown, to her Face, that he would never love her. Scarce was the Wager layed, but BIBI, assuming the Fair Unknown's Form, producing L'EVEILLE's Purse, and repeating the Verses he had received from her, took a singular Satisfaction in making the Prince acknowledge he had lost his Wager.

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This Adventure afforded them abundance of Diversion, furnished a thousand Subjects for Disputes, and they found therein a Multiplicity of Cases difficult to be resolved.

Prince TITI, amidft all the Applauses bestowed on him, all the Sweetnesses he tafted in the Conversation of his BIBI, was nevertheless overwhelmed with a torturing Chagrin, which he carefully hid from all Mankind. The Secret of L'EVEILLE'S Father's Purse was to him wholly unknown. He had borrowed of him very large Sums; and, notwithstanding L'EVEILLE (as did also his Father's Letters) affured him, " That "he had not the least Occasion to be un-" eafy on that Score: That they could easi fily lend him far more confiderable Sums; " and that they demanded of him no other Grace than to believe, that it would be to them the greatest Mortification ima-"ginable, if what had been done purely to pleasure his Highness, should become a Cause of his Disquiet." TITI was, nevertheless, heartily vexed at his not having discharged those Debts. He had taken back again eight hundred of those thousand Ginguets which ABOR referved, and had already distributed them among the Widows of Officers, or to Officers themselves, who follicited the Court for Pensions, which they could not obtain. As their Majesties Stinginess was not unknown, all the Recourse Humanity. His Anti-Chamber was conftantly crouded with People imploring his Protection. It fretted his very Soul, that he could not gratify all those Petitioners, and more especially the brave Officers, whose Valour had contributed to the late Victory. He should have been highly pleased, if the King would have vouch-safed him the Enjoyment of those his proper Domains, retained from him by his Majesty; but he seared, that his bare proposing such a Matter, would irritate both

their Majesties.

Pressed, however, by the Necessities of Persons who were let suffer, he went to the Prime Minister, and defired him to prevail with his Majesty to make over to him the Revenues of his Estates. The Minister, proud of this Honour done him by his Highness, and glad of such a fair Occasion of making a Merit of his Service to him, actually persuaded the King and Queen to comply with TITI's Request. It was then granted; but with fo bad a Grace, that the Grant was only on Condition, that they were to give him a Treasurer, who was, from Day to Day, to lay before her Majesty a Memorandum of all his Highness's Expences, even to the minutest Trifles. He withal perceived. . that both GINGUET and TRIPASSE began to treat him with a strange Coldness: And. what

what passed at a Council of War (at which Board Prince Titi had taken his Seat since his Return from the Army) furnished their Majesties with a fresh Pretext to shew

him their Displeasure. They were treating on the Conditions which should be exacted from King For-TESERRE. The Prince, being obliged to fpeak, faid; "That his Sentiment was, that no Condition, but his Friendship on-" ly, ought to be exacted from that Prince; 46 fince no Condition they could extort from him would be fo advantageous as his " Discontent would be prejudicial: That " he was a Monarch full of Virtue and of " Honour; one who would be extremely " fensible of whatever good Treatments he " met with: But that, being of a high " Spirit, he would be equally sensible if he " believed he had Cause to complain of his " Usage." GINGUET expressed such Indignation at what Prince TITI delivered as his Opinion, that only one of the whole Board durst maintain his Highness's Sentiand a Grace, that the John

Titi fell fick; and his Illness at length became dangerous. None durst say openly, that, while the whole Court, the Army to a Man, nay, in short, while the whole Nation were afflicted at it, GINGUET and TRIPASSE seemed indifferent. But the real Matter of Fact is, that the King went not

at all to fee his Highness; and that the Queen never went but once, and then her Visit wanted little of costing him his Life. The Affair was thus

During TITI's whole Indisposition, BIBI quitted him not a Moment. When he was alone, which happened very frequently, because he had fo ordered, fherwas then BIBI, fitting by his Bed-fide: But, on hearing any one approach, she became a Fly, a Mouse, or a Bird, and generally a Canary-bird, because there were two of those Birds which flew tame in his Bed-Chamber, and moreover, because TITI was a dear Lover of that kind of Birds.

TRIPASSE arrived, followed by feveral Ladies, and attended by fome of her Officers. BIBI hereupon turned herself into a Canarybird, and flew about with the two others. The Queen, after having spoken a few Words to his Highness, and almost scolded at him on Account of his being fo ill; when, giving a Look all round the Room, she took it into her Head to fay, " That those " Birds, which were flying about there,

" spoiled the Furniture, and likewise " diffurbed the Prince with their Noise."

TITI affured her, that they did not either. But TRIPASSE affirmed they did both, and would absolutely have them caught and carried away. TITI prayed he might have his Birds left with him: TRIPASSE reiterated

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her absolute Command to have them taken away. The Prince affured her, that they should be put into a Cage: All this fignified nothing; the Queen would have them carried quite away. Accordingly two are caught: The third, which was BIBI, flew round and round the Chamber, pitching now on the Bed's-Tester, then on the Window-Curtains, on the Cornishes, on every Place she could cling to; but light wherefoever she could, fhe was driven thence so suddenly, she began to be quite out of Breath; and not being able to reach the Top of a Cornish, where she thought to have taken Refuge, she fell down on the Floor. There the Queen's Cat, which her Majesty had under her Arm, fprang down to catch her: But, by extraordinary good Luck (it makes one shudder to think on the Danger she was in) BIBI, in falling, had taken Notice of the Cat, which was watching her, and, at the very Instant the Cat was springing upon her, wished herself a great Dog. Who can express how greatly both the Cat and the Queen were surprised! Her Majesty gave a dreadful Shriek; but she gave one much louder on feeing that great Dog feize her Cat by the Reins, and after one Crush to toss the dear Creature expiring at her Majesty's Feet. In vain would have been all Attempts to fave this favourite Cat, or to dispatch that offending Dog: The one had its Bones cracked

cracked to Splinters even before they could think of rescuing it, and the other disappeared before any could get within Reach of it. BIBI had the Presence of Thought to wish herself a Mouse, just as she had done the Cat's Business, and got safe away into a Crevice or Chink in the Wainscot.

One cannot describe the outrageous Transports of Queen TRIPASSE, her Grief, her Outcries, her Fury. One would have imagined that the Royal Family had been exterminated, the Throne over-turned, or the whole Nation utterly destroyed; for to say only, that GINGUET had been defunct, would be saying too little. She was on the Point of revenging the Death of her Cat on the Prince's Life. If she durst not do that, she however disgorged a Volley of Threats, which were speedily put in Execution.

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Foaming with Rage, and drowned with Tears of Despair, she slew away to GINGUET, acquainted him with her whole Adventure, made it clear to him, "That all this could "not possibly have been effected otherwise

"than by Enchantment and the Black-Art:

"That it was a grievous Infult upon Majesty:
"That Tita was affuredly lengaged with

"Necromancers and Magicians: That he had already occasioned a bloody War by

" having enchanted the Diamonds: That, " after what had now happened, he was ca-

" pable of all Things, and they had Rea-

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"for to dread the worst of Mischies: That,
"for her own Part, she would no longer
"continue with him under one Roof; &c.
"&c." In short, she ran on at such a
Rate, and her Invectives and Fears silled
GINGUET'S very Soul with such a Terror, that
his said Majesty determined on proceeding
rigorously against his Son and Heir, Prince
TITI, in case he chanced to recover from
his Indisposition.

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Mean While the vehement Agitations wherewith Titi had been at first seized, on Account of the imminent Danger his dear Bibi was in, and next the Queen's Outcries, together with his Vexation at the unlucky Adventure of the Cat, whose disastrous Death would, he well knew, raise in her Majesty a cruel Resentment; all this, I say, redoubled his Fever to such a Pitch, that it was feared he could not have got over the Night.

He however ordered, that the two Canary-birds should be carried to Princess BLANCHEBRUNE, or rather quite out of the Palace, not to expose that good Princess to any Anger; and this last was a good Thought. The Birds had not been carried far distant, before TRIPASSE sent for them, to sacrifice to the Manes of her Cat. Titisent L'EVEILLE to the Queen, to acquaint her Majesty, how much he was grieved at the Missortune which had happened; and withal to inform his Majesty, that Prince TITI had

had no Manner of Hand in the Affair: But L'EVEILLE met with no other Answers than gross Abuses, with a Volley of Menaces against his Highness, and whereof he himself had a good Share. However he dissembled all this with TITI, as well knowing how profoundly that Prince honoured and revered

his Royal Parents.

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His Highness having also desired, that none might enter his Bed-Chamber except L'EVEILLE, poor BIBI (highly grieved at her too fudden Flight of Passion, with Regard to the Cat) then appeared, her Eyes bathed in Tears, for Fear she had offended TITI was very ready to parthe Prince. don her that Excess, which was so just, and had been so well deserved, both by the Cat, and by TRIPASSE herself. His Joy, at seeing BIBI freed from the Danger she had been in, over-swayed all other Ideas: That was a fovereign Balm which restored TITI's Blood to its wonted Calmness. Perhaps also, the violent Agitation of Spirits, which this fad Adventure had given him, hastened his Cure, by fo extraordinary a Revolution.

From that Day forwards the Prince found himself quit of his Fever: He had only remaining a very great Feebleness, from which he had much Ado to recover. Neither King nor Queen sent any more, to enquire after his Health: They did even forbid his little Brother to go near him. Princess

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BLANCHEBRUNE, going to wait on her Majefty, received Orders, either to keep quite away from thence, or to break off all farther Communication with TITI. The Cares of this Princess for, and her Attachment to his Highness, were displeasing to her Majeftv. As this Attachment, and those Cares of hers, were grounded only on the tenderest Friendship, and on that Justice due to Virtue, her faid Highness had Resolution enough, rather to expose herself to whatever might happen, than to be any Way wanting in what she believed her Duty towards a Prince, upon whom they wanted to revenge the Death of a Cat, and whereof she moreover judged him wholly innocent.

Nevertheless Princes BLANCHEBRUNE would need have some Discourse with his Highness concerning this Prodigy, which might indeed leave some Room for Suspicion. Without mentioning a Word of their Majesties Discontent, she told him; "That there ran certain disadvantageous Rumours touching the Cat's being killed in such a "Manner; wherefore she intreated him to instruct her what Answers she might make

"upon the Occasion."

To this Tiri replied; "That, as to what had happened to the Cat, it was what he had neither defired, nor fore-feen That it sufficed, that the Queen had a Regard to the Creature, for him

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"to be forry for its Disaster, much less for him to have a Thought of contributing to it. That if it lay in his Power to tell her more of the Matter, he would; but that all he had told her was affuredly true, and he could not possibly give her any farther Information."

Her Highness, who had a too good Opinion of Prince TITI, not to build on the Verity of whatever he should aver to her as real Fact, went prefently to GINGUET, whom the informed of the Queen's Injunction to her, and withal would have perfuaded him of TITI's Innocence. But his faid Majefty, having already taken his final Resolutions, refused giving Ear to what BLANCHEBRUNE advanced on the Subject: And, on her faying to him; "That, except his Majesty " should absolutely forbid her to see his " Highness the Prince, she would visit him " as usual;" the King, turning his Back upon her, faid; "She might do just as she " herself pleased." So BLANCHEBRUNE appeared no more in the Queen's Prefence, and continued visiting TITI.

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Mean While, GINGUET and TRIPASSE disposed all their Ministers to come into their Measures. Before Prince TITT was well enough to go abroad, he received a Message, ordering him not to appear before either of their Majesties. They likewise held a Council, and it was there resolved, that his High-

ness should be apprehended, and sent away, under a strong Guard, to be shut up in a cer-

tain Castle encompassed by the Sea.

L'EVEILLE, without acquainting his Master, the Prince, with what was in Agitation
against him, tho' he knew it all persectly
well, was all the While very intent in watching for his Interests. He had been present,
tho invisible, at that Council whereat the
Resolution was taken for the Prince's being
apprehended. He heard read over the Manifesto, which was to be published immediately on TITI's being in Custody, which
was to be next Day, because then the Manifesto would be printed off ready to disperse.

The faithful and vigilant L'EVEILLE likewise knew, that TITI's Gift of transforming himself would not be of any Service to him when under Confinement, and was therefore satisfied, that he ought no longer to conceal from him the dreadful Risque he would run, if he delayed preventing the Effects of those Machinations.

His Highness could scarce give Credit to what L'EVEILLE reported: But he produced a very convincing Proof of his Assertion; viz. the very Minutes of the Council, signed by GINGUET. This Paper L'EVE-ILLE had very cleanly conveyed away; nay, he offered to shew him even the fair Copy, which the Printer had to print from. The Reasons made Use of, and whereon they

they grounded the Necessity of making sure of the Prince's Person, and which they dreffed out with abundance of Art in their Manifesto, were as follows, viz.

" That Prince TITI, under the specious " Appearance of fuch Virtues as were pro-" perest to seduce the People, concealed " Projects and Defigns of a no less Tenden-" cy than the State's utter Subversion. That, " without Respect to his Father and his " Sovereign, he had made him a Present of " enchanted Diamonds, which would not " have ferved to any other End, than to " make his Majesty disrespectfully thought " on, had his Greatness of Soul, and his " prudent Views been less known to his " Subjects. " That these Diamonds had ne-" vertheless served to create a dreadful War. " That TITI was engaged with Enchanters. " and Magicians, whom he kept in Pay, of " whom he had very lately made Use, to infult " his Royal Mother, in a most insufferable " Manner, and at a Time when that great " Queen had the Goodness, in a Visit she " made him, to vouchfafe him diftinguish-" ing Marks of Benevolence. That there " could not be the least Dependence on a " Prince, who was able to do Things which " it is impossible to foresee, and consequent-" ly to prevent. They imputed to him as " Crimes the Visits he had made to King

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"FORTESERRE, the Praises he bestowed:

" on him, the Proposition he had presumed to make concerning him in the Coun-" cil of War, and which, they faid, tended " to no less than to the putting that King " into a Condition to continue the War with greater Force and Animosity than ever, " and to rob the State of those Advantages " which might accrue to it from his Cap-" ture. They taxed him with attempting to " gain the Army's Affection by his Libera-" lity. They accused him of Dissipation, in " the Sums which he had borrowed, and which he would not ever be able to reim-" burfe or discharge. And, finally, the King, se feafoned all his Accufations with the " Grief he conceived at his being forced to " this Procedure. He protested, that his own innate Lenity, and his paternal Ten-" derness suffered excessively. That he had " undergone a long and terrible Conflict " within himfelf, before he could be brought "to use such Extremity towards a Son who " was so dear to him; but he had at length " reflected, that if he was a Father, he was " also a King, and that the Safety and Welfare of his Subjects were yet dearer to him than a Son, who drove him to a " Necessity of preventing such Designs, than which nothing could be more perni-" cious." The Prince had now but one Method to take for his Security; and that was to haften

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out of the Way. He was indeed once tempted to go and throw himself at the Feet of both their Majesties; and would certainly have done fo, had not L'EVEILLE made him fenfible, that it would only be haftening his Ruin, " And, what does your Highness " imagine, added he, must become of your " BIBI, when you are in a Prison, where " fhe cannot come at the Sight of you, and " whence, to all Appearance, you must never "hope to be released, for the very Reason " because you was imprisoned unjustly: " Can your Highness be ignorant, that the " Injured are never forgiven, especially if "they be Persons of a superior Merit?" TITI then called for Pen, Ink and Paper; and wrote to King GINGUET the following Letter:

SIR,

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A S I bave been made acquainted with certain Particulars resolved on in your Majesty's Council, I find myself obliged to retire from Court, in order to avoid the Effects of such Resolutions. I do it not to withdraw from the Obedience which I owe your Majesty, but purely to preserve you from new Regrets. Had I been criminal, I should not have had any other Thought but that of imploring the Clemency of my Royal Father; I should not have stolen away from the Justice of my Sovereign.

vereign. But fince, SIR, evil Counsels have prevailed over your Majesty's Goodness, I have more than sufficient Cause to fear, that my Innocence will never be suffered to be made manifest. The Conduct which I propose to my self shall be my Justification. I hope that your Majesty's Justice and Candour will then att in Favour of a Son no less respectful, than he is submissive, obedient and loyal.

He wrote to the Queen another Letter,

wherein he returned proper Answers to the fubtil Infinuations which had been used, in the Manifesto, in order to make him seem guilty. " He craved Pardon for the Difster which had befallen her Majesty's Cat, in his Bed-Chamber; expressing a " real Regreat for the Death of that poor " Creature; making it very evidently ap-" pear that he had not the least Hand in it; " appealing to her Majesty's Conscience as to his Innocence; supplicated her to refore him to the Honour and Happiness " of her good Graces, to procure him also those of his Majesty, and not to destroy a Son, who wished for nothing more ar-" dently, than to persevere, during his " whole Life, in giving their Majesties " Proofs of his Respect, his Submission, and " his filial Affection."

These Letters he delivered himself to one of the King's Officers, whom he fent for

by

by a Valet de Chambre, not to expose his faithful L'EVEILLE to any Hazard. He then flew out at a Window of his Apartment, in the Form of a Gnat, and prefently after took that of an Eagle, to transport himself to his dear BIBI. He got thither as the Day closed in. The Surprise and Joy of the little Family were excessive. ABOR and his Wife could not refrain from tenderly embracing their beloved Prince, and repeating to him the Uneafiness they had suffered on Account of his Indisposition. They were greatly aftonished to hear of the King's extreme Rigour, and to what Extremities Matters were defigned to be carried on against him.

What comforted BIBI under this Alarm, was the Hope of never again being separated from her beloved Prince. And what most disturbed TITI in the whole Affair was, his Father's not having proceeded therein as became a mighty King; and because he apprehended it might occasion some Troubles in the Kingdom. He hoped that L'EVEILLE would repair to him on the Morrow, and bring him News, as he had promised: But L'EVEILLE chose rather to leave his Highness in Suspense and Uneasiness, than to neglect informing himself of Ginguer's

ultimate Resolutions.

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BOOK III.

Containing the Life and Actions of Prince TITI, after his Retirement from Court, 'till his Accession to the Crown.



I S Highness's Flight occasioned strange Rumours in the Palace. People were at first ignorant of the Cause of his withdrawing. Ginguet and

Tripasse, after having communicated to each other those Letters which they had received from the Prince, deliberated between their two selves on the best Method to be taken. They next sent for their Prime Minister, and afterwards for all the Members of their Council. The Minister was of Opinion, That the Manisesto should be suppressed, and not a Syllable mentioned either of Titi's Letters, or of the Scheme which had been formed; because then, the Prince's Flight would be imputed only to his Caprice, or to some sinister Design of his.

his. The wifest, and most clear-sighted, laughed in their Sleeves at a Piece of Advice, which could not but produce very bad Effects, fince it was utterly imposible, that a Matter known to fo many, should remain a Secret, and that the Court's Misteriousness would not be interpreted in Favour of the Prime Minister. However they fent to fetch away from the Printer's their Manisesto, whereof the whole Impres-

fion was already worked off.

L'Eveille, who was invisibly present at all these Deliberations, had the Address to purloin more than two hundred Copies of this Manifesto, to make Use of them in proper Time and Place; and he had moreover referved as well the Minutes, as Copies of his Highness's Letters. After having, next Day, feen and heard her Majesty, in the Midst of her Circle, expatiate most pathetically on the excessive Tenderness she always had for Prince Titi, and on the insupportable Torment and Affliction it gave her to fee him follow evil Counfels, at a Time when the King was designing to have given him the general Command of all his Forces; and having moreover heard his Majesty express himself almost to the same Effect: After this, I say, L'Eveille posted away to Abor's House, to inform his Highness of what passed; and withal to give him Notice, "That the " Oueen

"Queen was piously disposed to take Ad"vantage of his Flight, to procure his
being declared incapable of inheriting the
"Crown, and cause his young Brother,
"Prince Triptillon, to be nominated for
"King Ginguet's Successor." This was, in
Reality, what Tripasse had already infinuated to his Majesty, in a private Conference
between themselves only; they little dream-

ing of L'Eveille, who was all the While

close by them attentively listening to their whole Discourse.

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It was late at Night before L'Eveille could reach Abor's House; and he would needs be gone again prefently, that he might not lose a Tittle of what was transacting at Court. As he was preparing for his Return, a Knocking at the Door, and Barking of the Dogs were heard. Abor would himself go and open. Bibi was seized with Fear, and turned herfelf into a Bat; as did likewise the Prince, that they might not be discovered. They really had Cause to be apprehensive, had they known all; for Ginguet, who affected to have Prince Titi fought for every where, had actually dispatched away a Party to look for him in Fort-Titi, with Orders also not to neglect visiting the little House. However, they who were coming on that Errand, were still at a good Distance. Abor.

Abor, followed by his Man, and L'Eveille, who had rendered himself invisible, went and asked, "Who knocked?" A Voice of a toothless old Woman replied; "Open "the Door; make Haste: It is a good "Woman, and a very good Friend of "yours." Abor opened, and wondered to see before him, leaning on a Staff, a little old Woman, all over draggled and bespattered, as if she had come a long Way thro' a very miry Road.

At Sight of her, L'Eveille again becoming visible, threw himself at the Old Woman's Feet, and embracing her Knees, hindered her from stirring any farther. Abor thereupon, in a still much greater Astonishment than before, asked him, "Who this "Woman was?" "You will see pre-"fently who she is," answered he; and rose up to conduct the good Woman in-

to the House.

No sooner had he led her in, but in a Transport of Joy he ran bauling up and down every where in Search of his Highness and Bibi. They both came running, and cast their Arms about the Old Woman's Neck. Abor and his Wife could not imagine what to think of all this. Then she made them all sit down round the Table, and made a Sign that the Man and Maid Servants should be sent away, they continuing in the Room staring in no less

less Amaze than their Master and Mistress. She next took off her Hat, throwing it up towards the Ceiling of the Room, where it stayed, and turned into a Crown of Roses, and herself then appeared beautiful as Aurora, dreffed like a Queen, and in a Manner covered over with Diamonds.

" My Children, faid she, addressing her-" felf to Abor and his Wife, I am Dia-

" mantina, the Fairy, who take a fingu-

" lar Pleasure in protecting good People,

" and in confounding the Devices of fuch " as are wicked: I would gladly exempt

" those from every Calamity of this Life;

" but that is quite impossible: All have

" their particular Inconveniencies; and Vir-" tue consists in avoiding the greater by

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" leffer ones, or in alleviating fuch as are

" not to be avoided, by Hope and Con-

" stancy. You will have the Satisfaction,

" faid she, speaking to the Prince, of ex-

" alting your Bibi to the Throne; and, if

" you continue virtuous, both of you will

" be even happier than the innocent Shep-

" herds. L'Eveille will have his Share

" of your Glory and your good-Fortune;

" that shall be in Compensation of his Fi-

" delity. He shall wed a great Princess,

" and his Children shall be Sovereign Po-

" tentates. Both Titi and Bibi must be

" very careful that neither of them be

" taken: Thereon depends the Felicity of

both. They must roam about the World, wandering and unknown; must shun the " Snares both of Rational and Irrational " Creatures: And this they are to do 'till " the Time arrives. And you, added she, " fpeaking to Bibi's Father and Mother, " must 'till then be deprived of the Plea-" fure of feeing them: This is hard; but 44 you must necessarily submit to what Fate has decreed. That Crown of Roses, " which you fee affixed to your Ceiling, is there for two Ends: One, to keep e you in Mind, that you are not to "drop a Syllable of all this Affair; ano-"ther, to give Notice, when each of these "Roses is become a Diamond, that then " the Moment of your Felicity approaches. " Nevertheless, as it is absolutely requi-" fite, that Titi should be informed of the "Transactions at Court, L'Eveille shall " bring hither every first Day of the Moon a " Letter, which must be laid upon a Table " under this Crown, at the Hour of Noon, and after that Abor and his Wife are to " walk a whole Hour in their Court-yard. " This House will presently be invested " by Ginguet's People, who have his Or-" ders to fearch it for the Prince; for " which Reason he must quit it imme-" diately on my Departure."

"As to the rest, Abor, I will present, both to you and to your Wife a Gift:

" Speak

"Speak therefore, what it is you defire."
"I? great Fairy, faid he: I defire of you

" no other Boon, but to fee each Night,

" in my Dreams, what every Day hap" pens to the Prince and my Daughter."

" And I, said the good Woman, his Wife,

" desire nothing of you, but that I may fee, in my nightly Dreams, whatever be-

" fals them by Night." " Be it fo, re-

" plied Diamantina."

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Hereupon she-rose up and embraced them all, and made them mutually embrace each other; and this lasted more than Half an Hour. Then the Fairy, calling L'Eveille to her, ordered him to set his Foot upon one of hers, and lay one of his Arms round her Neck; which done, they both instantly disappeared, none present knowing what Way they took.

Titi and Bibi again embraced the good Man and his Wife; and, utterly unable to render themselves intelligible but by Showers of Tears, such were their Emotions, they, in the Form of Bats, departed up the Chimney, at the Top whereof they turned themselves into Owls, and away they slew to a distant ruinated Tower, there to wait Day-light, and deliberate how they should proceed. Thus the Detachment, which came soon after to search for the Prince, sought him in vain.

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Excessive

Excessive was the Grief of our two faithful Lovers, and inexpressible their Embarass, not knowing on what to resolve. "What can we do, faid they, to preferve " ourselves from the Wiles and Snares of " Creatures Rational and Irrational? If we " continue Owls, we shall be deprived of " the Light of the Sun and Day; more "than half Nature will be dead to us! " Besides, shall we be any way the safer " in our fo doing? Some mischievous Fow-" ler may fend us our Death. We run " the like Hazard if we become Eagles; "we may be furprifed unawares when " within Reach: And if we transform " ourselves into any other Birds, we shall " be doubly exposed; Men will destroy " us, or we shall be catched by the Birds " of Prey. Shall we become Infects? We " shall then be a Prey for Thousands of " little Birds." " Let us be Lions, faid Titi, and feek

" our Retreat in the African Defarts: "There, far from Men, and superior to " other Animals, we shall have nothing to " fear." " Africa! replied Bibi; that is " very remote indeed: Besides, we must " not live by Prey. And what will be " our Condition in those frightful Defarts, " where we shall not meet with either " Grass, Herbs, Roots or Grains? And withal, what Region is there on Earth, whither " whither Man's Cruelty does not extend." Our best Method will be to change oc-

" casionally; sometimes into Eagles, other

"times Gnats; now Lions, then Hares,

" according to our Necessities; Lizzards, " Moles, even Earth-Worms, if there be

" Occasion for it." "Never Earth-Worms;

" if you please, cried Titi; I shall not

" then fee you, my dear Bibi; and un-

" der what Form foever you be, I will

" not on any Terms lose Sight of you."

When Morning began to appear, they departed from the old Tower in Form of Eagles; but, before that Day closed, they changed their Forms three or four Times: For, to avoid feeding on any living Creature, they first became Hares, that their proper Nutriment might be Herbs; next Bees, to suck the Flowers: Then again, one of them retained the first Form, while the other assumed one quite different, one being on the Watch, while the other took its Repast at Leisure: However, all this was intermingled with strange Disquiets.

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The first Morning of the succeeding New Moon, being both fast asleep in the hollow Trunk of a very old Elm-Tree, where they had passed the Night transformed into Porcupines, they were awakened by several soft Strokes with a Stick against the said Tree, and at the same Time they heard a Voice calling them by their Names. Titi

P 3

there-

thereupon thrust out his Snout, and beheld Diamantina, who brought him a Letter from L'Eveille. Our Lovers instantly sprang forth from the Tree, and, reassuming their natural Shapes, ran to embrace the Fairy.

By this Letter Titi understood, "That the Intentions and Dissimulation of Gin-

" guet and Tripasse having been made

"known, by such Copies of the Manifesto as his Highness's Friends had taken

"Care to disperse, as well as Copies of those two Letters which he had written

" to their Majesties, all People in general

were fo highly scandalized at the base

"Intrigues of the Court, that they had Reason to fear a terrible Revolution,

" in case the King did not recall Titi

" very speedily."

His Highness was deeply concerned at the Calamities to which his misguided Parents exposed themselves. He would fain have persuaded Diamantina to take them under her Protection, and to pacify. Matters: But he was presently cut short, and silenced by that Fairy, who withal told him, "It was to be wished, that all unjust "People might fall into the Pits which they dug for others."

Diamantina, at this Time, contented herfelf with granting them one Favour, whereof they were extremely fensible: This was, "That, on the first Day of every New

" Moon,

" Moon, one of them might repair to

" Abor's House, to fetch thence L'Eveille's Letter, which was to be on a Table

" under the Crown of Roses, and thereby

" have the Satisfaction of feeing the good

" old Folks; but on Condition, not to

" ftay there more than Half an Hour, and

" not ever to appear before them in their

" own proper Likeness."

Abor, who was apprifed of all this in a Dream, failed not being, with his Wife, at the Time very attentive in looking upwards over the House Top, if they could not fee the Approach of any extraordinary Bird, coming to fetch away the Letter; and they had the Pleasure of seeing sometimes Bibi under the Form of a White Eagle, and at other Times Titi, under that of a Brown one; they having agreed to go alternately on that Errand: And, in their Progress thro' the Air, their Custom was, as Eagles to foar high, 'till they came almost over the House, and then to swoop downwards 'till pretty near the Earth, when they turned themselves into Wrens, or some such very fmall Birds.

Under their Aquiline Form they traversed many Regions. In one of their Progrefses, their Course, or rather Flight, having brought them over a vast Forest, which covered all the Surface of a very great and elevated Mountain, they descended there,

and

and found the Place fo delightful, that they determined therein to take up their Abode. It was by Nature planted with Trees of prodigious Size and Height. Two Sources, clearer than the finest Rock-Crystal, formed as many Silver Rivulets, which streamed along, among those stately Trees, in Meanders which hinder their Currents from precipitating. These Streams unite just where they had furrounded a beautiful Thicket, or Copfe, fo extremely close, and tufted, that no Birds, fo big as Jays, or Mag-pies, could any where penetrate into it, The lofty Trees wherewith it was environed on all Sides, ferved for a Retreat to many Thousands of Kites, who thereon made their Nests; and it might in a Manner be faid, that those Creatures had affembled there, purposely to guard and protect this charming Grove, against all Attacks of other carnivorous Birds. No Footsteps of Men had either tarnished the natural Verdure of the Grass, nor trampled down the interspersed Flowers wherewith this lovely crystaline Stream was agreeably bordered. Our faithful Lovers therefore concluded to take up their Residence in this enchanting Solitude, and therein to assume the diverse Forms of those many different Species of little Birds, whereof it was already the happy and delightful Retreat.

It was then just the Begining of the Spring; and Titi and Bibi, together with the Likeness of Birds, had likewise their Proprieties and Necessities. They indeed perfectly well retained their Rationality; but they had nevertheless a Sensibility of those Impressions which the Return of that invigorating Season made on their exiguous Machines, wherein the new Warmth of Blood excited a new Ardor and Vivacity. Nature inspired them with pressing Desires to communicate that Life which they had received from her. They had around them, for their only Objects. Multitudes of little Birds, busily employed in making them-felves Nests. Some were twisting and interweaving flexible Blades of dry Grass, most artificially twining them about, and within the Branches, which became a folid Foundation and Support to those ingenious little Fabrics. Some again brought long Hairs, fome Moss, others Feathers: Some returned with Cotton, which they had been afar off to feek; others with Flocks of Wool, which they picked off the Shrubs and Bushes. Those pretty Songsters, the Nightingals, came nimbly back with dry Leaves, which they folded, and wove together with fuch curious Art, that, without the Affistance of any other Materials, they therewith fashioned out Nests as neat, and withal as firm, as if those Leaves had been glewed together

ther by some Human Artist. Some were lightly skipping, from Bough to Bough, after their Mates, shewing a thousand Signs and Tokens of their mutual Joy and Tenderness of Affection towards each other. Their agreeable Warblings all Day long proclaimed their Love, and celebrated their Nuptials; and even by Night, the Nightingals therewith made the Woods to echo and refound. Those innocent pretty Birdswere not ashamed of answering Nature's Intention, nor of publishing the Pleasure and Delight it gave them: That is their Acknowledgment, a Tribute of Love, which they gratefully repay to the bounteous Dame. Far are they from accusing Her who gave them their Being, of inducing them, by a Crime, to render themselves happy, in giving Life to Creatures which may be also happy.

Titi's Mind was full of these Restections. He was violently stimulated to follow the Examples of other Birds. He looked on his Mate Bibi with languishing Eyes, wherein she might discover the ardent Desire wherewith he was pressed. Even she herself did feel a strong and powerful Propensity to correspond with that Desire: But, on recollecting the wholesome Counsels of her virtuous Parents, the kind Fairy's Injunctions, and the Resolutions taken both

by Titi and herself, she failed not reminding him of his Promises.

"I too dearly love you, my dearest "Prince, said she, to refuse you any Thing:

"You are the Disposer of my Life; it is

" my only Happiness to please you. But

"do not, I intreat you, render yourself and me miserable, by imitating those

"Birds you fee before you. Remember,

"that we are not, like they, irrational Animals; that it is only for a short Space of

"Time that we borrow the Forms of these

"Creatures; that we shall not be happy

" on that glorious Throne whereto you

" are disposed to exalt me, but on Condition we persevere in being virtuous.

"Call to Mind, my beloved Titi, what

"Affurances you have given to my Pa-

"rents, to the Fairy, to me, and undoubtedly to your own felf. Let us not

" make a Nest, my lovely Prince; let us

" lay no Eggs, no Eggs, my Dearest."

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oth by These Arguments brought Titi to his Reason: He repressed his Desires, and comforted himself with Hope. However they must both have inevitably yielded, had they not, to frustrate those violent Essects which the Spring operates upon the seathered Kind, at those pressing Moments always reassumed their natural Forms. In that State, they became more reasonable than Birds; tho Multitudes among the Human

Human Species are abundantly less so than

they, in these Respects.

Many of these Attacks had they to sustain, during their two Years Exile; but they always triumphed over them all in the same Manner. Mean While they, alternately, went to setch L'Eveille's Letters from Abor's House.

For the first few Months, all they learned thereby, was only the Difficulty their Majefties and the Ministry underwent to calm Peoples Minds, incenfed on Account of their having driven Prince Titi to a Necessity of absconding. The whole Realm called aloud for his Restoration. The Subjects demanded, that Ginguet should publish a Declaration, wherein he should clear his Highness from those Accusations contained in the Manifesto. Ginguet fancied it would be a Derogation to his Royal Grandure, to eat his Words, or contradict himself. Finally, Matters rose to such a Height, that the Army mutinied, marched to the Castle wherein King Forteserre was detained Prisoner, set him at Liberty, and intreated him to put himself at their Head, in order to restore to them their Prince Titi.

When Titi had received this Intelligence, he determined on writing to King Forteserre: But he had neither Pens, Ink, nor Paper; and knew not by what Means to procure any. At length, after having a long while studied about

about it, he and Bibi went and gathered a good Heap of Flowers, whereof they made Nosegays, which Titi, disguised like a Peafant, carried to sell at the nearest Town. With what Money his Nosegays produced, he bought all proper Writing - Materials, and therewith returned to Bibi in the Grove, where he wrote as follows, viz.

To KING FORTESERRE.

SIR,

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TOUR Majesty's Virtues have forced me I to a Resolution of bonouring you during my whole Life, and to be as respectfully as inviolably devoted to your Service. If these Sentiments of mine merit any Grace at your Majesty's Royal Hands, I intreat you will not oblige me to quit them, on Account of your taking. Advantage of the Revolt of my Royal Father's Troops, to attempt any Thing to his Detriment. For my own Part, SIR, tho' I cannot believe myself capable of alling any Way contrary to his Interest, yet be has been pleased to believe so; and that is sufficient: If I am innocent, bis Majesty will do me Justice. You are too great a Prince, SIR, too generous, ever to support such as rebel against their Sovereign; too prudent, ever to think of espousing the Cause. of a Son against his Parent. I dare flatter myself,

myself, that your Majesty would not constrain me to renounce those Sentiments of real Respect, wherewith I always wish to be,

SIR,

Your Majesty's

Most humble and

Most obedient Servant,

TITI.

This Letter he himself carried, under his Aquiline Form, 'till he came near King Forteserre's Encampment; when, assuming the Likeness of a Messenger, he went and delivered it. His Majesty interrogated him, as he would have done any common Courier, in order to be informed where Prince Titi was; but without learning any farther than, " That his Highness was fometimes in one Part of the Country, and fometimes in another; and that his " Majesty's Answer was to be left in a certain Place, from whence the Prince would fend to fetch it." King Forteferre then wrote, and delivered him the following Answer.

TO PRINCE TITI.

SI.R,

I Might, if I would, make myself Master of your Father's Dominions, and even of his Person likewise, except he knew so well how to conceal himself as you do. Should I effect it, SIR, it would be to no other Intent, than to preserve for you a Realm which rightfully appertains to your Highness, and whereof you are the more worthy, as you are the only Person who does not charge King Ginguet with Injustice. I too much admire your Virtue, SIR, not to give you, in complying with what you request, a Token of my Desire to preserve the Sentiments you are pleased to entertain concerning me, as also a Proof of the inviolable Affection of,

FORTESERRE.

King Forteserre was no worse than his Word. He caused Ginguet's mutinous Troops to return to their Duty; exacted from that Prince only a general and absolute Amnesty for all his Officers and Soldiers, of whatsoever Rank or Denomination; released such of his own People as were Prisoners, and returned to his Dominions, without farther Thoughts of continuing the War.

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However, King Ginguet, being thus happily freed from the dangerous Situation he had been in, did not think this Deliverance a sufficient Recompence for his missing the great Ranfom which he had promifed himfelf from King Forteserre: Nevertheless, he durst not mention profecuting or renewing the War, nor chastifing any one of the Revolters; but he hated all the World, and still augmented more and more his Indignation against Prince Titi. Queen Tripasse heartily concurred with him in these Sentiments, and was quite at her Wits End, at finding that the durft not venture to have it openly declared, that Titi had forfeited all his Right or Claim to the Crown, in order to make the Succession pass to his younger Brother; notwithstanding the Deed or Instrument had been privately drawn up, and was ready for Publication.

One Day, as Titi returned, flying aloft in his Eagle's Form, from fetching L'Eveille's Letter, he espied, coming out of the Wood, near which was his Abode, a Man and a young Lad, with a good Number of dead Birds tied on a Staff, besides a large Cage full of live ones. Among those in the Cage, he fancied he saw his dear Bibi; whereupon swooping rapidly down upon the Fellow who carried it, he with one Pounce strongly griped his Arm, while with the other he seized the Cage, and violently

violently tore it away. In Effect, he found therein his Bibi, together with many other little Birds, which had been taken with Bird-lime. He instantly got into the Grove, where, going to the Stream's-Side, and reaffuming his natural Form, he took out of the Cage his beloved panting Bibi, who, on finding herself free, did the like. When they had most lovingly embraced, transported with Joy for this happy Deliverance from fo dreadful a Peril, and uttered on the Occasion a thousand Tendernesses; they busied themselves in taking from their Prison all the captived Birds, one by one: They gently washed their Wings and Feathers with that crystaline Water, and rubbed them with fine Sand, to fetch off the Bird-lime, which done, they let them fly.

This Adventure gave poor *Titi* the utmost Uneasiness; infomuch that he scarce ever after durst venture to absent himself from his beloved *Bibi*. "What must we become!

" cried he; into what Species are we to turn ourselves, to be in Sasety? Men, Beasts,

" Birds, Fishes, all Creatures, destroy, or prey upon each other! But, most un-

" doubtedly, of all other Animals, Man is

"the cruelest and most perfidious; nevertheless he it is who is most in Security,

" and even would be effectually so, was he "wise enough to make proper Use of his

"Rationality. Why does he himself in-

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vent Arts to work his own Destruction?

" He is incessantly labouring towards his

own Wretchedness!

" Shall we then take a human Form?

" faid Bibi?" " But what then is to be-

come of us, poor and unknown as we are?

replied Titi. We shall figh out our Days

in Mifery, and perish with Hunger. In

this respect the irrational Creatures are

"juster and more prudent than our Species:

"They are content with what is just neces-

" fary, and appropriate not to themselves

so a vain Superfluity, which to the others is

" a Necessary. And what are we to do?

" How shall we live? We know no Trade;

we have no Leisure to instruct ourselves

" in one; and even if we could learn one,

" we should not, perhaps, meet with any

" to imploy us; or, in case we should light

" on any fuch, they would, very possibly,

be unreasonable Men, who would allow

" us for our Share only the Toil, and keep

to themselves the Profit. I know only

" one Method, added Titi, and that is, to

" fearch out fome defart Island, and therein

" to take up our Abode. There, retired

" from all Mankind, we shall have nothing

" to fear. " " Let us haften thither, an-

" fwered Bibi; let us be gone. " "We

" must first go feek it out, and examine

the Place, returned Titi: Let us make a

" good Choice, before we talk of fettling."

They

They then, under the Form of Eagles of the largest Size, took a lofty Flight, croffing Seas and Lands, alighting in human Forms on feveral uninhabited Islands, having first narrowly furveyed them flying at a certain convenient Distance from the Surface. length, they pitched on one, very small, but inexpressibly delightful. The high craggy Rocks wherewith it was invironed, effectually screened it from the Winds and Waves, and, what is still better, from the Approach of Men. The Soil was fat and exuberant, watered here and there with purling Streams and Rills, adorned in many Places with Knots of shady tufted Trees, and even with two confiderable Woods, one towards the Western Side, the other on the Southermost. A fpacious Meadow, which took up the whole Center of this delightfome little Island, made Parade, amidst its Verdure, of thoufands of different Sorts of beautiful Flowers, infomuch that the Air was perfumed with their odoriferous Fragancy: And notwithstanding the Place was utterly destitute of Human Inhabitants, yet did it appear most lively and pleasant from the many and various Kinds of Fowls and Birds, wherewith it was abundantly stocked. Titi there particularly admired a Sort of Canary-Birds with White and Flame-coloured Plumes; the White and Rose-coloured Doves with Black Rings round their Necks; Swans of a Blueish

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a Blueish Colour, with Necks and Tails gilded like the Tail-Feathers of a Peacock. They found there a small Kind of Sheep, whose Wool was whiter and finer than the finest Cotton; as also pretty little Flying-Squirrels, whiter than Snow, with the Tips of their Noses and both their Ears blacker than Jet. In a Word, there were of most Sorts of Creatures, those of the carniverous Kinds excepted. Nor were the Fruits there in less Abundance: The Trees were loaded with them, and such as had none, were at least full of Blossoms.

Coasting along by the Rocks, in the Inside of the Island, they found some which seemed purposely formed to invite one to ascend to their Summits, from whence was discovered a vast and boundless Ocean; others offered in their Bosoms cool Grottos, so very regular and perfect, that one would have thought them cut out of the Stone with much Art and Labour. Most admirable Chrystalizations ferved diverse of them as Roofs or Cielings, of which some might have been taken for fine Lusters hung up under the arched Domes. In almost all these Caverns, or Grottoes, were to be feen a prodigious Number of Holes, wherein Multitudes of various Sorts of Sea-Fowls layed their Eggs: Of these there was fuch Abundance, that the Eggs, with different Fruits of Trees, deliciously furnished our Lovers with their necessary Repasts.

This Discovery made, and a Resolution taken by this faithful Pair to make it the Place of their future Residence, on the first Day of the next new Moon, Titi, it being then his Turn, fet out on his Flight for Abor's House, to fetch L'Eveille's Letter. On his Arrival, he was strangely surprised at not feeing that good Man and his Wife walking, as usual, in their Court-Yard, and was in great Pain, left fome Misfortune had happened. In a perfect Agony, he flew into the Chamber, in the Similitude of a Swallow, as he frequently had done before, and there, to his agreeable Amazement, found Diamantina, Bibi, Blanchebrune, L'Eveille, Abor and the good Woman his Wife, all fitting under the Crown of Roses, above half of which were become Diamonds.

Immediately reassuming his natural Shape and Form, and almost overcome with Excess of Joy, he was most lovingly embraced by them all, equally joyous at their happy meeting all together. A few Moments before Titi's Arrival, the Fairy had been to bring away Bibi, and after that to fetch Blanchebrune and L'Eveille. As for Princess Blanchebrune, she was so amazed at finding herself suddenly in a Place where she had never been before, nor knew how she got thither, that she at first took it all for a Dream: She was however soon convinced of its Reality, and her Joy was inexpressi-

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ble. She could not but applaud Titi for the Excellency of his Choice, and bestowed a thousand Marks of Acknowledgment on the generous Fairy, for granting her kind Protection to those happy Lovers. L'Eveille appeared so over-joyed, and played such mad Pranks in his Joy, that one would still have taken him for a Page. The Fairy gave them all a most noble and grand Entertainment on the Spot, tho' without using any other Formality, or being at any farther Trouble about the whole Matter, than taking from a little Box a fingle Grain of Wheat, which she put in the Middle of the Table, laying a Grain of Millet on one Side of it, and a Grain of Rice on the other. These, together with four other little Seeds, viz. one of Turnip, one of Lettice, one of Sellery, and one of Spinage, which she ranged in order along by the others, composed the first Service. She then provided a fecond Service, or Courfe, by taking from the Box other different Grains and Seeds, which she ranged upon the Table as before. In like Manner she also produced a very fine Deffert. And what is not a Whit less furprifing than all this, is, that the Fairy having called only for a Jug full of Spring-Water, the faid Water, when poured into a Glass, became directly such Wine, or other Liquor, as the Party who was to drink wanted or defired it should be; and moreover, that

that the Jug, like the Fountain itself, how much soever was poured from it, became not at all the emptier. This wonderful Repast induced L'Eveille to compose and sing the following Stanza: Viz.

Divinest FAIRY! thus you treat
Your Guests with most delicious Meat;
And, from your inexhausted Bowl,
A precious Nectar chears the Soul.
BIBI her charming Self may 'spy
In Miniature, in ev'ry Eye.

They continued at Table till the Approach of Evening: And then Diamantina faid to them; " Come Children, you must now " feparate; and are not to think of meeting " together again, till all the Roses on this "Garland, or Crown, are become Dia-" monds." They then all lifted up their Eyes, and beheld that scarce half of them were fo transformed, which afflicted them extremely. "Mean While, continued the "Fairy, fince Princess Blanchebrune has " merited this Initiation into our Misteries, " I will bestow on her a Gift. What " would you have, Child? Speak, make " your Choice." " Just what you please, " answered Blanchebrune: You better know " than I do, Illustrious Fairy, what may

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" be convenient for me." " No, returned Diamantina, you your felf must chuse; it cannot be done otherwise." " Well " then, fince you please to have it so, re-" plied the Princess, grant me the Power " of becoming just of the Age I wish to be, " whenfoever I think fit." " It shall be " fo, faid Diamantina: Come embrace all " of you, and let us part." They all did fo, and with excessive Regret at this Separation. Diamantina took hold of Princess Blanchebrune with one Hand, and L'Eveille with the other, and with them instantly disappeared. Titi and Bibi, under the Forms of Eagles, flew back to their Island. Abor and his Wife comforted themselves with the Hopes of those Felicities which were to come in Time, and with the Thoughts of what they should learn in their Dreams.

Mean While, Princess Blanchebrune being missed at Court, much Search had been made after her. The Queen, who hated her ever since she prefered Titis Friendship to her Favour, accused her of continuing to hold a private Correspondence with his Highness, and procured a Warrant to be issued for her being taken into Custody: Insomuch that her Highness was, that very Evening, seized in her own Apartment, carried afar off to a Castle, and there shut up in a Tower; in which rigorous Confinement she suffered greatly, they even letting her want common Necessaries.

Thus did Tripasse triumph in abusing her Power. She was for extending it to all those whom she believed particularly attached to the Prince; and, among others, forgot not L'Eveille, whom she always hated. But L'Eveille, more attentive than ever in diving into the Designs and Intrigues of their Majesties, and their Ministers, found Means to lay Hand on the Order which Ginguet had signed for apprehending him; and thereupon was more on his Guard, tho' he little feared being taken, except he should be surprised sleeping.

For some Time, he took Pleasure in appearing sometimes in one Place, and sometimes in another, thereby to keep in continual Motion those to whom a fresh Warrant for taking him had been given. He even shewed himself in the Palace one Moment, and vanished the next, making it his Diversion to bassle those who fancied they had him sure in their Clutches. Nevertheless, he repaired invisibly to their Majesties Apartment, every Night after their Ministers were gone away, because he knew those to be the Times when they took their secret Resolutions.

He once observed as their Majesties were alone together, that Ginguet was very busy in drawing out a List of the Names of such Persons as he designed to seize, one after another, under several Pretexts, which this

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Prince there specified, opposite to each Name, in the Margin. Just as the King and Queen went to Bed, L'Eveille moved off with this Black Lift, which he afterwards took Care to fhew to every one of those whose Names were inferted. We may readily imagine what Effect this produced. Those proscribed Persons judged, that the only Course they had to take, was to retire forthwith into King Fonteserre's Dominions, and to complain to his faid Majesty of this List, as of a notorious Infraction of the general Amnefty, fo folemnly fworn to. Tho' Ginguet and Tripasse were at a great Loss to comprehend how this Affair came to be blown, they were nevertheless mightily well fatisfied with its Confequences; fince they failed not confiscating, to their own Use, all the Estates and Effects of those who were gone out of the Realm.

L'Eveille then took a Resolution of releasing Princess Blanchebrune, and of conducting her to the Court of King Forteserre. He went to visit his Father, to whom he communicated this Design, and who surnished him with a very large Quantity of Golden Ginguets to facilitate the Enterprise: And that this Princess, if she got out of Prison, might quit the Kingdom in a Manner somewhat suiting her Rank and her Years, L'Eveille took with him his two eldest Sisters, and the Gentleman to whom one of them had been

been newly married; and thus, as Travellers, they went to visit the Governor of that Castle wherein her Highness was detained Prifoner.

It was well known, that this Governor was highly in Ginguet's Favour. Therefrom L'Eveille concluded, that he must necessarily be either covetous, or perfectly generous and difinterested: For we naturally love those who either have Inclinations conformable to ours, or who have others which are favourable to them; the one feems to authorife us, the other turns to our Benefit and Advantage.

Of these, our Governor happened to be of the first Class; viz. covetous; whereby the Enterprise became more easy to be effected. In short, after all requisite Precautions and Conclusions, the Governor agreed,

" That they should pay him down, in ready " Specie, the Sum of ten thousand Golden

"Ginguets, on which Confideration he would

" fuffer the Princess to make her Escape,

" and that he would foon after fend out " People, on every Side, to fearch for her:

" And that, in case she was retaken, she

" should again be shut up, without their

" expecting him to re-deliver her to them,

" or that he should return them any Part of

" their Money."

In Effect, this avaricious Traytor had fo well taken his Measures, and stationed on all

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the Roads (by some one of which the Princess must unavoidably pass, which Way soever she went) that he doubted not in the least of her being retaken, and brought back to her Prison. Nor was he at all deceived, for that would, inevitably, have been the Consequence, had she not, the Moment she got without the Castle-Gate (being then at Liberty to make Use of Diamantina's Gift, tho' not till then) wished herself a Girl of four Years old. Then, feeming only to be a mere Child, and a hired Coach, with very able Horses, being ready at Hand, she fat therein on one of the young Gentlewomen's Knees, while L'Eveille and his Brother in Law followed on Horse-back Thus, getting off without being known by those whom the Governor had posted on the Road in order to feize her, she fafely reached the Territory of King Forteserre, and in a short Time arrived at his Capital.

That Prince received her with great Joy and Magnificence. He instantly conducted her to Princess Gracilia, his Daughter, whom he enjoined to procure her all possible Entertainment and Diversion. He soon got ready for her a very noble Apartment, contiguous to that of the Princess, his Daughter, nominating diverse Ladies, Gentlewomen and proper Officers to serve and attend her. There, exclusive of those belonging to King Forteserre's Court, Princess Blanchebrune, had a particular

particular Set of Courtiers of her own, composed of all such Persons, of different Ranks and Conditions, as had been proscribed by

Ginguet.

Princess Gracilia, King Forteserre's only Daughter, was no more than three Years younger than Princess Blanchebrune, who was herself but nineteen. She could not be termed a finished Beauty; but her Eyes full of Sprightliness and Vivacity, attended by all the Graces, rendered her extremely amiable; and besides, she was of so sweet a Temper, and had such exquisite Wit, and so much Politeness, that she might even have been ugly, with Impunity. These two lovely Princesses contracted between them a very

strict Friendship.

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Mean While Forteserre dispatched away extraordinary Ambassadors to Ginguet, with Complaints of his having violated and infringed their late Treaty, with Respect to the Amnesty. Ginguet and his Ministers amused them with plausible Answers, tho fuch as were really false, as to the Facts which they alleged. Certain it is, that King Forteserre, had it not been for his Regard to and Confideration for Prince Titi, would have recommenced a War with King Ginguet; and also that the Success of such a War was not at all doubtful. The excessive Avarice of this latter had rendered him so contemptible, and his Injustice so odious, that the whole

whole Nation would have declared against him, and have sided with King Forteserre; nor could King Ginguet have procured any Army to obstruct his Progress: Nevertheless, the confiscated Estates of those whom he had proscribed, afforded him such insinite Pleasures, that he could not prevail on himself even to think of making Restitution: No, he would sooner hazard all than refund. This is the Property of Avarice; to save a

little, much is loft, very frequently.

During all these Agitations, whereof Prince Titi was as yet wholly ignorant, he enjoyed, in his Island, a most charming Tranquillity. Always equally loving, and beloved by his dear Bibi, all their Moments were distinguished by new Pleasures, or at least by Pleasures which they had the Art so well to vary, that to them they seemed ever new. Sometimes they rambled on the Summits of those elevated Rocks, wherewith their Island was surrounded, and regaled their Eyes with a Prospect of that immense Ocean which encompassed them on every Side. "Behold, cried Titi, this calm Sea; it is

the Image of my Soul, while I taste the Sweets of being with you, my Dear.

"When you see it ruffled and agitated, it truely represents the Trouble and Agita-

"tion my Mind is in when I am at a

"Loss to know how you are, and what

" becomes of you."

Sometimes

Sometimes confidering, by the Side of their Fountain, how finely the Skies were represented in those crystaline Waters; "It is thus, would Bibi say, or still more persectly, that a Soul is penetrated with the Love of what it affects and admires." And when they reslected on the Source whose Current formed that fine Rivulet; "Thus it is, would they both cry, thus do we love incessantly, and thus our Love shall never exhaust."

At other Times they would a long While admire that beautiful Scene, which Phabus gives us upon a clear ferene Sky, at those Junctures when he renders the Evening's Twilight more gaudy and delightful even than the Aurora; or elfe would fit gazing at the aftonishing Appearance which that glorious Planet makes when, in descending, he is screened by a Heap of black Clouds, which Object at first Sight has in it somewhat which is really frightful. From amidst that difmal Obscurity one beholds Beams of Light iffuing forth, and more or less illuminating the Extremities of those Clouds as they meet with more or less Density, and extending over a good Part of the Horizon: Of these luminous Rays, some are seen darting upwards, as we may fay, like Sheaves of Light, while others, expanding, appear as a steady Flame, whose lucid Radiancy

ancy is enlivened by the adjacent Dreariness; and others again in gilded Columns, precipitate themselves into the Sea, which feems to join with the Firmament. " How magnificently glorious are these Objects! cried Titi: How delightful it is to contemplate and admire them quiet and undifturbed in the Company of a

" Person one loves! "

They at other Times amused themselves with pruning Trees, cultivating Gardens, or feeding and careffing various Kinds of little Animals, wherewith this Island abounded; and which were become so tame and familiar, that the very Birds would follow Titi and Bibi in their Walks, and pitch on their Hands to play with them. Besides all this, and planting Herbs and Flowers, collecting up Seeds, and the like, one of their Amusements was to observe and consider the wonderful Structures of Infects. This alone might have found them agreeable Employment enough, without mentioning Stones, Shells, Crystalizations, &c. for they examined every Thing.

Behold this Butterfly, faid Titi: How " admirable it is by the Beauty of all these

"Colours which adorn it! This Infect is " the Symbol of Inconstancy! How much

" ought such Lovers as resemble it, to be

despised? You, my dear Bibi, will pre-

" vent my ever being like this Creature:

" But without you, I should have been

" also a Butterfly." " Do you not see

" that Turtle-Dove? replied Bibi, It is

" the Symbol of Fidelity. They fay, that

" fhe pines away and dies, having loft

" her Mate. I am a Turtle, my dear "Titi; I will be your Turtle when you

" are become a Butterfly."

On the other Hand, Abor and his Wife, regularly informed, by their faithful Dreams, of whatever occurred to Titi and Bibi, had no farther Care than to go feveral Times every Day to observe what Changes had happened to the Crown of Roses. Finally, at the End of fixteen Months, they found there was no more than a fingle Rofe-Bud, which was not become a Diamond; which Sight filled their Hearts with inexpressible Joy: And, in Effect, they next Day understood, that Ginguet was dead, going off in a Fit of the Apoplexy.

The very Thought of giving away any Thing, had always been so terrible to this Prince, that he died without having made a Will. Tripasse was more surprised than afflicted: She comforted herfelf with Hopes of enjoying the Regency. She would needs have her younger Son proclaimed King; and he actually was proclaimed, under the Name and Stile of King Triptallon the

First :

First: But only herself, with a few meanspirited worthless Courtiers, durst acknowledge him. King Forteserre's Ambassadors made a Protest in Favour of Titi; and his Example was followed by all such of the Great Ones, as had not the base Policy to retire into the Country, to excuse themselves from siding with either Party.

As for L'Eveille, no fooner had he learned these Tidings, but he went boldly to Court, to take Care of his Master's Interests; but he was ever very alert upon his Guard, that he might not be laid Hands on un-

awares.

What passed at Court, during the Space of a Month, which Diamantina suffered to elapse without giving Titi Notice that the Throne waited for him, evidently shews, that State-Politics are conducted on no other Principles but fuch as are very unfure, and always vexatious. At length, on the first Day of the succeeding New Moon, as Titi and Bibi were walking in a Garden of their own planting, they perceived advancing towards them, from the farther End of their Alley, a large-fized Woman, whom they however presently knew to be Diamantina. On her Head she brought three Crowns; one of Cypress, one of Mirtle, and a third of Laurel. Coming up to them, he took that of Cypress, broke it in two, and then threw it on the Ground. This, faid the, acquaints you, that

"Ginguet is no more. This, continued she,

" placing that of Laurel on Titi's Head,

"declares, that you are going to be a potent Monarch: And this Mirtle Crown,

" added she, affures you, that the God of

" Love is on the Point of heaping on you

" all his Favours. Live, reign, and tri-

" umph over all your Enemies: But al-

" ways remember, that Virtue alone is to

" crown all your future Glory, and all

" your Felicity."

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With these last Words, she took each of them by the Hand, without allowing Titi Time to answer her, only by a Sigh; and then she transported both him and Bibi to Abor's House with such surprising Velocity, that they knew not how, or after what Manner, they got thither. Titi received from Abor and his Wife the first Homages, as Sovereign. He could not receive them from Persons more dear to him. L'Eveille, to whom the Fairy had given Notice, arrived foon after, and informed Titi of whatever had been transacted at Court. He let him know all those who were most devoted to his Service; and, having received the necessary Orders and Instructions, he posted back with News of Titi's Return to those four Noblemen, ofw 14. - 14 read, Als and the Simpands, Sec.

204 The HISTORY of, &c.

who he was fure were fincerely at his Devotion. Those Grandees hasted away, at the Head of a gallant Band of Nobility and Gentry, followed by a prodigious Croud of the Populace, to meet and welcome their new King, whom they pompously conducted to his Capital, where he was received with joyous Acclamations by all his Subjects.

F I N I S.

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Pag. 10. line 4. Dele was.

— 11.—13. for Invention, read Conception.

— 68.—14. for fillup read fillip.

— 84.—14. for them read then.

141. — 14. read, His Steel fent Thousands, &c.



AN

ESSAY upon Allegoric: Or, CHARACTERISTIC Writing.



H E best Account of these Kinds of Writing I have ever met with, is in Dr. Gally's Critical Essay, presixed to his

Translation of the Characters of THEO-

PHRASTUS, * viz.

As for Characteristic-writing, if we confider it in its sirst Principles, it is a difficult Matter to assign the exact Period of Time when it was first invented. Homer is, by Isaac Casaubon, assigned as the Fountain from whence this Species of Writing is deduced. For Proof of this, those Verses of the Iliad are alledged, which contain the Characters of a Coward, and of a Man of Courage. Issall give them in Mr. Pope's excellent Version, viz.

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No

* Dedicated to Lord Carteret. Printed in Octavo,

No Force, no Firmness the pale Coward shows;
He shifts his Place; his Colour comes and goes;
A dropping Sweat creeps cold on ev'ry Part;
Against his Bosom beats his quiv'ring Heart;
Terror and Death in his wild Eye-Balls stare;
With chatt'ring Teeth he stands, and stiff'ning Hair,
And looks a bloodless Image of Despair.

Not so the Brave — still dauntless, still the same,
Unchang'd his Colour, and unmov'd his Frame;
Compos'd his Thought, determin'd is his Eye,
And six'd his Soul to conquer or to die:
If aught disturb the Tenour of his Breast,
"Tis but the Wish to strike before the rest.

This is admirable Description! But this I will be bold to say, that it manifestly appears from the very Nature of Characteristic-writings, that they must be of a later Invention than Poetry: For they are as it were Mediums between Moral Philosophy and Poetry. So that as Poetry borrowed from Moral Philosophy, in like manner Characteristic - writing must have borrowed from both.

It is certain however that the Rudiments of Characteristic-writings are of very ancient Date, but yet of no very honourable Extraction. The old Comedy among the Greeks, is noted for the Liberty which it took

Or, CHARACTERISTIC Writing.

took of Characterifing particular Persons; and this Liberty degenerated into fo great a Licentiousness, that the Grecian Magistrates thought fit to censure and restrain it, as HORACE informs us, B. I. Sat. IV. thus rendered by Mr. Creech.

Cratin and Eupolis who lash'd the Age, Those old Comedian-Furies of the Stage, If they were to describe a vile, unjust, And cheating Knave, or scourge a lawless Luft, Or other Crimes; regardless of his Fame. They show'd the Man, and boldly told his Name.

In his Art of Poetry he farther informs us, as Lord Roscomon elegantly sings.

Next Comedy appear'd with great Applause, 'Till her licentious and abufive Tongue Weaken'd the Magistrate's coercive Power, And forc'd it to suppress her Insolence.

The Stage spared neither good nor bad; therefore faid Tully, it is the Office of the Cenfor, rather than of the Poet, to take Notice even of bad Men in so public a Manner.

The Grecian Tragedy was prior in Time even to the old Comedy. The Interval therefore between the Invention of Tragedy and Comedy was fixty four Years. And both these Species of Poetry contained the Characters of Men and Manners. Tragedy in

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its Infant - State, had a great Mixture of Comic Wit and Humour; tho' as we know but little concerning the Primitive-State of these Things, I shall not enter into any farther Discussion of them.

But there was another Kind of Poetry, which was more ancient then either Tragedy or Comedy, and which really gave Rife to both of them: I mean the Satyric Poetry of the Greeks. This confifted of Dithyrambs and Phallics; the former of which, as Aristotle in his Poetics declares, gave Occasion to the Invention of Tragedy,

and the latter to that of Comedy.

Having traced the Grecian Stage, we are next to observe that the Roman Satire arose from much the fame Rusticity and Scandal. These were called Fescennine Verses; the Petulancy of which grew to fuch a Height, that it crept into private Families for Matter of Scandal, infomuch, that the Reputation of honest Men could not be fcreened against their Defamation. The Suppression of these Disorders then became an Act of common Justice, which the Roman Magistrate owes both to the Public and to himself. And accordingly this was done confonant to HORACE, B. II. Epist. i. v. 145, &c. in Mr. Creech's Verfion, viz.

Or, CHARACTERISTICK Writing.

Hence grew the License of the looser Muse,
Hence they grew scurrilous and would abuse;
Hence those loose Dialogues at Marriage Feasts,
Yet still they were but Mirth, and Country Jests.
At last they shew'd their Teeth, and sharply bit,
And Raillery usurp'd the Place of Wit.
Good Persons are abus'd, and suffer'd Wrong,
They loudly talk'd, no Law to curb their Tongue:
The wounded griev'd, the Smart provok'd their Hate,
And all untouch'd bewail'd the common Fate.
'Till Laws commanded to regard Men's Fame
Severely lash the Vice, but spare the Name.

The Romans, for almost four hundred Years after the building of Rome, made not any public Diversions relating to Wit and Humour, excepting these Fescennine or Saturnian Verses. There was a long Succesfion of Characteristic-Wit and Humour, from HOMER down to THEOPHRASTUS, in the Epic, Satyric, Tragic, and Comic, but chiefly in the Comic. There had been a gradual Progression, from the several Characters of one Sort of Men, to the particular Characters of private Persons. it is evidently Matter of Fact, that fuch Kind of Characters as THEOPHRASTUS wrote, do not owe their Origin to the Invention of HOMER. Let the Character of a Coward, which is the very Instance produced, [a3]

duced, be compared with the fame Character given us by THEOPHRASTUS, and there will not be found any Agreement or Similitude. HOMER'S Description of the Coward, is grave and folemn, and agreeable in every Respect to the Dignity of an Epic Poem: But the Character THEOPHRASTUS has drawn, is full of Comic Wit and Humour: It is a pointed merry Satire, wholly defigned to make one laugh. And as this manifest Difference makes me reject the Hypothesis of the ancient Critics and Votataries to HOMER; fo, on the other Hand, when I observe that the Spirit of Ridicule, which is feen in THEOPHRASTUS'S Character, is the fame which exerted itself in the Comic Writers of the ancient Stage, under proper Modifications, I am intirely convinced, that the Origin which I have affigned to Characteristic Writings, must be the True One."

Thus far I have transcribed from, and wholly concur with the Sentiments herein laid down by Dr. Gally. And shall now observe that the most considerable Writers, of our own Country, in the Characteristic Manner, are Spenser, Sir Philip Sidney, the Earl of Shafisbury, and Mr. Pope, the last of whom has been, and will continue to be, as his Merits demonstrates, most de-

fervedly admired.

Or, CHARACTERISTICK Writing. vii

In a Letter to Mr. Gay, of Dec. 16, 1731. this Gentleman thus expresses himself at the Mif-constructions that had been made upon an Essay of his, in the Characteristicway, viz.

" I am aftonished at the Complaint oc-

" casioned by a late Epistle to the Earl of

" Burlington; * and I should be afflicted

" were there the least Ground for them. -

" They fay the Satire is Personal. I thought

" it could not be fo, because all its Re-

"flexions are on Things. —— Some fancy, that to fay a Thing is Personal, is the

" fame as to fay it is Injust, not confi-

" dering, that nothing can be Just that is

" not Personal. I am afraid that all such

" Writings and Discourses as touch no Man,

" will mend no Man. The Good Natured,

" indeed, are apt to be alarmed at any

"Thing like Satire; and the Guilty rea-

" dily concur with the Weak for a plain

" Reason, because the Vicious look upon

" Folly as their Frontier."

O

- Jam proximus ardet Ucalegon -

No wonder those who know Ridicule belongs to them, find an inward Confolation in removing it from themselves as far as

^{*} Of TASTE. Printed 1731, Folio.

they can; and it is never fo far, as when they can get it fixed on the best Characters. No wonder those who are Food for Satirists should rail at them as Creatures of Prey; every Beaft born for our Use would be ready to call a Man fo. I know no Remedy, unless People in our Age would as little frequent the Theatres as they begin to do the Churches; unless Comedy were forfaken, Satire filent, and every Man left to do what feems good in his own Eyes, as if there were no King, no Prieft, no Poet in Ifrael. Why, in God's Name, must a Portrait apparently collected from twenty Men (or Women) be applied to One only? Has it His, (or Her) Eye. No, it is very unlike. Has it His (or Her) Nose or Mouth? No, they are totally differing. What then, I befeech you? Why it has the Mole on their Chin. Very well; but must the Picture therefore be Theirs, and have no other Persons that Blemish! Could these be a more Melancholly Instance how much the Taste of the Publick is vitiated, and turns the most Salutary and feafonable Physick into Poison, than if amidst the Blaze of a Thousand bright Qualities in a Great Man (or Woman) they should only remark there is a Shadow about them, as what Eminence is without? I know no Man who would be more concerned, than this Writer, if he gave the least Pain or Offence to any innocent Person; and none who

Or, CHARACTERISTIC Writing. ix

who would be less concerned, if the Satire were challenged by any one at whom he

would really aim it."

These Observations of Mr. Pope, in my Opinion, every honest, and impartial, Reader must allow to be Fust. For, says he (upon the same Occasion, in a Letter to the Earl of Burlington, March 7, 1731) " I had no " great Cause to wonder, that a Character " belonging to Twenty should be applied to " One; Since, by that Means, Nineteen " must escape the Ridicule. And well does he Conclude upon this Topic ---- "Satire " is dangerous as long as Slander raifed by " Fools of the lowest Rank, can find any " Countenance from those of a Higher. There are some who would rather be Wicked than Ridiculous; and therefore " it may be fafer to attack Vices than Fol-" lies. I will therefore leave my Betters in " the quiet Possession of their Idols, their " Groves and their High Places; and change "my Subject from their Pride to their " Meanness, from their Vanities to their " Miseries: And as the only certain way to " avoid Misconstructions, to lessen Offence,

" and not to multiply ill-natured Applica-" tions, I will make use of Real Names " and not of Fictitious ones." This Method Mr. Pope has, generally,

fince purfued, and what has been the Confequence? Why, truly, the Guilty will rail, and the Innocent remain Silent.

Little, I think, could any one have imagined that this Fairy-Tale, of Prince TITI, should have any Existence but in Fairy-Land. It is my confirmed Opinion that the Author, whom I am credibly informed, is Monsieur Saint J*****, meant no other than a Moral Amusement, tho' his Characters are Allegorized, nominally, from the Crown to the Cottage. And if Hypochondriacs are to turn Judges, it is a most undoubted Truth that the blackest Conspiracies which were ever formed, against all the Kings and Princes on the Terrestrial Globe, may be plainly discovered in Esop's Fables, and Reynard the Fox.

Let us now inquire into the Signification of the Names made Use of in this History, viz.

L'Enfant Titi; is, the Pretty Infant.

L'Eveille; is, a Person, Lively and Watchful.

Bibi; in Arabic, fignifies, my Love, or,

my Dear.

Forteserre; is one, who will gripe, or bold bis Own.

Abor; Father of Bibi, maintains the Character of a faithful and affectionate Parent.

Triptillon; Brother of Titi, shews his Dexterity in being too sharp for his Play-Fellows.

Or, CHARACTERISTIC Writing. xi

Ginguet; bears the Interpretation of Weak, or Spiritless Wine; which cannot intoxicate any Hero.

Tripasse; is a Good-Housewise, or Compleat Œconomist in all Family-Affairs.

Blanchebrune; is, White and Brown, or, Princess Brunetta.

The Old-Lady; it appears, is a professed Sorceres.

Prince Titi's History is thus explain'd,
In which no Kingdom, Town, or City's nam'd;
War is declar'd and Battles lost and won,
Between the rising and the setting Sun,
Diamonds in Filberts, Medlars, Eggs, abound,
And ev'ry Scene displays Inchantments round;
Exil'd from Court, the Prince Superiour shone,
And happily, at length, Ascends the Throne.
If, to these Fairy-Figments, Claimants rise,
Welcome the Owners are to share the Prize.

Whitehall, Feb. ELIZA STANLEY. 20, 1736.



3

HEEREEDER

CHARACTERISTIC MARKET

s : 4 eas are in adaptated on of West;

Directions for placing the Cuts.

I. The SATE '3 Cirnival, with this Motto. Nil Admirari, before Book I.

II. TRIPTILLON Tipling, Solus, with this Motto, Vivenus dum Bibemus, before Book II.

III. Prince TITI's Conversation in the

& OC 58

